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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVII NO. 111 — BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MAY 11, 1949 — Price: 2 ANNAS

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LONDON PACT ENHANCES OUR HONOUR

GOPAL KHAITAN ACQUITTED

No Conspiracy To Cheat Government

CALCUTTA, May 10. (A.P.I.): The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Mitter of Calcutta High Court have set aside the conviction and sentence of one year's rigorous imprisonment and a total fine of Rs. 75,000 passed on Mr. Gopal Khaitan, Managing Director of Steel Products Ltd., by the Additional Sessions Judge at Alipore on charges of breach of trust, and directed his acquittal.

The prosecution alleged that the appellant, along with two others, entered into a criminal conspiracy to commit breach of trust with regard to several tons of hardware materials entrusted by the Government to the Steel Products Limited for the manufacture of certain articles. There was also a charge under the Defence of India rules on the allegation that they had obtained a large quantity of materials from the Government for the execution of a contract and in executing that used, to a large extent, inferior materials and disposed of the Government materials in the black market at inflated prices.

The defence denied the charges.

5 'Reds' Arrested In City

SEARCH FOR ALLEGED MISCHIEF MAKERS

BOMBAY, Tuesday:

Following the trouble at De Lisle Road on Sunday last, the Bombay Police are vigorously searching for the alleged mischief makers in the city and during the last 24 hours they have arrested five persons, believed to be Communist leaders, including Mr. B. S. Ghadi and Mr. Jagtap. Mr. Jagtap, it is reported addressed the meeting at Lal Baug Maidan from there the procession which clashed with the police at De Lisle Road, was taken out.

The police also arrested Mr. V. K. Natu, Post Master at the Santa Cruz Post Office for his reported connection with Communist activities.

All the arrests were made under the Bombay Public Security Measures Act.

'Reds' Kill 3 Constables And Village Officer

KHAMMAMET CLASH

MADRAS, May 10 (UPA): Three policemen and a village official reportedly were killed by Communists in a clash near the village of Khammamet in Hyderabad State.

The clash reportedly occurred when revenue officials with a police escort arrived at the village for the purpose of collecting taxes. Khammamet is about 30 miles from Vijayavada and 60 miles from Hyderabad City.

NEHRU ANSWERS CRITICS

No Commitments That Limit Sovereignty

CALL FOR FULL FAITH IN INDIA'S FUTURE

NEW DELHI, May 10 (A.P.I.)

BROADCASTING to the nation in a country-wide hook-up of all the 17 stations of the All India Radio, Pandit Jawaharlal declared tonight, "I am convinced that far from injuring the honour or interest of India, the action I took in London has kept that honour bright and shining and enchanced her position in the world."

The Prime Minister, who was reporting to his people on the "fateful and historic decision" reached at the London Conference of Commonwealth Prime Ministers, stated that though his critics were few, he would rather address himself to them than to the much larger number of people, who had expressed their approval.

Pandit Nehru emphasised that no commitments of any kind "limiting our sovereignty or our internal or external policy" had been made in any field.

Declaring that India's foreign policy was aimed at peace and friendship with all, the Prime Minister added: "I am convinced that the sovereign Indian Republic, freely associating herself with the other countries of the Commonwealth, will be completely free to follow this policy, perhaps in an even greater measure and with greater influence than before".

NO SUPER STATE

The Prime Minister also said:—

The Commonwealth is not a super State;

The King has no function attached to his status as the symbolic head of the Commonwealth and so far as the constitution of India is concerned, the King has no place and we shall owe no allegiance to him.

Asking his listeners to view the London decision 'in a manner worthy of the stature and culture of India", Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru (who spoke both in English and Hindustani) said, "I know that much is being done in parts of the Commonwealth which is exceedingly distasteful to us. That is a matter to be dealt with by us as a sovereign nation. Let us not mix up things which should be kept separate".

The Prime Minister said the London decision would be placed before the Constituent Assembly, as well as the All-India Congress Committee.

FATEFUL DECISION

The following is the full text of Pandit Nehru's broadcast:

"Three days ago I returned to Delhi after attending the meeting of the Commonwealth Ministers in London. It is right that I should report to you about this meeting which resulted in a fateful and historic decision.

"That decision will have to be placed before the Constituent Assembly for their approval. It will also be considered by the All-India Congress Committee, which has been the torch-bearer of India's freedom these many years. It is for these great and representative organisations to give the final verdict of what was done by me and others in London last month.

MAJORITY WELCOME

"You have already read the declaration embodying the conclusions reached by the London meeting. The impression that I have gathered since my return is that the vast majority of our people have welcomed this decision, though there are some who have criticised in strong language what I did and have even called it 'a great blunder,' and 'an outrage on the national sentiments of the Indian people.'

"During a fairly long career in India's service, I have often been accused of errors and mistakes, but I have never yet been charged with doing anything which was against the honour and self-respect of India or her people."

"It is a serious matter, therefore, if even a few persons, whose opinion I value, should consider that I have committed an outrage.

"I want to tell you that I have not

(Continued on Page 7)

C.P. DETENUS END FAST

NAGPUR, May 10 (UPI): The hungerstrike resorted to by the Communist prisoners lodged in the Nagpur Central Jail since April 8 has been called off from today.

It may be recalled that some Communist prisoners had been on hungerstrike since April 8 as a protest against the alleged denial of some jail facilities, interviews, parcels, family allowances, etc. A deputation of women waited on the Government in this connection and after considering their demands the Government have passed orders which seem to have satisfied the hungerstrikers.

DR. BEEL RESIGNS

INDONESIANS JUBILANT

BATAVIA, May 10 (UPA): Authoritative sources said today that Dr. Louis Beel resigned as Dutch High Commissioner because of the cease-fire agreement between the Dutch and Republican representatives under United Nations mediation.

REPUBLICANS JUBILANT

United Nations sources would not comment on Beel's reported resignation further than saying that "its a Dutch internal affair". But Republican sources were jubilant.

THE LONDON PACT FOR CONSTITUENT BODY

Nehru To Seek Approval

NEW DELHI, May 10 (API): The Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, will seek the Constituent Assembly's approval of the London Agreement on the Commonwealth issue when the Assembly meets on May 16. The debate is likely to last two days.

The resolution to be moved by Pandit Nehru reads:

"Resolved that this Assembly do hereby ratify the declaration, agreed to by the Prime Minister of India, on the continued membership of India in the Commonwealth of Nations, as set out in the official statement issued at the conclusion of the conference of the Dominion Prime Ministers in London on April 27, 1949."

The Steering Committee of the Constituent Assembly, which draws up the day to day agenda, met today and is understood to have decided that clauses pertaining to elections should be taken up after the resolution on the Commonwealth is adopted.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will pilot a bill to carry out certain formal amendments to the Government of India Act 1935.

The forthcoming session is expected to pass the Republican Constitution by August 15. So far the House has passed about 60 out of 314 clauses and eight schedules. If the constitution is to be passed by August 15, the clauses will have to be adopted by July 15, whereafter the drafting committee can revise the arrangement of the clauses and the constitution as a whole can be debated and adopted.

At the last session of the Assembly which concluded on January 8, the House instructed the provinces to prepare electoral rolls and take all other steps so that elections under the new constitution might be held as early as possible in 1950.

ELECTIONS

According to present trends, the elections are likely to be held in 1951 but the Republic will come into being much earlier.

PRINCESS NILOUFER

Princess Niloufer of Hyderabad who left for London by Air India International on Tuesday snapped at Santa Cruz Airport.

New Madhya Bharat Ministry

FIVE MEN SWORN IN

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, May 10:

Premier-designate of Madhya Bharat Mr. Gopikrishna Vijayavargiya who was asked to form a provisional cabinet immediately, today submitted a list of five names to the Rajpramukh. Four more names are to be added during the week.

The outgoing cabinet led by Mr. Liladhar Joshi, which had continued in office pending the formation of a new ministry, last night communicated to the Rajpramukh that they desired to withdraw forthwith. Following this, Mr. Vijayavargiya was asked to form a provisional ministry.

The new cabinet comprises (according to a press note issued today by the Director of Information here) comprises Mr. Vijayavargiya (Premier) Mr. Nandlal Joshi, former Minister of Madhya Bharat, Mr. T. S. Gokhale, former Minister of Gwalior, Mr. Shyamlal Pandvi, Secreary of the Congress Legislature Party, and Mr. Rameshwar Dayal Totla, former President of the Indore State Praja Mandal.

The swearing in ceremony was at 1-30 p.m.

The Union Assembly was adjourned this morning as no member of the caretaker cabinet of Mr. Liladhar Joshi was present on the ministerial benches.

BERLIN TO LIGHT UP ON END OF BLOCKADE

Allied Approval For West German Constitution

BERLIN, May 10. (PTI-Reuter): The end of the Berlin blockade and counter blockade at one minute past midnight local time on Thursday morning (22-01 G.M.T. Wednesday) will be followed within a few hours by formal western Allied approval of the West German constitution.

Allied officials in Frankfurt said today the three western Military Governors would sign the draft constitution in Berlin either on Thursday or Friday.

Berliners look forward to a smooth lifting of the ten months old blockade. Russian and western orders for the move both issued in the past 24 hours, fully accord with one another, and observers expect any differences of opinion arising on technical details to be smoothened out.

East and West Sectors German officials, meeting for the first time since the City Government was finally split last November, were trying today to decide when the capital's lights will go up. West Berlin children will have a holiday on Thursday while adults will be demonstrating in both Eastern and Western Sectors.

When the barriers at Helmstedt and Marienborn check points go up, the procedure of traffic control and registration will not be different from that in force before the blockade started with one exception.

CURRENCY REGULATION

Since General Chuikov's order expressly stated that Soviet zone currency regulations will remain in force until the Berlin currency question is settled, German inter-zonal travellers will have to cross the zone frontier with virtually empty pockets.

Imports and export of both the Western and Eastern German Mark over the Soviet zone border is strictly banned.

Soviet zone currency regulations, however, will not affect members of the Western Allied occupation powers on the way to or from Berlin.

NO NEGOTIATIONS WITH EAST BERLIN

The West Berlin authorities will refuse to negotiate with the East Berlin anthorities on any subject, regardless of the ending of the blockade at one minute past midnight on Thursday morning, Dr. Otto Suhr, Chairman of the Western City Assembly, declared tonight.

To do so would imply recognition of "an illegal body," he told a press conference here.

"Berlin can only be re-united if the 'City Soviet' (the Eastern Assembly) resigns unconditionally," he declared.

Maulana Mohammed Tayabulla, Minister of Jails, said here on Monday that the Government of Assam would soon undertake penal reforms in the Province to convert all criminals into useful citizens.

STERLING BALANCES

Britain Concerned Over Heavy Draw

LONDON, May 10, (PTI-Reuter): Authoritative sources stated that Sir Stafford Cripps, Chancellor of the Exchequer, handed a memorandum to Pandit Nehru when he was recently here for Commonwealth talks, expressing the deep concern felt by the British Government at the very heavy rate at which India was drawing on her free sterling balances.

The memorandum was in the nature of a British Government's reply to these questions already discussed by the Joint Financial Consultative Committee in Delhi in February.

It is stated that there were no direct talks with Pandit Nehru on this matter but advantage was taken of his presence to present the memorandum to him instead of sending it through the channel of the British High Commissioner in Delhi and also to stress the importance attached by Britain to the issue.

REVIEW OF IMPORT POLICY

It is learnt that India has already drawn not only the 80 million sterling free balance brought forward from 1947-48 available upto June 1949 under the agreement concluded last year, but heavily drawn on the 40 millions allotted for 1949-50.

It has been noted here however that India has now withdrawn the open general licenses as a preliminary to reviewing her entire import policy.

It is understood that the question will be discussed in detail with the British Government when an Indian Financial Delegation comes here early in June. Dr. John Matthai the Indian Finance Minister who will lead the delegation, is expected to reach London by June 15.

Czechoslovakia—Greece Air Traffic Banned

ROME, May 10 (PTI-Reuter): The Greek Government has forbiden air traffic between Czechoslovakia and Greece as from today, according to usually well-informed aviation circles here who could give no explanation.

Nationalist Victory Near Shanghai

REDS GAIN ON OTHER FRONTS

U. S. Naval Base Threatened

HONKONG, May 10 (PTI-Reuter)

NATIONALIST troops claimed a "decisive victory" at Liuho, 18 miles northwest of Shanghai today, but on widely separated other fronts, Communists offensives gained ground.

Foreign nationals were leaving Foochow opposite Formosa for Hongkong, as Communist forces were reported to have entered Fukien province in their drive south.

In Hankow, Central China's most important port, foreign nationals were also reported preparing to leave. Communists were said to be attacking Huangpei, 25 miles north of Hankow, after a rapid push down the Peiping-Hankow Railway, and large scale evacuation of civilians from the middle Yangtse port was reported under way as it prepared for siege.

ATTACK ON U.S. NAVAL BASE

Communist forces, estimated at 10,000 were reported to have launched a new attack on the Nationalist held port and United States naval base of the Tsingtao, 400 miles north of Shanghai.

A Shanghai Garrison communique claiming the success at Liuho said news was awaited of the situation at Kiating, keypoint in the city's inner defence system, into which a small Communist detachment infiltrated yesterday.

City authorities continued defence preparations, including a check-up on food stores in case of siege.

IN CONFUSION

The northern Kiangsi, the provincial capital of Nanchang and the one time thriving Yangtse port of Kiukiang were in confusion as Communist forces approached.

Threatened with encirclement the Kiangsi Provincial Government has moved south from Nanchang to Kanshien (Kanchow).

A traveller from Nanking told the Chinese Press here that everything was at a standstill when he left the former capital. Most shops had doors and windows boarded up and no municipal government had been established.

The general opinion here is that Britain's announced reinforments for Hongkong are not nearly enough.

SHIFT TO CANTON

A dispatch from Canton, to which the Nationalist Government evacuated from Nanking, said Prime Minister Ho Ying-Chin had informed a secret session of the Legislative Yuan (Assembly) that the Government would again try to persuade foreign powers remaining in Nanking to transfer their missions to Canton.

Nineteen countries, including Britain, the United States and France have sent diplomatic groups to Canton, but the heads of the missions remain in Nanking.

Reinforcement For Hongkong

LONDON, May 9 (UPA): Armoured and infantry reinforcements being sent to Hongkong to defend the Crown Colony will sail from Liverpool on May 11, the War Office announced today.

Mrs. Pandit Presents Credentials

WASHINGTON, May 10, (PTI-Reuter): Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, India's Ambassador-Designate to the United States, said here today that the world was expecting an easing of tension to result from the forthcoming Council of Foreign Ministers' meeting in Paris.

Mrs. Pandit was asked to comment on the Foreign Ministers' meeting, following a visit to Secretary of State, Dean Acheson, at which she arranged to present her credentials to President Truman.

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SITUATION VACANT

Applications are invited stating qualifications and research work done upto the time with testimonials, for fellowship in Jain research, tenable at Parshvanath Vidyashram Benares Hindu University, of Rs. 100-200 according to qualification. Write to Superintendent before June 20. 4362

Wanted—Immediately an efficient Stenographer. Only Scheduled Caste candidates being nationals of the Indian Dominion need apply with testimonials to Government Inspector of Railways, Government of India Offices, Queen's Road, Bombay. Applications should reach him by 31st May, 1949. Government servants shculd apply through heads of their Departments. Qualifications—Matriculation or equivalent and a speed of at least 80 words per minute in Shorthand and 40 words per minute in typewriting. Age—between 18 and 28 years. Scale of pay—Rs. 80-5-120 E. B.-8-200-10/2-220. Allowances—as sanctioned by the Government of India from time to time. Post permanent; probationary period one year. Candidates summoned for interview will defray their own travelling expenses. 4363

Wanted Residential Matron experienced in hostel and office management, age above 35 years, at least matriculated. Apply with testimonials to Secretary, Shradhanand Anath Mahilashram, Matunga, Bombay No. 19. 694

Wanted an experienced Stenographer, able to handle independent Correspondence. Apply with testimonials to Box No. R. 101, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted an influential and experienced Canvasser for a daily Newspaper in Bombay, particularly having contact with Cinemas and Film Companies. Apply with testimonials to Box No. T 35 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a person to look after the advertising Dept. of a local paper. Only experienced and qualified persons need apply No. 200, "Bombay Chronicle"

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Solve your American and British Magazines Subscription Problems and Technical, Medical, Legal and General Books requirements through efficient and reliable organization International Book House, Limited, Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay. 4270

For Sale: Guide Books—fully Illustrated Mysore City Re. 1/-, Mysore State Rs. 1/8/-, Picturesque Mysore Re. 1/. Apply: The Tourist Bureau, Lansdowne Buildings, Mysore. 692

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Loans arranged on very easy terms. Apply sharp to Mr. G. S. Monga, Post Box No. 119, Baroda. 578

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A Limited Company to be floated, wants a Partner in the Managing Agency, who can invest or sell Shares. Good profits. For details Box No. 695, "Bombay Chronicle".

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Earn Rupees 81,380/- with Rupees 5/10 in spare time. Details free. National Corporation. Rachi, Agra 693

If you are desirous to earn Rs. 100/- to Rs. 500 - per month at your leisure at home, write today for particulars. All India Helping Society, Putlighar, Amritsar. 635

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED and will be received upto the 15th June, 1949 for supplying Stationery and Printing Materials. Apply for Tender to the Manager, Press & Stationery, Gwalior (Madhya Bharat). Price of Tender is Rs. 2/8/- only.

SUPERINTENDENT,
Stationery, Printing & Press
Madhya Bharat, Gwalior.
4337

TENDER NOTICE

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G. I. P. Railway, Loco Offices Building, Parel, invites tenders upto 3 p.m. on 27-5-1949 for construction of one multi-storeyed Mitra 'A' type structure consisting of 32 units at Sion. The form of tender, schedule and conditions of contract can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. Copies of drawings will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 8/- per set. These sums will not be refunded.

This cancels the tender notice advertised previously in the issue of paper dated 5-5-1949 for the construction of 3 multi-storeyed Mitra 'A' type quarters at Sion.

4365

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING.

WANTED.

BUS DRIVERS with the following qualifications:—

a) Age—between 23 and 35 years.
b) Height— 5' 4" or over.
c) Without glasses vision should be normal.
d) Clean Driving Licence of at least 1 year's standing with Heavy Transport Vehicle Endorsement.
e) Documentary evidence to prove that applicant has driven Heavy Transport Vehicle for one year.

Apply

J. R. TALEYARKHAN,
Traffic Manager,
4213

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY

STATE TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT (BOMBAY)

TENDER NOTICE FOR THE PRINTING AND SUPPLY OF TICKET BOOKS

1. Tenders are invited for the Printing and supply of paper ticket books required for the State Transport Department (Bombay) in books of 100 tickets each to be printed in Gujarathi, Marathi and Kanarese for a period of six months, from the date of acceptance of the tender.

2. The tenders must be submitted in sealed covers superscribed "Tenders for the printing and supply of ticket books" to reach the undersigned before 12 noon on the 30th May, 1949 and will be opened at 14-30 hours on the 31st May, 1949.

3. The prescribed forms on which tenders must be submitted along with tender schedules and conditions of supply and sketches of the different categories of tickets can be had on application from the office of the undersigned on payment of Rs. 2/-.

4. Government may accept or reject any tender as a whole or any part of it without assigning reasons.

D. D. SATHE,
Provincial Motor
Transport Controller.

State Transport Office,
Asian Air Building,
Globe Mill Passage,
Worli, Bombay 18. 4353

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE
EXPORT TRADE CONTROL POLICY

PUBLIC NOTICE

Subject: EXPORT OF VANASPATI AGAINST PAYMENT IN DOLLARS NO. 2208.

THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, have fixed a quota of 10 thousand tons of Vanaspati for export outside India against payment in dollars.

2. Intending exporters should submit in this office applications in the revised prescribed form as required by this office Notice No. 2171 dated 19th April, 1949, duly supported by documentary evidence that, the payment will be received in dollars.

(Sd.) R. K. TANDON,
Deputy Chief Controller
of Exports.

AVR

1400

Office of the Dy. Chief Controller of Exports,
Gulam Mohd. Bldg., Nicol Road, Ballard Estate,
Bombay, the 6th May, 1949. 4364

BOBMAY MUNICIPALITY

AUGMENTATION OF THE CITY'S WATER SUPPLY.

VAITARNA-CUM-TANSA SCHEME

THE DATE of receipt of the tender for "The Supply of Locos (Tender No. 5)" is extended from 20-5-49 to WEDNESDAY, THE 8th June, 1949, UPTO 1-00 P.M. (B.T.).

N. V. MODAK,
Special Engineer.
Bombay Municipality.

Municipal Offices,
Fort, Bombay.
Dated, 10th May, 1949. 4356

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HAJI NOORMAHOMED ABDUL REHMAN, of Bombay Muslim Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned Property to our Client.

All persons having or claiming any right, title or interest of any kind whatsoever in the said property are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Lalgir Chambers, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof. Any claim not made known in writing as hereby required will be considered as waived and abandoned.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece of Foras land together with the dwelling houses standing thereon situate at Sankli Street in Bombay, admeasuring about 531.3/9 square yards and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Nos. 13531, 13602, C/13710, 13552, 13688 and 13803, New Survey Nos. 1.2.3/3549, 1B/3587, 3E-4C/3550 and part of 3589, Cadastral Survey No. 1774 of Byculla Division and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under "E" ward No. 3917 (I) Old Street No. 104, New Street Nos. 13-13D.

Dated this 10th day of May, 1949.

JAMSEDJI RUSTOMJI AND DEVIDAS,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(4359)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

AUGMENTATION OF THE CITY'S WATER SUPPLY

VAITARNA-CUM-TANSA SCHEME

THE DATE of receipt of the sealed quotations for "the supply of equipment for a 2,500 K.W. Generating Station at Vaitarna Camp" is extended from 1st June, 1949 to WEDNESDAY, THE 13TH JULY, 1949, upto 1-00 p.m. (B.T.).

N. V. MODAK,
Special Engineer.
Bombay Municipality.

Municipal Offices,
Fort, Bombay,
Dated, 7th May, 1949. 4357

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. BURAN SAHEB HAJI MOHAMED SAYEED HARRIS of Nalla Sopara, Hindu Inhabitant, has contracted to sell transfer and assign absolutely to my client the property hereunder described. All persons having any claim or demands in to upon or against the property either by way of mortgage, charge, lien, lease, easements, or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his office at "SHATASHRAM", 146, Versova Road, Andheri, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without any reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenements or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Andheri, Taluka South Salsette, in the Registration Subdistrict of Bandra, District Bombay Suburban, containing by admeasurement 2,631 3/4 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Survey No. 4, Pardi Nos. 4(1) and 4(3), together with the buildings, wells and privies standing thereon bearing Municipal Nos. 29, 29-A and 29-B on Versova Road, Andheri, and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the East by the property of Duming Nicolas Cralst, on or towards the South and West by the property belonging to the Trustees of the Cama Zoroastrian Athornan Madressa, and on or towards the North by Public Passage or Gowan and beyond that "Shanta Wadi."

VASANTRAO S. PATIL,
Purchaser's Advocate.

Dated this 10th day of May, 1949.

4354

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. RATANCHAND HIRACHAND has contracted with our client for the absolute sale to him free from all claims and incumbrances of the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim or interest to or in the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, gift, inheritance, residence, use, trust, maintenance, possession, mortgage, lease, lien, charge, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 8, Nanabhai Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, as otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims, if any, and the same will be considered and treated as having been absolutely waived and abandoned.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of Vacant land or ground of Pension and Tax tenure, the cess whereof has been redeemed situate, lying and being on Nepean Sea Road, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement about 425 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the North and West by the remaining property of the Vendor and on the South partly by the remaining property of the Vendor, partly by the property sold to Dr. Chandrachud and partly by the property of Jankabai and others and on the West by the property, bearing C. S. N 591 which property forms part of a larger property admeasuring 6,933 square yards and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. —— New No. 16989, New Survey No 1/7141 and 2/7141, Cadastral Survey No. 590 of Malabar and Cumbala Hill Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No 3323(2), 3323(2A) and 3323(5) and Street No. 26A, 26C, and 26B.

Dated this 9th day of May, 1949.

TIRAKOREDAS & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys

4353

PUBLIC NOTICES

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY

TENDERS FOR PRINTING TIME TABLES IN HINDI

THE CHIEF TRAFFIC MANAGER invites tenders for printing and supply of Main Line and Suburban Section time tables in Hindi language with Devanagari Script.

Copies of tenders are obtainable from the Chief Traffic Manager's Office, Churchgate, Bombay, at Rs. 2/- per copy. Tenders are returnable on 30th May 1949 at 11-30 A.M. 4357

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mrs. HILLA BURJOR MEHTA and Messrs. KALI BURJOR MEHTA, FALI BURJOR MEHTA and MINOO BURJOR MEHTA, all of Bombay have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of mortgage, lease or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our Office at Central Bank Building, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of Leasehold land or ground belonging to the Municipal Corporation for the City of Bombay, admeasuring 502 square yards or thereabouts being Plot No. 7 of Mahalaxmi Overbridge Scheme registered by the Collector of Bombay under Cadastral Survey No. 1638 of Lower Parel Division together with the messuages tenements or buildings standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under 19C Ward No. 48(22) and Street No. 48W all which premises are situate at Mahalaxmi Bridge Road also known as Haines Road in the Registration District and Sub-District and the City of Bombay and are bounded on the East by Public Road, on the West by Public Road, on the South by the property of Valliji Mahomedally Kutianawala and on the North by a Public passage.

Dated this 9th day of May, 1949.

S. F. B. TYABJI & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

(4358)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT BARA IMAM ROAD

M/S GANDHI & CO. will under instructions from M/s Mehta Laljee & Co., Attorneys for Mortgagees and on account and at risk of Mahomed Badoo, the Mortgagor pursuant to power of sale in Mortgage of 13-10-44, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned property on MONDAY, 23rd instant at 4-30 p.m. on premises.

All that piece of quit and ground rent tenure with house at Bara Imam Road admeasuring 136 Sq. Yds. bearing C. S. No. 3702 of Bhuleshwar Division, Municipal C Ward No. 7250 and Street No. 135-137.

For particulars apply to M/s Mehta Laljee & Co. Solicitors, or to us.

AUCTION SALE OF American Radios 6 Valve, Flourescent fixtures and fans, Automatic Record changers, Air Conditioning Machine, Battery Chargers, Inter Communication sets and Elec. goods on Tuesday, 17th inst at 2-30 p.m at our Rooms at 72 Medows Street, Fort, under instructions from the Office concerned.

Terms: 25/- per cent cash deposit

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE COSMETICS

By order of the LIQUIDATORS, CANTEEN STORES DEPARTMENT, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., will sell by Public Auction on 13th May, at 11 a.m. (S.T.), at C. S. D Godown, near Rifle Range, GHATKOPAR (G. I. P.), Face Powders, Lipstick, Rouge, Creams, Mascara, Shampoo, Hair nets, Powder puffs, Vanity cases, etc. For catalogues apply to: CRAWFORD & CO., 132, Apollo Street, Fort Goods on view on 12th May.

AUCTION SALE OF OLD & U/S STORES.

Under instructions from the Controller of Stores, Bombay Port Trust, BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY 25-5-49 at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) in the Controller of Stores Yard, Mazagaon: A.R.P. & A.F.S. materials Plate rolling machine air compressors, motor generators, Manila rope, lintres, wire rope, motor cars, pipes, brass and copper scrap, Kelvin motor launch engines, gas plants, rails, toney loco tyres, Hanel cranes, hose, springs, M. S tubes, E poles, Anek Loco boiler, couplings, Generating Plant, etc. Terms: 25 per cent Cash and Balance by 28-5-49.

BENNETT & CO.

SUBURBAN NOTES

ELECTION OF A NEW MUNICIPAL PRESIDENT

Socialist Party May Have Walkover

(From Our Correspondent.)

VILE PARLE, May 10.

The Collector of the Bombay Suburban District has fixed Saturday May 14 for a special general meeting of the Parle-Andheri Municipality for the purpose of electing a President and a Vice-president for the next year. Meetings of both the Socialist Party and the Independent Party are being held almost daily but there has been no agreement as to the choice of a president. The Socialists, who number 12, have secured the support of three Independents and in a house of 30, they will be just 15. Their nominee for presidentship is Mr. S. A. Dhurandhar, the retiring President of the Municipality. The Independents have not been able even to elect a leader so far. One of their prominent members is out of the station on office duty and their strength is now reduced to 14.

The chances are that the Socialist candidate Mr. Dhurandhar will be elected almost without a contest.

MEDICAL FACILITIES

It is notorious that medical relief facilities are very inadequate in the suburbs. Barring two hospitals, one at Bandra and the other at Kurla, there are three or four Government-aided municipal dispensaries to look after the needs of a large and growing suburban population. It is, therefore, gratifying to note that the Balabhai Nanavati Hospital construction of which was started in August, 1947, is nearing completion and will commence taking in patients in a few months' time. The Hospital which is situated on a prominent site on Ghodbunder Road at Vile Parle has accommodation for about a hundred patients. It will have both a casualty and an out-patient department. A maternity ward which will have 24 beds has also been provided for. The total cost of the scheme is well over nine lakhs of rupees.

The little charitable dispensary opened by our Prime Minister, Mr. B. G. Kher at Vidya Mandir, Khar in August, 1947 is doing very useful work judging from the report of the dispensary just issued by the Committee. During the period ending March 31st last, the Khar Dispensary treated a little over 4,000 patients out of whom nearly a thousand were women and about 2,800 were children. Besides rendering medical aid, the dispensary gave financial and other help to poor patients to the extent of Rs. 1,000. Dr. D. S. Paradkar, who is working as an Hon. Medical Officer deserves all praise for the valuable work done during the period under review.

The Committee of the Dispensary, of which Mr. L. V. Sathe is the Chairman are planning to convert the Dispensary into a small model clinic as visualised by Mr. Kher for the benefit of the poor residents of Khar and adjoining villages.

KURLA ADMINISTRATION

Good progress is reported in the civic administration of Kurla since the Municipality was taken over by the Government Administrator on December 16 last year. The financial position has considerably improved, thanks to the deligent work done by Mr. R. D. Patel, the Assessment Officer specially appointed by Government, who brought to light all leakages in the financial structure of the municipality. The Local Fund Audit Officer Mr. Kulkarni, who has been looking into the accounts for the last six months has, I understand, submitted a very favourable report.

With a view to improve the sanitation of the town, the Administrator is now considering the question of providing suitable underground drainage in the municipal area and for that purpose, plans are being prepared for the approval of the Government Sanitary Engineer.

NEW COLLEGE

The Senate of the Bombay University at their recent meeting has given affiliation to the Hyderabad National College at Bandra for a period of one year for the teaching of courses of study leading upto the Intermediate Arts and Intermediate Science examinations subject to the fulfilment of certain conditions to the satisfaction of the Syndicate on or before the 31st of this month.

The most important conditions are that the College Society should create a reserve fund of Rs. one lakh, a building fund of Rs. 50,000 and should see that the three science laboratories are suitably equipped with all the necessary apparatus before the commencement of the college term. The college buildings which are almost ready will be available for use by June 20. They will be able to accommodate nearly 600 students.

MR. BOBDE FELICITATED

Mr. Bobde, Chief Officer of the Bombay Surburban School Board, who is under orders of transfer as Principal of the Ratnagiri Training College, was felicitated at a series of farewell functions organised by the teachers and students under the School Board. Many speakers eulogised his services to the cause of primary education in this backward district. Mr. Bobde, who belongs to the Harijan community, made a suitable reply.

Under the auspices of the Suburban School Board, Primary Education Day was celebrated and public meetings were organised at Malad and Kurla last week.

Surat Local Board Elections

SURAT, May 10: Shree Delatrai B Desai (Agasiwala), an independent candidate for Surat District Local Board election from Chikhli constituency has withdrawn his candidature in favour of the Congress candidates.

Woman Thrown Out Of Window

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A young woman, wife of Babu Sakharam was bodily thrown out of a window of the first floor of a building by her uncle-in-law following a quarrel between them yesterday evening, it is alleged.

It was stated by the Police in the Mazagaon Court today that Rama Ganoo picked up a quarrel with the wife of his nephew over her wages yesterday evening. Getting annoyed with her arguments, Rama lost his temper, lifted her and flung her out of the window.

Below, on the street, a big crowd gathered around the woman who was moaning and was half conscious. The Police arrived and arrested Ganoo. Babu Sakharam, husband of the woman who was present in the room at the time of the incident and witnessed the quarrel, but did not intervene, was also arrested by the Police on the charge of abetment.

Both the accused were released on bail by the Presidency Magistrate today.

PROHIBITION BOARD COMPETITION

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Provincial Prohibition Board Bombay, had announced a competition in short stories, songs and plays on Prohibition in English, Marathi, Gujerati, Kannada and Hindustani. The Board has now given the following prizes for the best contribution received in each category in Kannada:

Short story—"Madyapan" by Mr N. Kanchagar (Rs. 50); Song— "Kudukana Hendati Koragu" by Mr. N. L. Guddinatha (Rs. 30) and Drama - "Mohini" by Prof. K. S. Savanur (Rs. 150).

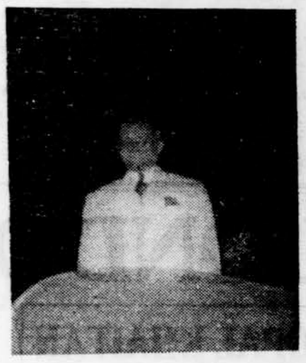
OPINION SURVEY ON RADIO PLAYS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Bombay station of All India Radio has undertaken a mail survey with a view to measure listener reaction in regard to plays and features in Marathi broadcast from this station A printed questionnaire which is being sent to a sample of about 4,000 radio licence holders, covers various aspects of radio drama such as suitable timing, duration, theme, casting, production etc.

The questionnaire, together with a reply paid envelope, is being mailed to a cross section of Marathi speaking listeners in Bombay City and Maharashtra. Mail surveys conducted by AIR in regard to radio programme usually bring about 25 to 30 per cent returns.

PATIL LEAVES FOR U.K.



Mr. S. K. Patil, Mayor of Bombay and President, B.P.C.C., standing on the gangway of a T.W.A. plane at Santa Cruz just before he left for U. K. on a round-the-world tour.

NO REMOVAL OF CLOTH CONTROL

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

There is no possibility of the removal of cloth rationing in the near future. The experience of the last occasion when rationing was raised was such that the Government would be extra-cautious before taking any such step again.

This was the view expressed to a representative of this paper by a well-informed source today.

The same source stated that as far as Bombay was concerned there was nothing like accumulation of stocks in mills. On the contrary Bombay mills had perhaps less stocks than they would normally have. It was usual for mills here to hold about four months' production in stock. At present there may be an average of two months' production in hand. This was an absolute minimum and every mill must have at least that much to provide against emergencies and stoppages of work by strikes, shortage of raw materials, breakdowns or any other cause.

It was true that there was some accumulation of stockks in Gujerat and upcountry mills. This was due partly to the reduction in consumption, because of famine in those tracts and partly because of transport difficulties.

The source also indicated that the continuation of rationing had resulted in a noticeable fall in the prices of hand-loom and power-loom cloth, as cheaper varieties of mill cloth were available in sufficient quantities

SURAT May 10 (API): Mr. Mulchandbhai Kevalram Jariwala has been elected as President of the Surat Jari Merchants' Association for the coming year. Mr. Navnitlal Dayaram Jariwala has been elected as Vice-President.

Pakistan News-Letter

CLOTH GLUT IN KARACHI MARKET

Sind Problems To The Forefront

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, (By Airmail).

Local cloth market—the biggest market for the supply of cloth all over the Pakistan Dominion—is today faced with a crisis following a loss of nearly four to five crores of rupees said to have been sustained by the dealers.

To meet large-scale deficit of cloth in Pakistan, these merchants who had recently purchased businesses from India owners and who were somewhat unacquainted with Pakistan area markets, placed very large orders for cloth with the U. S. A., the U. K. and other continental countries in the beginning of the last year.

These supplies have since some time started arriving with the result that the local market is literally flooded with all varieties of cloth resulting in the reduction of rates by nearly fifty per cent. Another reason advanced in this connection is that other provinces of Pakistan, which usually made purchases of their cloth requirements from Karachi market, have not been making purchases as anticipated and, therefore, large stocks of cloth are now accumulated with the dealers.

Some of the dealers with limited resources have not been able even to clear their stocks from the Docks by paying Customs Duty with the result that Port Trust Sheds are also full with stocks of imported cloth.

The situation might be aggravated further with the expected supplies of still more foreign cloth, the orders for which were placed long ago and shipments of which are expected to reach Karachi during the months of May and June.

Feering these crises, the Sind Purchasing Board, a semi-official body entrusted with the task of purchasing and distributing Indian cloth in Sind, has served notice on the Government that they will n longer continue to handle this work. Accordingly, the authorities are strying to find out another source for continuing the task.

Saheed Suhrawardy

Saheed Suhrawardy, ex-prémier of undivided Bengal, who has now settled down in the Pakistan Capital, is trying to make his presence felt. He was the moving spirit behind the recent convention of Refugees held in Hyderabad (Sind).

Sindhi And Non-Sindhi

Resolutions adopted by this Convention, particularly those demanding separate rights and privileges for refugees in Pakistan, has enlarged the gulf between Sindhi and non-Sindhi Muslims.

Sindhi Muslims have also now started voicing their reactions and of the oldest Sindhi dailies 'Alwahid' has cleverly made out a case in its editorial for the safeguard of various rights of Sindhi Muslims who, it says, laid the foundation of Pakistan and allowed its Capital to be established in Karachi which has now proved detrimental to the interests of Sindhi Muslims.

Coconut Trees In Sind

Since India has stopped the export of Copra to Pakistan, arrangements are being made to obtain supplies of this essential commodity locally.

It is proposed to utilize the entire sea-sore of the Karachi district for growing coconut trees. With the construction of the Lower Sind Barrage, large-scale growing of coconut trees will be taken in hand.

No Rent Campaign?

A sort of propaganda is being carried on amongst the Muslim refugees in Hyderabad (Sind) since some time regarding the non-payment of rents of shops and houses owned by Hindus who have migrated to India.

The initiators of such a move have further appealed for the enrolment of a thousand volunteers for this purpose to carry on such propoganda with full vigour.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

HINDU: Vaishakh Shud 14, 2005
MUSLIM: Rajjab 12, 1368
PARSI: Adar 11, 1318
SUNRISE: 6-6 a.m.
SUNSET: 7-4 p.m.
HIGHTIDE: 11-10, 23-02
LOWTIDE: 04-35, 17-06

To-day's Engagements

SCHOOLS COMMITTEE: 3 p.m. (B. T.)

EFFICIENCY CIRCLE, READING AND DISCUSSION: 6-15 p.m., at Anzel Ltd., next to Liberty, Marine Lines.

MAHARASHTRA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE: 2nd Quarterly General Meeting, 4-30 p.m., at Industrial Assurance Building, Churchgate.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Study class on Foundation of Religion, at 6-15 p.m., Jehangir Wadia Building, Flora Fountain.

Industrial Dispute

The industrial dispute between the Vijay Printing Press, Bombay and its workers has been referred for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal of Mr. Salim M. Merchant.

The Famous Astrologer

Recipient of many Gold Medals and Certificates from Maharajas, Judges, and notables. Annual Life reading monthly details Rs. 5. 3 questions Rs. 2. Horoscope or writing time required. Pandit Kaliyur M. SRI NIVASACHARIAR THAPONIDHI, Thyagarayanagar, Madras-17.

LO! HE COMES NOW ON THE SCREEN TO WIN THE HEARTS OF THE MILLIONS...

in MURARI Pictures'

Directed by MOHAN SINHA

BHOOL KHUYYUN

WITH: SAIGAL, SURAIYA, WASTI

FROM FRIDAY AT

SWASTIK • EXCELSIOR • TAJ

3-30, 6-30, 9-30 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 4, 7, 10

Ad. Booking: 10 to 12 & 4 to 6 9-30 to 1 & 2 to 7

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The Greatest Love Epic of the Generation!

HINDUSTAN CHITRA

HINDUSTAN CHITRA'S

SAWAN AYA RE

Written, Produced and Directed by

KISHORE SAHU

Starring KISHORE SAHU, RAMOLA with DAVID, SOFIA, MOHNA, GULAB, RAMESH GUPTA, PRATIMADEVI and others

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

KRISHNA and CAPITOL

Advance Booking 10 to 12 and 4 to 6. 9-30 to 12 and 2 to 7 p.m.

Matinee Sunday and Holidays 12-30 p.m. — 1 p.m.

A CHIRAWAWALA & CO. RELEASE FILMADS.

MUSIC AT ITS MELODIEST-LAUGH AT ITS LOUDEST are yours in Standard Pictures Corpn. Musical Hit

REHANA MUMTAZALI Late Mr. V. H. DESAI Provide it for your Great Entertainment Story: SONGS DIALOGUES: SANTOSHI Music: C. RAMCHANDRA Director: RAMANLAL DESAI

M. HAVEVALA Production

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FROM FRIDAY NEXT . . . 13th May at

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Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m. Daily 1, 4, 7 &10

Sat., Sun. Mat. at 12-30 p.m. Booking 3 to 9 p.m.

Booking 10 to 12 & 4 to 6

A Central Film DISTRI. Release

More Scholarships For Backward Classes

BOMBAY, Tuesday:— Scholarships for candidates from the Backward Classes have been instituted by the Government of Bombay in technical trades, such as carpentry, mechanical apprenticeship, weaving, smithy, tailoring and cutting, chappal-making, spray painting, etc., at various Schools of Industry and other technical schools in the Province.

The rates of scholarships are Rs. 30 a month for institutions in Bombay City, Rs. 25 a month for institutions in Ahmedabad and Poona and Rs. 20 a month elsewhere.

A list of the trades for which scholarships are instituted and the institutions at which they can be availed of may be obtained from the Backward Class Officer, Bombay Province, Poona, on application. Intending candidates should submit their applications in the prescribed form to the Backward Class Officer so as to reach him not later than June 30, 1949.

Candidates who have already joined the schools or institutions at which the scholarships are instituted should submit their applications through the Heads of such institutions.

The application forms can be had from the Backward Class Officer Bombay Province, Poona, or from the offices of theh Backward Class Welfare Officers in the districts or from the offices of the Assistant Backward Class Officers.

Hindi Pamphlet Forfeited

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Government of Bihar has issued a notification, unider section 19 of the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act, 1931, declaring to be forfeited to His Majesty every copy, wherever found, of the leaflet in Hindi, entitled "Bataydare, Tebhaga Andolan Shuru Karo, Dehati Mazduro, jine layak mazduri ke liye age barho," issued by Nakshatra Malakar, President, Purnea District Kisan Sabha, and printed at the Naya Bihar Press, Patna, and all other documents containing copies or translations of or extracts from it.

BALANCING FEAT

This remarkable feat of balancing a five man orchestra, loaded with weights besides the usual musical instruments was performed by Prof. P. T. Daruwala at the "Grand Strength and Physique Show" held at the C. J. Hall at the week-end. It may be said here Daruwala holds the All-India record for weight lifting on his legs, having established the record by heaving 1,220 lbs in 1942.

WEATHER

POONA, May 10.

The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from April 1, 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 8 hours I. S. T., on May 10, 1949:—

Ahmedabad 107 83 0 0 minus 0.3, Allahabad 100 66 0 0 minus 3.3, Bangalore 84 72 0 2.1 minus 0.6, Baroda 110 82 0 0 0, Belgaum 92 69 0.3 1.8 minus 0.2, BOMBAY 94 82 0 0 0, Calcutta 87 75 0 13.4 plus 10.0, Calicut 91 79 0 9.7 plus 3.9, Colombo 86 0 0 25.0 plus 11.7, Cuttack 97 80 0 1.3 minus 0.4, Dehra Dun 91 78 0 1.2 plus 0.3, Delhi 102 81 0 0 minus 0.4, Hyderabad (Dn.) 103 80 0 0.4 minus 1.0, Karachi 95 — — — —, Lanore 107 85 0 0 minus 0.7, Lucknow 100 79 0 0 minus 0.4, Madras 96 80 0 0.9 plus 4.2, Mahabaleswar 85 57 0 0.1 Minus 1.3, Multan 115 — — — —, Mussorie 67 61 0 0.1 minus 1.8, Nagpur 102 85 0 0.1 minus 0.6, Ootacamund 72 48 0 5.8 plus 0.5, Pachmarhi 96 79 0 0 minus 0.9, Peshawar 106 — — — —, Poona 99 76 0 0.1 minus 0.6, Quetta 94 — — — —, Rajkot 103 79 0 0 minus 0.1, Rawalpindi 105 83 0 0.2 minus 2.1, Shillong 75 54 0.2 18.5 plus 0.5, Sholapur 104 80 0 0.1 minus 0.6, Simla 70 61 0 2.1 minus 0.2, Surat 102 80 0 0 minus 0.1.

POONA, May 10 (A. P. I.): Following is the daily weather summary for Tuesday, the 10th May, 1949:—

There have been a few thundershowers in the Khasi hills, Gangetic West Bengal, Orissa, the south Konkan, the south Bombay Deccan and South Malabar.

Day temperatures were appreciably above normal in the East Punjab, Rajputana and Gujarat and appreciably below normal in the United Provinces, Bihar, Chota Nagpur and Gangetic west Bengal. Night temperatures were appreciably above normal over the region from the east Punjab and the west United Provinces to the north Deccan.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 11TH:—Scattered thunderstorms with light rain will occur in Assam, West Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, the south Deccan, Malabar and Mysore. Scattered dust or thunderstorms are also possible in and near the hills of the East Punjab and the west United Provinces.

EARTHQUAKE REPORT:—An earthquake shock of moderate intensity as its origin with epicentre at latitude 1.5 degrees north, and longitude 94.5 degrees east in the Indian Ocean about 1,840 miles away from Poona was recorded by the seismographs in the Meteorogical Office, Poona, at 19 hours 12 minutes (I. S. T.), on Monday, the 9th May, 1949. The depth of the focus of the shock was about 40 miles below the surface of the earth.

An earthquake shock of moderate intensity with its epicentre at about 1,500 miles away from Begumpet (Hyderabad) was recorded by the seismographs of the Nizamiah Observatory at 7-11 p.m., on Monday.

PREPARATIONS TO MEET RED STRIKE THREAT

Mr. Nanda's Call For Public Co-operation

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

On the eve of a lightning one-day strike, supposed to have been called by the Communists, a fervent appeal was made by Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Labour Minister to the Government of Bombay, to the people of Bombay, to rise as a community in order to prevent chaos overtaking them at the hands of the Communists.

While the Government as well as different non-Communist Trade Union organisations are preparing to meet the threat, it is stated that not much response is likely to the secret circulars issued by the Communists, calling for a strike.

Mr. Nanda expressed the hope that this strike for which there was no basis whatsoever would be ignored by Bombay's labour population, who knew Communist tactics and what they were after.

As far as Government was concerned, he said, everything that they could do was being done.

In fact the treatment given to political detenus now was much better than the treatment that was accorded to Congressmen by the British.

He said that it was no use checking the Communist menace only on the surface. It had to be tackled even at its underground level, he said, and added that this could not be accomplished unless the public gave its whole-hearted co-operation and joined hands with Government to meet the menace from all sides.

All precautions would be taken by Government and workers had nothing to fear while they went on duty.

LEGAL AID TO POOR PEOPLE

Questionnaire Issued

BOMBAY, Tuesday: The Legal Aid Committee appointed by the Government of Bombay to enquire into the question of grant of legal aid at Government cost, to poor persons of limited means and persons of Backward Classes and to make recommendations for making justice easily accessible to them, has issued a comprehensive questionnaire embracing the various aspects of the problem.

Copies of the questionnaire have already been sent to various individuals and associations in the Province. They will also be available on request to the Secretary of the Bombay Legal Aid Committee, Secretariat, Bombay.

Replies to the questionnaire may be sent to the Secretary of the Committee at the above address by June 20, 1949.

TARIFF BOARD QUESTIONNARIE

Protection granted to the following war-time industry expires on 31st March, 1950. The question of continuance of protection to these industries after 31st March, 1950, is under investigation by the Tariff Board. A questionnaire has been framed for producers in respect of these industries and is ready for issue. Manufacturers, who desire that their views should be considered by the Board, may obtain copies of the questionnaire from the Secretary, Indian Tariff Board, Contractor Building (3rd floor), Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

(1) Non-ferrous metals, (2) Wood Screws, (3) Starch, (4) Glucose, (5) Cocoa powder and Chocolate, (6) Plywood and tea-chest, (7) Cotton and hair belting, (8) Steel Belt Lacing, (9) Ferrosilicon (10) Photo-chemicals, (11) Antimony, (12) Phosphates and Phosphoric Acid, (13) Bichromates, (14) Calcium Chloride, (15) Coated Abrasives, (16) Potassium Permanganate, (17) Sewing Machines, (18) Stearic Acid and Oleic Acid, (19) Hurricane Lanterns and (20 Dry Battery.

Magnetic Disturbances

KODAIKANAL, May 10, (A. P. 1): The Kodaikanal Observatory forecasts a likelihood of ionospheric and magnetic disturbances from May 10 to 14 as a result of active sunspot group crossing the Central Meridian on May 11.

VILLAGE UPLIFT IN BOMBAY

Panchayat Act To Be Amended

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Village Panchayat Act (Bombay) will be amended so as to delete the clause in it which necessitates that District Local Boards should be consulted before a Panchayat is set up.

Mr. G. D. Vartak, Minister for Local Self Government, revealing this information to pressmen, said that this particular clause caused long delays.

In the course of the next two years, stated Mr. Vartak 5,000 villages in the Province having a population of 1,000 and over will have their own Gram Panchayats.

The Government of Bombay was spending rupees five crores and a half on primary education in the 20 districts of the Province, whereas the share of the District Local Boards will be only Rs. 35 lakhs.

This expenditure would be raised to six crores next year and seven crores in the following year.

Government was also spending enormous sums on improving water supply in the villages.

On village communications Government was spending Rs. 18,71,000 in the current year, besides spending rupees nine lakhs on village approach roads.

Mr. Vartak who claimed to be a villager himself, said that he knew what village uplift meant and Government was doing everything they could for village improvement.

Shops And Establishments Act Amendment

After receipt of assent of the Governor, the Bombay Shops and Establishments (Amendment) Act, 1949, has been published in the Bombay Government Gazette, of May 9, 1949.

Radio

BOMBAY, Wednesday, May 11

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)
31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Savitri Gidwani 7-45 V. V. Thorat 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Song of Kavi Nanalal 8-45 News (G).

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)

12-45 p.m. Musical Interlude 12-50 Savitri Gidwani 1-0 News (G) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music of Mark Warnow 1-55 Music Shop Quintet 2-10 Piano Playhouse.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)
31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s)
from 5-0 to 7-45 p.m.
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
from 8-0 to 11-0 p.m.

5-0 p.m. Pramila Bai 5-15 V. V. Thorat 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-20 Abdul Gafoor 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 Madhusudan G. Acharya 7-30 V. V. Thorat 7-45 Hirabai Barodekar 8-0 Mukundrao Barwe 8-15 News (G) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 10-0 Wilhelm Backhaus 10-30 Metropolitan Opera Auditions of the Air.

VARIATIONS.

353 m. (850 kc/s)
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)

7-45 a.m. News (K) 8-0 Abdul Gafoor 8-30 News (M) 8-40 Shanta Deodhar (Vocal).

353 m. (850 kc/s)
31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s)

12-50 p.m. News (M) 1-0 Pramila Bai 1-10 Mishra Sangeet 1-30 Shanta Deodhar 1-40 News (H) 1-50 Rang Tarang 2-20 Musical Interlude.

353 m. (850 kc/s)
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
from 5-0 to 7-15 p.m.
161.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)
from 7-30 to 11-0 p.m.

5-30 p.m. Madhusudan G. Acharya 6-0 Mukundrao Barwe 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners Marathi 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (K) 8-0 News (M) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 Pramilabai 8-30 Talk in Hindustani 8-45 D. Amel 9-0 Abdul Ghafoor 9-30 Savitri Gidwani 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Week in Retrospect 10-0 Mangalsutra 10-30 Madhusudan G. Acharya.

BARODA: AHMEDABAD.
Wednesday, May 11.

250 m. (1,200 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Morning Variety 8-0 News (E) 8-15 R. K. Karve 8-45 News (G) 6-0 p.m. News (E) 6-10 Razaq Hussain Khan (Jaltarang) 6-25 Pratimaa Trivedi 6-35 Gramjano Mate (From Baroda only) 6-35 Music (From Ahmedabad) 7-0 "Stree Sammelan" 7-30 Razaq Hussain Khan (From Baroda only) 7-30 Topical Item (From Ahmedabad) 7-45 Nanalal Krut Geeto By Amba Bhai Modi (From Baroda only) 8-0 Bismillah and Party 8-10 Local Announcements 8-15 News (G) 8-30 P. K. Karve (Vocal).

326.1 m. (920 kc/s)

9-0 p.m. News (E) 9-15 Jiddi 9-30 "Lal Patti" 9-45 Bharatiya Sangeet 10-0 Pratima Trivedi 10-15 Razaq Hussain.

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HELP WIN WAR ON HUNGER

Minister's Call To Peasants

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

In the execution of the "Grow More Food" programme, the peasant, who was chiefly concerned with it, would be consulted and taken into confidence, declared Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Forests and Agriculture, addressing the first Food Production Conference at Satara, on May 9.

Reiterating the Government's determination to make the country self-sufficient in food by the end of 1951, the Minister said that mere paper plans and resolutions would not help to solve this gigantic problem, but there was need for quick and emergent action by the Government and co-operation of the people to help win the war on hunger.

The Minister for Agriculture, accompanied by the Director of Agriculture, Dr. B. N. Uppal, and other Agricultural officers, is touring the Districts in order to intensify the 'Grow More Food' Campaign.

Referring to the "Grow More Food" campaign in the past, the Minister said that it had achieved a considerable success. However, the failure of rains had marred its success to some extent. The Minister told his audience that the real test of any "Grow More Food" campaign would be whether they would be able to stop the large imports of foodgrains which were draining the limited exchange resources of the country.

The Collector informed the Minister that out of the total area of 27,00,000 acres in the District, nearly 23,40,000 acres were under cultivation and 3,60,000 under forests. The total population of the District was 14,00,000 whose food requirements were 2,00,000 tons as against the estimated production of 1,60,000 tons. He said that they had decided to pool all the resources of the District to wipe off this deficit of 40,000 tons and attain self-sufficiency in the near future.

The social workers present at the conference apprised the Minister of the conditions obtaining in the District and narrated their grievances in the matter of manures, Tagai loans, waste lands, irrigation facilities and nuisance of stray cattle and made suggestions to increase production.

Winding up the Conference, the Minister thanked the peasants for making valuable suggestions and expressed admiration for their spirit of optimism.

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Candausi	Moradabad City
Dehra Dun	Mussoorie
Delhi	Muzaffarnagar
Deoria	Nagpur
Dibai	Nagpur City
Etawah	Nainital
Faizabad	New Delhi
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U.N. POLITICAL SUB-COMMITTEE DECIDES TO ADMIT ISRAEL

India, Pakistan And Burma Oppose Resolution

LAKE SUCCESS, May 9 (P.T.I.-Reuter): The United Nations Minor Political Committee today decided by an overwhelming majority to admit Israel to membership of United Nations at this session.

Voting was 33 to 11, with 13 abstentions—thus ensuring the required two-thirds majority in the General Assembly.

India, Pakistan and Burma were among the 11 who voted against this key resolution which will govern the final and decisive vote in the Assembly later this week. The other dissentients were Egypt, Persia, Iraq and the Lebanon, Saudi Arabia, Syria, Yemen and Afghanistan.

Those who abstained were Britain, Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil, Denmark, Ethiopia, France, Greece, Luxemburg, Siam, Sweden, Turkey and South Africa.

The resolution noted the declaration by the State of Israel that it unreservedly accepted the obligations of the United Nations charter and undertook to honour them from the day it became a member of the United Nations.

It added, "The General Assembly decides that Israel is a peace-loving state which accepts the obligations contained in the charter and is able and willing to carry out those obligations, and decides to admit Israel to membership in the United Nations".

The Lebanese delegate, Charles Malik, opening the debate had told the committee that Israel had failed to give assurances on either the repatriation of Arab refugees, or the internationalisation of Jerusalem.

BARGAINING

"Israel's policy is one of bargaining", M. Malik said. "She intends to drive a hard bargain on the fate of nearly one million miserable refugees."

Mr. Aubery Eban, the Israeli delegate, told the committee. "We have not rejected and do not reject either the principle of internationalisation of Jerusalem or the repatriation of Arab refugees".

Sir Terence Shone (Britain) said that at present his Government was unable to support Israel's application. "We feel bound to say and I say it with regret that the general tenor of the statements of the Israeli representative, and in particular, the emphasis which he gave to the position held by Jerusalem as the central and abiding place in the Jewish spiritual life, have not entirely allayed our doubts regarding the attitude of the Israel Government towards the future of Jerusalem", he said.

"The solution of the harrowing problem of the Arab refugees is plainly a very difficult one. It may well be that it will be found impracticable to repatriate a considerable proportion of these refugees and to send them back to the Arabs where they belonged and surely had a right to be.

DEFER DISCUSSION ON INDONESIA

LAKE SUCCESS, May 9. (PTI-Reuter):— Australia and India proposed in the United Nations Minor Political Committee today deferment of the debate on Indonesia until the General Assembly's next session.

Committee discussion on the proposal—made because of the preliminary agreement reached by Holland with the Republic of Indonesia in Batavia—was postponed until tomorrow.

When the resolution was introduced by Mr. James Pilmsoll (Australia), the Chairman, General Carlos Romulo of the Philippines, said he took it as a motion for the adjournment of all debate on Indonesia until next session, and proposed to put it to the vote.

There were immediate protests by M. Jan Drohojowski (Poland) and M. Jacob Malik (Soviet Union) who said that the resolution was only at that moment being distributed, and delegates had had no time to consider it.

Mr. Pilmsoll said there was no intention of hampering discussion.

Australia and, he believed, India as well, were quite willing to take the matter up at the Committee's next meeting. The Committee then adjourned until tomorrow.

SOVIET PLAN

Russia today presented an amended plan for the former Italian colonies to the United Nations Political Committee—only a few hours after a new Anglo-Italian agreement on the problem had been disclosed.

Mr. Andrei Gromyko said, the revised Soviet draft provided a five year time limit for United Nations trusteeship over Libya and Eritrea, instead of 10 years as originally suggested.

The period of trusteeship in Italian Somaliland would be 10 years, he added.

A British spokesman in Lake Success confirmed that the Foreign Secretary the Ernest Bebin and Count Carlo Sforza, Italian Foreign Minister, had agreed that Tripolitania should be placed under Italian trusteeship after two years.

Meanwhile, the territory would remain under British administration, with an Advisory Council of five Cyrenaica would be placed under British trusteeship.

U. S. HAPPY

WASHINGTON, May 9. (PTI-Reuter):— The United States Government today expressed "wholehearted approval of the preliminary agreement between Holland and Indonesia reached on May 7 in Batavia.

The State Department said "the statemanship displayed by both parties in reaching this preliminary record augers well for the success of the Hague Conference.

"The terms (of the agreement) should result in the near future in the restoration of the Republican Government to the residency of Jogjakarta, the issuance of an effective cease-fire, and the holding of a conference at the Hague leading to a definitive political settlement."

The United States Government would continue to give support through the United Nations Commission for Indonesia for achieving a political settlement, the statement said.

"Meanwhile, this Government is happy to extend congratulations to both parties on the results, thus far achieved.

INTOLERANCE IN SOUTH AFRICA

Manilal Gandhi Condemns Malan Govt.

SHANON AIRPORT, (Ireland), May 9. (PTI-Reuter):— Mr. Manilal Gandhi, said here tonight, before leaving for the United States, that "the Dr. Malan Government of South Africa are from day to day becoming more fascist".

He added, "their intolerance towards the coloured population is steadily growing more intense. The position is now critical, and it is very difficult to see the outcome."

Mr. Gandhi is to have a two-week tour in America and will attend the United Nations sessions at Lake success as a journalist.

"I can only travel as a journalist, and had mine been a political mission I would not have had a visa, "he said.

Mr. Gandhi is the Editor of the "Indian Opinion", Durban, a newspaper for the 280,000 Indian minority in South Africa.

He said that while his sympathies were still naturally with the Indian minority in South Africa, he had to cut himself partly adrift from the organisation as they had been of late accused of Communist tendencies, and "communism is not a good thing".

AUSTRALIAN PREMIER QUARANTINED

CANBERRA, May 10 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Joseph Chifley, Australian Prime Minister and his party from the recent London Conference of Commonwealth Prime Ministers, were ordered into quarantine as small-pox contacts but later released under the surveillance of the Federal Health Department.

India Satisfied

Success In "First Round" Against South Africa

LAKS SUCCESS, May 9. (PTI-Reuter)—There was much satisfaction in Indian circles here today that India had won the "first round" in the long awaited debate on the treatment of Indians in South Africa when she was able to defeat, by an overwhelming majority, South Africa's bid to get in the first say in an effort to sidetrack the issue, writes D. P. Wagle, PTI correspondent at U.N. Headquarters.

When the ad hoc political committee took up the Indian complaint this morning, the Chairman, M. Fernand van Langenhove, of Belgium, said that the South African delegation leader, Mr. Eric Louw, had asked to be allowed to speak first and that he "felt bound by rule 99 of the rules of procedure to give him the floor first". This rule refers to the sending in of names for a particular debate.

After Mr. Louw's request had been opposed by Mr. M. C. Setalvad, India, and Mr. Nasrullah Entezam, Iran, Mr. Louw said he wanted to challenge the competence of the committee to consider the question.

Mr. Louw claimed precedence under rule 889 of the rules of procedure. He read the relevant portion of the rule.

The Indian delegation leader read the same text of the rule—with a slight punctuational change.

The rule read 'any motion calling for a decision on the competence of the General Assembly to adopt a proposal submitted to it shall be put to the vote immediately before a vote is taken".

VOTING PROCEDURE

Mr. Setalvad conceded this, but contended the rule applied merely to voting precedence and not to speak first on competence. It was here that Mr. Louw raised the question of a misplaced comma. He said there should have been a comma after "immediately" and that such a comma, had actually been put in the U.N. Press release.

Although Mr. Louw did not press his punctuation argument, he did say that the Indian contention was based on a "very narrow interpretation" of rule 110 and Dr. Evatt's ruling when postponing the question at the last session of the assembly.

Mr. Louw's persistant advocacy of the priority for competence was not taken seriously by the committee but it reflected the keenness with which the debate is expected to be pursued in the latter stages.

One particular passage in Mr. Setalvad's statement was noted with concern in Latin American circles.

This passage was a quotation from a speech by Dr. Malan, the South African Premier, which was credited to a "Cape Times" reports dated May 5, 1948.

Dr. Malan was reported to have said "in South America, the policy of 'letting things develop' has brought about the creation of nothing but nations of halfcastes. Could that be allowed in South Africa? never".

Mr. Eric Louw will be the first speaker when the debate is resumed tomorrow, when he is expected to raise the question of the committee's competence.

Louw Dreads Flood Of Black 'Reds'

NEW YORK, May 10. (PTI-Reuter) Mr. Eric Louw, South African Minister for Economic Development and Mines, declared in a speech here last night that there was a danger of South Africa's "coming into the hands of a black proletariat with strong Communist backing'.

"That is something we who have made the country what it is are not prepared to face", Mr. Louw said. The Minister, who was addressing members of the American National Foreign Trade Council at a diner given in his honour, said the position in South Africa was as it would be in America if there were 30 million whites and 130 million Negroes.

"We have an outpost of European civilisation and our attitude, quite frankly is that political control of the union must remain in the hands of those who represent European culture and civilisation".

U. S. Ambassador To France

WASHINGTON, May 10— David K. E. Bruce has been confirmed as U. S. ambassador to France. The Senate interrupted its deliberations on legislative matters yesterday to approve President Truman's nominee for the important Paris post by a unanimous vote.

Chairman Tom Connally of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee moved that this action be taken, citing Bruce's "magnificent job" as chief of the Economic Cooperation Administration mission to France and his all-around qualifications for the ambassadorship.

'MAHATMA'S FUNERAL' WINS AWARD

British Paramount News was the only British newsreel honoured with a place in the final list under the "Special Award" section of the 1948 British Film Academy Awards.

The award was for Paramount's special news release, Mahatma Gandhi's Funeral.

Ved Prakash, Paramount's ace Indian cameraman, shot the story in one day. Cutter Len Green edited the material in 8 hours. The finished film had to stand comparison with ace shorts assembled and edited over months. More's the credit to Paramounteers Ved Prakash and Len Green.

U. N. Human Rights Commission

17-ITEM AGENDA

LAKE SUCCESS, May 10, (UPI): The United Nations Commission on Human Rights, after its meeting on Monday, adjourned for about a week. It will meet again when the General Assembly completes its session, the target date for which is May 14.

The Human Rights Commission has a provisional 17-item agenda one of the most important subjects being the examination of a draft International Covenant on Human Rights and measures for its implementation. The Covenant is one of the parts of a projected World Bill of Rights, the others being the Human Rights Declaration and a protocol to implement the convention, possibly through an international court.

The Covenant would legally obligate signatory nations to observe provisions of the declaration of human rights, or face penalties. In 31 articles the declaration proclaims freedom of thought, religion and expression; freedom of assembly: equality before the law; equal rights for men and women; the right to an adequate standard of living and just working conditions; no discrimination as to race, language, religion, property status or nationality; and other social; political and religious rights.

Another item on the agenda is a memorandum on a survey of forced labour in the Soviet Union and Communist-dominated countries of Eastern Europe. The memorandum was presented to the U. N. Economic and Social Council last February by the American Federation of Labour, one of the largest and most influential bodies of organized labour in the United States.

The Social Commission is drafting a convention on prostitution and on the suppression of traffic in persons.

French Woman Gives Up Flight

JIWANI, (Baluchistan), May 10 (PTI-Reuter): The French woman flyer Andree Dupeyron, who set out from France to establish a long distance, straight line flight record, landed here last night after a flight of 32 hours.

The flyer, who had hoped to reach Karachi without getting down, said she was too fatigued to carry on.

Madame Dupeyron left Mont De Marsan, South-East France, on Sunday in a specially equipped plane in an attempt to break the long distance straight flying record by reaching Karachi in under 28 hours.

The authorities here detained her on landing because of trouble with her papers.

Jiwani which is on the Arabian Sea, is the first airport on the route within the borders of Pakistan. It is 290 miles from Karachi.

HOUSE SEARCHES IN CAIRO

Hunt For Brotherhood Members

CAIRO, May 10 (PTI-Reuter): Four hundred Egyptian police aided by "citizen commandos" raided more than 700 houses today in Cairo's biggest man hunt for members of the outlawed Muslim Brotherhood Movement.

Scores of suspects rounded up included a man wanted in connection with the assassination of Egyptian Prime Minister, Nokrashy Pasha.

Large quantities of arms and explosives were seized. Police combed the densely populated districts of old Cairo and outlying suburbs as far as Fayum, 40 miles from the capital.

They were looking for Brotherhood members, suspected of last weekend's attempted murder of the President of the Chamber of Deputies, Hamed Guda Bey, and other terrorist action.

The police operation was continuing today.

British Bill To Nationalise Iron And Steel Industry

Tough Opposition Expected In House Of Lords

LONDON, May 9. (PTI-Reuter)— The House of Commons tonight passed a Bill to nationalise Britain's iron and steel industry, defeating an opposition motion for its rejection by 333 votes to 203.

The Bill now goes to the House of Lords. There its future is problematical, as the opposition in the Lords has a big majority.

If they throw the Bill out, it can become law within the lifetime of the present Parliament against their wishes, through the Parliament Act, passed by the Government to guard against such a contingency. This Act reduced the Lords' powers to delay legislation from two years to one.

Under the Steel Bill, all firms which mine more than 50,000 tons of iron ore a year or produce steel in any form other than cold rolled at a rate more than 20,00 tons, wil have their shares bought by the State.

Firms will remain separate and shares will be held by the Iron and Steel Corporation of Great Britain, which will be roughly similar to the Board which runs the nationalised coal industry.

Insurgents Trapped Near Mandalay

RANGOON, May 9. (API)—Reinforcements have been rushed to Zathabyin South-east Burma, where 600 rebels are attacking an outpost "from all sides" and heavy fighting is in progress, a Government communique said tonight.

Aircraft are bombing the rebels it added.

Zathabyin is 20 miles north-east of Moulmein.

In Central Burma, the Government troops are "preparing to enter" the important rail town of Yamethin, which is controlled by White Band (anti-Government) volunteer force.

South of Mandalay fleeing insurgents have been "trapped" in a Buddhist monastery, the communique said.

This followed a Government success in repulsing a combined White Band and Communist attack on Sagaing, river town near Mandalay, the communique added.

NEW ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSIONER

WASHINGTON, May 10— President Truman yesterday nominated two members to the U. S. Atomic Energy Commission, subject to approval by the Senate.

The nominees are Gordon Dean, University of Southern California professor of law and former assistant to the U.S. Attorney General, and Henry DeWolf Smyth, professor of physics at Princeton University and author of an official report on atomic-energy application, which was published in 1945.

Both men are to testify before a congressional atomic committee on Thursday.

The President also accepted the resignation from the commission of Robert F. Bacher, a scientist who is returning to private life after two-and-a-half year's service.

Consisting of five men, under the chairmanship of David E. Lilienthal, the U.S. Atomic Energy Commission is an all-civilian group while guides the development of atomic research in the United States and advises Congress and the President on the application of atomic energy.

The commission will be brought to full strength with the new changes, since another member, W. W. Waymack, midwestern newspaper editor, resigned several months ago. The appointees were named to serve until June 1950.—USIS.

NO SOVIET VISAS

CANBERRA, May 10 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Soviet authorities in Germany have refused to give exit visas to the wives and families of certain German scientists brought to Australia by the Australian Government, it was learned authoritatively today. The Commonwealth Government is understood to be asking for their release.

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(5) Instrument Repairer II.
(6) Radar Operator II.
(7) Wireless Operator Mechanic II.

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(i) Certificate of consent from parent or guardian attested by a responsible Government Official.
(ii) Certificate of good moral character from the Headmaster/Principal of their school.
(iii) Matriculation Certificate (original or attested copy) or its equivalent.

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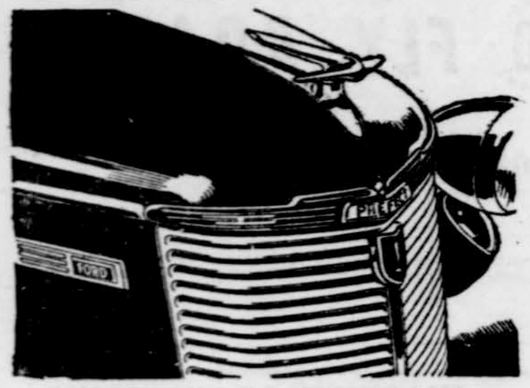

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BLOOD AND TEARS IF IRISH PARTITION IS CONFIRMED

DUBLIN, May 10 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Patrick MacGilligan, Eirean Finance Minister, told a Dublin audience last night that the consequences of Britain's Ireland Act confirming Irish partition "may be blood and tears."

"Everything in Ireland's national life makes for enthusiasm for the Atlantic Pact, but the Pact has now been reduced for us to something like a sham and a mockery by the attitude that the British Government has taken," Mr. MacGilligan asserted.

Mr. John Costello, Prime Minister and Opposition leader Mr. Eamon de Valera yesterday formed a united front to arouse Irishmen all over the world to protest against the Bill, second reading of which the Prime Minister Mr. Clement Attlee will move in the House of Commons to-morrow.

MAKE THOROUGH ENQUIRY INTO AMARNATH AFFAIR

Prof. Deodhar's Appeal To Nehru And Sardar

POONA, May 10 (API):

Prof. D. B. Deodhar, the veteran Maharashtra cricketeer, today called for a "thorough enquiry" by an impartial tribunal into the Amarnath affair in particular and into the working of the Board of Control for Cricket in India, in general.

APPEAL TO LEADERS

Prof. Deodhar, a former vice-president of the Board of Control, and one of the selectors of the Indian cricket team that toured Australia, appealed to Pandit Nehru and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel to appoint such an impartial tribunal.

An enquiry on the lines of the Beaumont enquiry in 1936 was urgently called for into the affairs of the Board, especially after the end of the last war, he said.

It was an irony of fate that the Indian Cricket Controlling Board and Amarnath should be involved again after 13 years to illustrate once more the serious malaise the Board was suffering from. "We have not unfortunately learnt anything from the 1936 debacle," Prof. Deodhar said.

'STINKING AFFAIR'

He added: "But now that the whole stinking affair has been thrown on the streets, it is upto Sardar Patel and Pandit Nehru, who have recently started taking keen interest in sport by giving their patronage to vast schemes formulated by the Board President, to ensure in the interests of India's reputation in the international arena that the affairs of the Cricket Board are run on proper democratic lines."

"The sport loving public would like to appeal to them to appoint an impartial tribunal to go deep into the affairs of the Board with particular reference to the selection, management and finances of the Indian teams which played against England in 1946, against Australia in 1947 and against West Indies in 1948." Prof. Deodhar said.

SUSSEX BEAT LANCASHIRE

County Cricket In England

LONDON, May 10. (PTI-Reuter): Cricket results:

At Birmingham: Warwickshire beat Gloucestershire by six wickets.

Gloucestershire 84 and 347 (Allen 89, Townsend five for 37). Warwickshire 269 and 166 for four (Dollery not out 69).

At Cardiff: Glamorgan vs. Hampshire match drawn.

Glamorgan 337 and 180 for eight declared (E. Davies 50, Parkhouse 55 Heath, rightarm medium, five for 100).

Hampshire 242 and 180 for five.

At Manchester: Sussex beat Lancashire by 95 runs.

Sussex 337 and 240 for two declared (John Langridge 129, C. Oakes not out 80).

Lancashire 293 and 189 (Washbrook 87).

Football Included In 1952 Olympics

CALCUTTA, May 10. (A.P.I.): Football will be included in the programme of the next Olympic Games, to be held at Helsinki in 1952 according to a communication from Sir Stanley Rous, Secretary of the Football Association, England to Mr. Dutt-Ray, Honorary Secretary of the All-India Football Federation.

Mr. Dutt-Ray told the Associated Press of India today that he had intimated the F.I.F.A., the body controlling world football, the All-India Federation's objections to the reported possibility of exclusion of soccer from the 1952 Olympic.

In view of the world-wide popularity of soccer, Mr. Dutt-Ray had suggested to F.I.F.A., that the semi-final and final games of 1952 Olympic Football should be held at Helsinki, and the preliminary rounds in England or elsewhere on the continent. If these were not possible, preliminary rounds or even the entire tournament might be arranged in India, he had further suggested.

FOOTBALL AT COOPERAGE

BOMBAY, Tuesday:

In the Summersgill Football Tournament this evening at the Cooperage Karnatak Sporting 'C' were beaten by Reserve Bank Sports by two goals to nil.

In the Day's Sport

HOCKEY

Association Ground

5-45 Panchgani Pansies vs. Greys 'A' (Semi-Finals—Hayes Cup).

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

5-30 G.I.P. Rly. vs. Rashids XI.

St. Xaviers College Ground, Parel

3-45 Rainbow 'B' vs. Elphinstone Mills.

4-45 p.m. Indian Hotels vs RIASC. (III Division Harwood League).

GIP Rly Ground, Parel

4-40 p.m. Kohinoor Mills vs Indian Tools.

5-40 p.m. St. Stephins vs. GIP Rly. 'C.' (IV Division Harwood League).

BILLIARLDS

Islam Gymkhana

6 p.m. to 8 p.m. H. Peeremahomed vs. M. K. Sathe. (W.I. Billards).

9 p.m. A. Barrett vs. A Claudius (W. I. Snooker).

DEMELLO LEAVES FOR EUROPE

Study Of Stadiums

BOMBAY, Tuesday: Mr. A. S. DeMello, President of the Board of Control for Cricket in India, left for Geneva by air today on a tour of the Continent and England. He will be back in India early in July.

In an interview on the eve of his departure, Mr. DeMello said that he will take advantage of his two months' tour to study the various stadiums in Europe including the Massaryk, the Slavia and the Strahov at Prague, the Roland Garros Tennis Stadium in Paris and the famous Sportsplatz of Berlin. This will help with the proposed Nehru Stadium and park of the National Sports Club which are expected to be completed by the end of 1950.

Mr. DeMello added that the plans of the Delhi stadium were being worked out and would be ready for consideration by the Club's Working Committee by the end of July.

Mr. DeMello stated that the construction of the proposed stadium of the Club in Bombay should not take long "as a suitable site is now available".

COMMONWEALTH TOUR

Mr. DeMello who will be in London by the end of this month will, in consultation with Mr. L. Livingston, sponsor of the Commonwealth cricket team to tour India, Pakistan and Ceylon next winter, finalise the arrangements for the tour including the selection of a captain.

Replying to a question on the Cricket Control Board's policy in sending D. K. Phadkar, the Indian all-rounder who is to be coached in England at the Indoor Cricket School run by Alf Gover, Mr. DeMello stated, "This will be a forerunner of an important policy of the Board".

He added that he proposed to recommend to the Board at its next meeting in July, the necessity of holding "benefit matches" in order to raise funds for the coaching of promising young cricketers.

ENGLAND WINS EUROPE TABLE TENNIS CUP

BRATISLAVA, May 10, (PTI-Reuter): England won the Europe Table Tennis Cup here by beating Czechoslovakia, the holders, 3-2, in the challenge round.

The world champion Johnny Leach won his two singles for England while Victor Barna, the England second string, won one and lost one.

Leach and Barna were beaten in the doubles by M. Marinko and F. Tokar.

Teams For Senior Division Of Harwood League

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The following teams have been selected to play in the Senior Division of the Harwood League Football, which is due to commence on Saturday the 14th instant.

Trades, Tatas, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay Amateurs, Burmah Shell, Goan Sports, St. Francis Goans, Rashid's XI, and Bombay Gymkhana.

SEQUEIRA WINS IN W.I. SNOOKER

Sanyal Beats Suntook In Billiards

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

In the Western India Billiards Tournament one match was played this evening, and Sanyal beat his opponent A. C. Suntook by nearly a hundred points in the two hours' play. At the end of the first hour's play, Sanyal was leading by 298 points to 232, and at the end of the scheduled time he had scored 481 points as against the 391 scored by Suntook.

A. R. Sequeira had to play three frames of Snooker before he got the better of his opponent P. D. Billimoria in the Western India Snooker Championship match that was also played this evening at the Islam Gymkhana. Losing the first frame at 27-47, Sequeira won the next two, and the scores in the last two frames were 50-40 and 57-18 in favour of Sequeira. Sequeira had two breaks of 14 to his credit, one he scored in the first frame and the other in the third and the last frame. Billimoria however went one better when he ran up a break of 15 in the second frame.

Giants' Jones Wins Third

NEW YORK, May 9, (U.P.A.): Sheldon Jones notched his third victory of the campaign today pitching the New York Giants to a 7-to-2 triumph over the last place Chicago Cubs.

Jones yielded nine hits but kept them well scattered. Sid Gordon and Willard Marshall each hit homers for the Giants.

Vern Bickford's three-hitter paced the Boston Braves to a 4-to-1 victory over the Pittsburgh Pirates. The Braves broke a 1-to-1 deadlock with single runs in the sixth, seventh and eighth innings. Murray Dickson was the loser.

Cincinnati at Philadelphia was postponed because of rain.

CLOSE FINISH

Above is the finish—close from all points of view—of the Stayers' Stakes at the Sandown Park May meeting last Wednesday showing Gordon Richards on Native Heath just winning from Sarda II ridden by Charlie Elliot.

MEN WHO COMBINE BIBLE STUDY AND ATHLETIC COMPETITION

By Cornelius Ryan

NEW YORK, (U.P.A.): Years ago it was considered undignified for a preacher or ministerial student to take part in sports, but today these person are among the athletic leaders of the nation, a development which helps both religion and sports.

Gil Dodds, one of the nation's great milers, is the best-known of these men who combine Bible study and athletic competition. Dodds, a minister in a Fundamentalist sect, preached at different churches each Sunday all during his seasons as a runner and the morning after he set a new world indoor mile record at 4:05.3 he was back in his small pulpit, telling a youthful congregation that "God gives me all my strength as a runner and as a man, and it was through Him that I set a record".

Another great track star who is a Minister is Pole Vaulter Bob Richards who consistently reaches 14 feet six or eight inches and won most of the indoor meets in which he competed during the 1949 season. Short and stocky Richards does not entwine his vaulting and his creed as fully as does Dodds, but he is just as earnest and sincere in the pulpit as is "Preacher Gil", who also was called the "Pounding Parson".

Basketball offers Jackie Robinson, formerly of Baylor University and now a Baptist preacher. Robinson led his team to the Olympic trial semi-finals and was himself chosen to the squad. Like Dodds and Richards, Robinson took part in sports on Saturday nights and was in the pulpit as guest preacher in small churches on Sunday mornings.

"I guess I always get more nervous just before starting to preach than just before a big game", Robinson admitted, "but I will make the Ministry my life work".

Paul Hinrichs, regarded as the best prospect among the New York Yankee baseball pitchers sent back to the minor leagues for more experience, is a Lutheran divinity student.

"Next year I will be ordained in the church and no matter how my baseball career goes I am determined to end in the Ministry. I am going to be a different type parson—I love children and I want to combine religion with athletic direction. I want my church to have a gymnasium, a basketball court and a football fields".

And welterweight boxer Vince Foster is a famed unofficial preacher. Foster, a one-time "bad-boy", was converted to religion while visiting Moody Bible Institute and now gives Bibles to all his friends and delivers lectures on living a simple Christian life.

VOLTERRA'S VAL DRAKE BACKED WELL

LONDON, May 9. (P.T.I-Reuter): Monsieur Leon Volterra's Val Drake, who won the Prix Hacquart at Longchamp on Sunday, was the best backed horse at the Victoria Club callover on the Derby tonight.

Val Drake closed at 18 to one.

The Prix Hacquart was won last year by M. Volterra's My Love before his success in the Derby.

A fair amount of business was transacted. Royal Forest, who is likely to be ridden by Gordon Richards, was quoted at nine to two, a clear favourite over Lord Derby's Swallow Tail, offered at five to one.

The Maharajah of Baroda's Jai Hind, third favourite at 10 to one at the previous callover, was not quoted tonight. Brown Rover, who easily beat Jai Hind at Lingfield on Saturday, was introduced at 18 to one on the same mark as Val Drake.

Nimbus, winner of the 2,000 Guineas, was well supported at 100 to eight, four points less thn last week.

Quotations were as follows: 9 to 2 against Royal Forest, 5 to 1 Swallow Tail, 100 to 8 Nimbus, 100 to 7 Hindostan, 18 to 1 Val Drake and Brown Rover, 20 to 1 Peter Flower, 22 to 1 Barnes Park, 25 to 1 Ridge wood, 33 to 1 Gades, Faux Tirage, Amour Drake and Lone Eagle.

CINDER TRACKS FOR ATHLETICS

Britain Badly Off

LONDON, May 9. (PTI-Reuter)—For a nation that has always taken part in international athletics and hopes to continue on a larger scale in the future, Britain is badly off for cinder tracks.

When the coming season starts on May 14, there will be less than 40 cinder tracks, some of them in poor condition, available to Britain's athletes. Most of the tracks are in and around London.

Britain cannot hope to make a serious challenge in world under such conditions. The United States and the Scandinavian countries are far from being short of tracks as their performances in international meetings have proved.

Athletics enthusiasts in Britain feel that the building of more tracks should be taken over by local councils as are the many cricket and football fields with their dressing and refreshment accommodation.

They maintain that the building of the tracks in all parts of Britain are as important to the youth of today as the laying out of the major summer and winter sports pitches.

Since there is little money in athletics in Britain, and the building of an athletic track would cost considerably more than a cricket or football pitch, it has been suggested that more spectacular events should be staged and ordinary meetings be made more attractive to spectators. In this way, it is felt, the cost of building the tracks would be maintained.

The season will get a good send off with an interesting event when two relay teams, 8 x 220 yards, from Polytechnic Harriers and Achilles Club, will make attempts on the three-minute mile, together. Achilles also hope to establish a record for the four x 220 yards.

Although there is no official record for the distance, an Oxford university team set up the best time for the half mile in 1937 with one minute 28 seconds. Achilles hope to better this performance at the same time as their eight men are racing against Polytechnic.

Achilles will have to place their four fastest men at one to four and it means that number four cannot pass his bation until he reached the 800 yards mark. Normally the changeover is made anywhere within the handing-over zones.

Six Probables For Today's Newmarket Stakes

LONDON, May 10, (PTI-Reuter): There are six probable runners for the Newmarket Stakes, to be run over one mile and a quarter at Newmarket tomorrow.

They are:—

Grani (T. Burn), Bronzino (Douglas Smith), Faux Tirage (Gordon Richards), Transatlantic (K. Gethin), Hindustan (W. Johnstone) and Helioscope (Edgar Britt).

Calcutta Football League Matches

CALCUTTA, May 10, (A.P.I.): The two matches played in the first division of the Calcutta Football League today resulted as follows:—

Mohan Bagan 3; Calcutta Garrison nil.

Bhowanipor 5; Dalhousie nil.

City To Meet Greys In Final

KILLEDAR CUP HOCKEY FOR WOMEN

BOMBAY, Tuesday:

Bombay City 'A' entered the final of the Killedar Cup Tournament for Women by virtue of their win over Lusitanians 'A'. The Lusis should have gained the day but it was a soft goal in the second period of play that gave the City worthy honours to play the final.

The City have to thank Sheila Rodrigues and also the defence for their splendid work. The Lusitanians had also a solid defence. Rose D'Souza gave an improved display as deep defender. The forwards failed miserably in goal area and this was an important lapse that cost them the match.

The Lusitanian pressed during the opening session and in the third minute should have gone ahead had Cissy D'Souza made capital of a pass from Pamela D'Souza. The City too had a wonderful breakaway but Margaret Chisholm, who had just the goalie to beat failed to shoot straight and glorious chance was missed.

The Lusis were calling the time and the City defence was constantly hard pressed. The finish of the Lusis forwards failed to bear fruit early on and a lucky lapse on the part of Esme D'Souza nearly gave the City another chance of opening their account had Myra Elliot beaten Assumption Marcarenhas the Lusis custodian but she brought off a brilliant save.

The City attack continued to function as before but were pushed back every time and when half time was called for neither side made any impression on the blank scoreboard.

After the breather, the City attacked desperately to get the all-important lead but there they found an insurmountable barrier in the Lusitanian defence, with Esnie playing up well.

It took the Lusitanian seven minutes to make their presence felt in the City area but unfortunately they were not at all effective in their thrust. Once again in the Lusis fortress, the City came very near to scoring point but their custodian Assumption saved well from Margaret Chisholm's hard drive. Sometime later, custodian Assumption once again came to rescue of the Lusitanians when she calmly averted a certain deflection by Phyllis Badal close-in shot.

It was only in the nineteenth minute that City were able to pierce the Lusitanian defence when Shiela Rodericks jumped on the ball after Lusis defender had ticked the ball beat custodian Assumpton with a neat placement off a capital pass frog a free hit taken by Louise Lyan. The City now meet the Greys 'A' in the final on Thursday.

The teams:— Bombay City 'A': Eileen Bamber; Freeda Freeman, Eve Edwards; Kathleen Gaittey, Louise Lynu, Jane Thornber; Myra Elliot, Margaret Chisholm, Sheila Rodricks, Phyllis Badal, Corrine Jackson.

Lusitanians 'A':— Assumption Mascarenhas; Esme D'Souza, Rose D'Souza; Mavis Braganza, Kitty Pettigrew, Pamela D'Souza; Elsa D'Souza, Cissy D'Souza, Jessy D'Souza, Joan Arklie, Hilda Robbins.

Umpires:— O. Fernandes and D'mello.

PAREL FOOTBALL

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The following were the results of the football matches played at Parel this evening:—

SECOND DIVISION (HARWOOD LEAGUE)

Telephones 1 (Alvares), Dockyard "C" nil.

Young Labour nil, Kerepet S. C. nil.

SECOND DIVISION (INDIAN FOOTBALL LEAGUE)

Greater Bombay Police 4 (Saxby 2, Arjun 2), Globe S. C. 2 (Marley 1, Shantia 1).

Yugoslavia Beat Austria 4—1 In Davis Cup

VIENNA, May 9. (PTI-Reuter)—Yugoslavia today beat Austria by four matches to one in their second round European Zone Davis Cup tie here.

They now meet Sweden or Norway in the third round. All four countries had first round byes.

Yugoslavia won both of today's matches. Their leading player, Branovitch, beat Czajkovsky, a young Pole assisting Austria, by 6-4, 6-3 and 6-4, and in the second singles match Drago Mitic beat the one armed Austrian Hans. Redl after a great struggle by 11-9, 5-7, 6-2, 5-7 and 8-6.

the Government.

NEWS IN BRIEF

SIMLA, May 9 (A.P.I.): The East Punjab Government have decided to refund arrears of house tax, water tax and other charges recovered from non-Muslim tenants occupying houses of Muslim evacuee landlords since partition, it is reliably learned here.

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AMBALA, May 9 (A.P.I.): The Board of Trustee of the "Tribune" passed a condolence resolution here yesterday on the death of Sir Manohar Lal who was a trustee of the "Tribune" for 30 years. Sir Manohar Lal died on May 1.

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RAWALPINDI, May 9 (P.T.I-Reuter): The Central Plebiscite Advisory Committee held its first meeting here this morning. Nawab Mushtaq Ahmed Gurmani, Pakistan Minister without portfolio and Chairman of the Committee, presided.

HOW TO BE A HOLLYWOOD STAR

HOLLYWOOD (UPA): A director who's been turning stage-struck kids into world-famous movie queens for almost 30 years named ten things a girl needs to be a star-and a shapely chassis was last on his list.

Curves ll get you whistles at Hollywood, said Director-Producer Clarence Brown. But they won't get your name on any of those 5,000-a-week dollars pay cheques.

"The first thing you need", he said, "is intelligence. A girl has to be bright to be an actress. If she ever gets to the top, she has to be brilliant."

Next came an "interesting" face.

"Not beautiful, necessarily," Brown added. "Many actresses have turned up with gorgeous faces and never hit the public fancy. I am a gentleman. I will not name names. But there are a lot of beautiful mugs in the movies that belong to nice girls who'll never be top stars.

"By interesting, I mean a face that reflects feeling.

"Third-you have to be industrious. There's no easy way to the top in the movies. You have to work until you drop in your tracks. If you're laz/ some other actress will beat you to the good roles every time."

Those were the three. But the next seven, Brown said, were important, too.

Four—a good disposition. "This may sound peculiar, but movie-making involves a lot of other actors, writers, directors, crewmen, etc. The more they like you the more they help you to success. And if you're temperamental, well....lights have been known to fall on actresses' heads....accidentally....."

Five—An instinctive and an acquired knowledge of stagecraft. "You have to know that good acting is and then find out how to do it yourself."

Six—The ability to take instructions. "I call it a special kind of genius. The producer and director know what they want, and you won't get anywhere acting temperamental."

Seven—An ability to wear clothes well.

Eight—A feeling for people. "No great artist in any line ever become great without a superb instinct and love for just plain humanity."

Nine—A good memory.

Ten—And, wa-a-a-ay down at the bottom, comes what most sweater girls figure the best and only way to crash the glittering never-never land of Hollywood.

BURTT HELPS NEW ZEALANDERS WIN

Captures 7 Worcester Wickets For 102

WORCESTER, May 10 (PTI-Reuter) The New Zealand Cricket Team won the first match of their English Tour this evening, when they beat the Worcestershire county team by 150 runs.

The New Zealander began the last day of their match against Worcestershire in fine and sunny weather here today. On a firm wicket they carried their second innings overnight score of 207 for five to 220 for 5 before declaring 366 runs ahead.

F. Smith increased his innings to 45 not out.

After lunch Worcester lost three further wickets in half an hour for the addition of 20 runs. This collapse was started by Hayes bowling Jenkins. Wyatt was caught at the wicket when 46. White shared the same fate in the same over. Wyatt batted one and half hours and had one six and five fours Yarnold also fell to the Mooney-Burtt combination. Perks provided Burtt with his seventh wicket of the innings but Howorth hit him for 15 in an over including a six. Jackson joined in the work of spoiling the leftarm bowler's figures with another six. Two more sixes by Howorth gave him 54 in 38 minutes and the last wicket stand passed the 50 marks. They added 59 before Jackson was run out endeavouring to give his partner the bowling and New Zealanders gained their first victory of the tour by 150 runs. Burtt's match figures were 11 for 182.

New Zealanders beat, Worcestershire by 150 runs Worcestersirre in the second innings were all out for 216.

Headlee was 7 not out. Extras 10, Total 220 for 5 declared.

New Zealanders second innings: Fall of wickets 1 for 62, 2 for 137, 3 for 151, 4 for 203, 5 for 203.

Bowling analysis: Perks 11|0|47|0. Bird 3|0|28|0. Jackson 15|2|62|2, Howorth 14|1|45|3, Jenkins 6|0|28|0

WORCESTERSHIRE (2nd Innings)

E. Cooper st. Mooney b Burtt 26, R E. Bird b Burtt 31, D. Kenvon c Mooney b Hayes 1, R. E. Kenyon c. Mooney b Hayes 1, L. Outschooan st Mooney b Burtt 16.

Wyatt c Mooney b Burtt 46, Jenkins b Hayes 5, A.F.T. White c Mooney b Burtt 13, H. Yarnold c Mooney b Burtt 0, Howorth not out 62, R. Peaks c Wallace b Burtt 1, P. Jackson run out 8. Extras 7 TOTAL 216.

FALL OF WICKETS: 1|44, 2|49, 3|68, 4|107, 5|116, 6|122, 6|132, 7|132 8|143, 9|157.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

Hayes 16|5|34|2
Cresswell 12|3|30|0
Reid 3|0|9|0
Burt 29|5|102|7
Burke 9|3|28|0
Sutcliffe 2|0|6|0.

JUPITER BEAT ORIENTAL

Inter-Insurance Trophy Claimed By Jupiter For Second Year

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Jupiter General Insurance claimed the Inter Insurance Trophy for the second year in succession. They won by a margin of 95 runs over Oriental Sports Club. By lunch time today, Oriental were dismissed on adding only 52 runs to their overnight score of 128 for 6 wickets.

Mamsa, who was batting with 27 to his credit, doggedly played on and carried his bat for 64, when he was unlucky to be stumped by Jukar off Kharwa. It was the last wicket stand of M. S. Bagli and Mamsa that troubled the Jupiter attack. This last wicket partnership added 29 runs and were making a bold and fighting bid for victory when Mamsa was stumped. Mamsa's 64 included 9 fours.

M. S. Shetty claimed two victims this morning to steal the bowling honours of the day. He returned an excellent bowling analysis of 2 for 18. M. S. Kharwa and G. R. Shrikhande each took one wicket this morning.

The following were the scores:—

JUPITER GENERAL INSURANCE: (first Innings)	269.
ORIENTAL SPORTS CLUB: (first Innings)	150.
JUPITER GENERAL INSURANCE (second Innings)	156.
ORIENTAL SPORTS CLUB (second Innings):—	
J. Y. Desai b. G. R. Shrikhande	16
J. G. Ayare b. Shroff	2
S. S. Sambare b. Ajgaonkar	6
R. G. Gharat c Bhatkar b. Shrikhande	16
S. S. Divekar b. K. D. Patel	14
M. S. Mhatre c and b. Kharwa	14
A. Mamsa s. Jukar b. M. S. Kharwa	64
R. S. Mhatre b. Shrikhande	26
P. D. Engineer b. Shetty	11
B. S. Shetty l.b.w. M. S. Shetty	0
M. S. Bagli not out	9
Extras	11
Total	180

Fall of wickets:— 1 for 4; 2 for 17; 3 for 41; 4 for 60; 5 for 62; 6 for 82; 7 for 130; 8 for 151; 9 for 151; 10 for 180.

Bowling Analysis:—

	O.	M.	R.	W
V. M. Ajgaonkar	10	4	16	1
G. R. Shroff	6	2	10	1
M. S. Kharwa	24	6	54	2
G. R. Shrikhande	31	18	42	3
K. D. Patel	8	1	21	1
M. S. Shetty	5	1	18	2
D. Y. Vagal	2	0	9	0

GOOD RESPONSE FOR BRITISH GRAND PRIX

Well-Known Internationals To Take Part

LONDON, May 9. (PTI-Reuter)—An indication that motor racing is fast rehabilitating itself is the large number of entries received for the British Grand Prix, to be held at Silverstone, on May 14, and the British Empire Trophy race, at Douglas, Isle of Man, on May 26.

Twentynine entries have been received for the Grand Prix, which was previously known as the Royal Automobile Club Grand Prix, the drivers represent eight countries—France, Switzerland, Italy, Belgium, Monaco, Siam, the United States and Britain. They include Luigi Villoresi, the Italian winner of last year's Grand Prix, who will be driving a Masserati.

A large number of last minute entries for the Empire trophy which is organised by the British Racing Drivers Club, gives the event a truly international flavour, but at the same time it was responsible for the organisers calling a meeting to decide which entries to accept, as too many had been received.

Villoresi has also entered for this race and his return to the Isle of Man will be an interesting feature of the event. Villoresis last appearance at Douglas was 13 years ago as a young and comparatively unknown driver. He returns this year as an acknowledged master of the sport and will be driving a two-staged supercharged Maserati.

Added interest will be the first appearance on a road circuit of yet another Italian car—the Ferrari. This latest Grand Prix car is a 12-cylinder and has been entered by Scundaria Ferrari. It will be driven by an Englishman, Peter Whitehead, who returns to racing after a year's absence following an air crash.

Well-known Belgian, French and other international drivers will be competing against Britain's best.

The Bombay Chronicle

The sum of wisdom is that the time is never lost that is devoted to work. —EMERSON.

NO EXPLOITATION OF CHILDREN

In his presidential address to the fifth session of the All-India Basic Education Conference Dr. Zakir Hussain observed that the memory of Mahatma Gandhi was invoked by all kinds of people today without fully understanding his message. It may be said of the concept of Basic education too that many use that term understanding it differently, but all invoke the name of Gandhiji in support of their views. Some understand the term to mean only primary education, including naturally some suitable hand-work. Others suggest that the hand-work should be remunerative so that the child can later use the handicraft as a source of income. Others still declare that true Basic education is that in which all instruction is "centred" on some craft or crafts. This was the view generally supported by most persons at the Wardha Conference. A few went further and insisted that genuine Basic education must be substantially self-supporting. We believe that this last view was held by Gandhiji, though he generally approved of the scheme of the Wardha Conference, since called the Wardha Scheme. Nor that it is proposed by all Congress Governments to make Basic Education compulsory on a wide scale, it is necessary to define the term unequivocally. It is also necessary that any scheme of Basic Education should be judged on its own merits, without needlessly involving Gandhiji's name in the controversy.

The controversy about Basic Education is mostly about the time to be devoted to craft work. A Committee of the Wardha Conference recommended that 3 hours and 20 minutes in a daily regime of 5 hours and 30 minutes should be reserved for the theory and practice of the craft, probably in the belief that this would make the education fairly remunerative. We have strongly opposed this over-emphasis on craft work on the grounds that craft-work beyond the stage of instruction for the sake of income would be exploitation of the children rather than education and that little time would be left for the other necessary subjects in a primary school. In the experimental Basic schools in Bombay only 2 hours were devoted to craft-work. This was an improvement on the Wardha Committee's scheme but we should prefer allotting only 1-1/2 hours for the subject.

Attempts are again being made to give as much more time to craft-work as may be necessary to make primary education self-supporting. At the Conference in question, Mr. Vinoba Bhave emphasised this view on the ground that primary education cannot otherwise be made universal. Most progressive countries have made primary education free and compulsory without compelling the children to pay for their education through long hours of work for months and years. India can do likewise. In any case she must refuse to exploit children to get the funds which the State, that is the public, must provide. Dr. Zakir Hussain also supported the principle of making Basic education self-supporting through craft-work. Referring to Government's limiting compulsory education to five years for the present owing to financial difficulties, he asked Government "to realise that productive labour was much more easily possible in the higher grades and that, if basic schools of eight years had been established there was a reasonable likelihood of the system becoming self-supporting". Government realises all this quite well but, we believe, is unable to extend compulsory education to seven or eight years because it refuses to make even the older children pay for the State education. Attempts should, of course, be made by Government to extend the period of compulsory education. But the necessary funds must come from the earning public and not from the children who need to be given an all-round education. Craft instruction is approved by the public as a means of imparting manual skill and dexterity to the child and also of enabling it later to use that craft, if necessary, as a means of living. By all means give the child all the instruction necessary for this purpose. But for the sake of fairness to the child do not compel it to ply its craft longer, only to bring a little income to the State. That is not education. It is downright exploitation and must be stoutly opposed by the public.

The Commonwealth Formula

In his broadcast on the Commonwealth Conference and the formula, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru observed that he was speaking more to his critics who had charged him with going back on the country's political objective than to those many more, who were pleased with the result of his labours. We are afraid that he has taken the critics too seriously, far more seriously than they take themselves. In the context of Free India, it is not enough to say that being in the Commonwealth is a disadvantage. It has to be shown how not being in the Commonwealth is going to benefit the country and the people. Pandit Jawaharlal has told us that he has secured for India a place of honour and respect in the Commonwealth without committing her to any foreign policy, alliance or military pact. The independent, sovereign, republic status of India has been asserted and it has been accepted by the other members of the Commonwealth. To demand over all this that India should get out of the Commonwealth is to indulge in dangerously childish whims which have no relation to the realities of the present international situation. Even, if India had gone out of the Commonwealth, she would have had to seek alliances. As Pandit Jawaharlal pointed out, alliances must mean mutual commitments. And membership of the Commonwealth in a free association of sovereign nations does not involve any commitments.

In asserting that it was open to any member to leave the Commonwealth, Pandit Jawaharlal was pointing out the theoretical basis of Commonwealth relations rather than advancing an argument for the formula. Though the freedom to secede is undoubtedly there, the London Conference has made it more difficult. Before the Conference, under the Statute of Westminster, the Commonwealth relation was one which concerned each Dominion and Britain. A decision to secede could be effective if it was taken by any Dominion and accepted by the Imperial Parliament. Practice had modified this position but the London Conference set the final seal on that practice. The threads linking the different parts of the Commonwealth run not only between London and each Dominion capital but even between each Dominion capital and every other Dominion capital. They therefore the more difficult to sever and it will be necessary to give considerably more thought to the subject, and in many places too, before deciding on severance. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru gave the final answer to critics when he said that in a world torn by dissension it was unwise and dangerous to add another dispute. The emphasis on the formula as the conclusion of differences between India and England was a singularly happy note struck by the Prime Minister.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

TOKYO, May 9 (UPA): Some American officials in Japan are wondering if the United States would be obliged under the Atlantic Pact to help defend Hong Kong if Chinese Communists attack it. Reliable British quarters here are sure that the Communists will attack the British Crown colony. One informed British source said it is not a question of "if" it will be attacked, but of "when".

* * *

The minority problem in East Punjab, says a New Delhi report, has reached a crucial stage with the issues centering mainly on the Sikhs' demand for the recognition of Punjabi in Gurmukhi script as the 'lingua franca' of the whole province and 40 per cent representation for the community in the provincial services.

This Mr. Bhopatkar and the Hindu Mahasabha will be constrained to oppose as anti-national. But the demand for a separate Sikh province on a linguistic basis is another matter and the Sikhs will be better advised to urge it forward as an acceptable alternative.

* * *

According to Dr. D. R. Gadgil, Director of the Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics (Poona) who is an enthusiastic advocate of a United Maharashtra Province, though the dominant forces in the country today appeared to be arrayed against its cause, it was to be welcomed "that the Socialists, Communists and other leftist parties supported the formation of such a province".

For instance, of course, that great Leftist Party, the Hindu Mahasabha.

* * *

When the Indian complaint came up before the U.N. Political Committee, the Belgian Chairman, M. Fernand Van Langenhove, said he had to make a "rather embarrassing" decision as to who should be the first speaker.

But we are sure both Mr. Eric Louw and his own—er—conscience forgave him in the end. Belgium voted against India.

* * *

Mr. Louw, for South Africa, explaining why he had asked for priority said he had made his request not for the purpose of getting it first.....

But for the purpose of getting the whole question out of the Committee first.

* * *

When after the preliminary Indo-South African debate on procedure, the vote was taken in the Political Committee, "the abstaining countries", the report says included the U.S., Britain and Australia; those voting against the proposal included Holland and Belgium".

We are interested. Very interested.

BRITAIN'S BLUNDER IN DEALING WITH EIRE

Labour Govt.'s Bill, An Attempt To Perpetuate Partition

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

The Labour Government has definitely committed a blunder in introducing in the Bill, settling the status of Irish citizens, assurances to Northern Ireland that in "no event will Northern Ireland or any part thereof cease to be part of His Majesty's Dominions and of the United Kingdom without the consent of the Parliament of Northern Ireland."

The Socialist Government had, with good grace, accepted the decision of Eire to leave the Commonwealth and even shown a measure of generosity in deciding not to treat the citizens of the Republic of Ireland as aliens. The Bill has been introduced to give effect to this friendly gesture. But unfortunately the Bill does not confine itself to this noble purpose. It goes out of its way to give assurance to Northern Ireland that the partition would be maintained if it so desired.

AFFRONT TO IRISH PEOPLE

The Irish people have naturally taken this as an affront. Instead of promoting feelings of friendship, which the Bill was intended to do, it has actually aroused bitterness. The additional misfortune is that the Bill was introduced on the very day that De Velera was dwelling on the injustice of the partition before a large London audience. The Irish consider it a dirty manoeuvre on the part of Britain to perpetuate partition.

De Velera referring to the clause giving assurances to Northern Ireland said: "It is the worst thing that has happened for the relations between the two countries since 1920. By virtually perpetuating the partition of our country to serve the cause of a majority in one corner of it because they happen to agree with you (British), you are setting every Nationalist against you."

"I am an old man now," continued De Velera, "and maybe there is not much I can do for Ireland, but I tell you—and I know the feeling of my countrymen in Ireland—that you are compelling the young people over there to see no hope of the reunion of their Motherland except through your downfall." I do not want to feel enmity against Britain, but how can I feel friendly for her when she is taking sides with a minority in my country against the wishes and will of the vast majority of the people."

BRITAIN'S TRICKERY

The Press in Ireland is furious "The partition" says the "Irish Press," "was achieved by trickery and double-dealing. In 1921 Lloyd George pledge himself that only a boundary in strict accordance with the wishes of the inhabitants would be drawn up, and persuaded the men who signed the Treaty that the resultant partitioned area being too small to maintain a separate existence, unity would come automatically. Four years later, when the matter came to test, he took a diametrically opposite view and the British Government declared that that they had never intended anything but minor rectification." The game still goes on, says the journal and once again "Britain has made it clear that she has no intention of withdrawing her interference in Irish affairs. More blatantly than ever, she shows that she is for her own purposes backing up a minority in the Six Counties (Northern Ireland) which she has placed in a position of holding a perpetual majority."

In Armagh, Tyrone, Fermanagh and Derry, there is a bloc of four of six partitioned Counties, which voting as a unit, would undo Partition in the morning. Only two counties stand for the partition and even inside these there are strong virile National groups." Says another journal, Partition originated with an exclusively British vote. Now the same Parliament is being asked to perpetuate it.

The Socialists, says "Irish Independent," like the Liberals and the Tories before them, have toed the line. They are doing a bad day's work for the relationship between the Irish people and the British people. Is it by such methods, asks the journal, that they can hope to win the respect, not to speak of the friendship of the Irish nation?

APPEAL TO WORLD OPINION

Having appealed in vain to England's sense of justice, Ireland can now appeal to world opinion in her demand for the re-integration of her ancient territory." The reunion of Ireland is indeed essential for the development of the country. The economy of the two parts is complementary. While north is industrial, the South is agricultural. Ireland had been one unit throughout its history until 1929 when its liberation was bitter, coated with partition. The decision of the British Government to guarantee the maintainance of the present artificial border means that even the four counties that are for reunion with Eire would not be allowed to do so unless the Parliament of Northern Ireland had given its consent. But no Irishman seriously contemplates the return of these four counties. They want complete annulment of the partition. The British decision has made the Irishmen furious and accusing Britain of defying every rule of justice and democracy in creating the partition and now seeking to perpetuate it. In the turmoil, the fact that Britain is not treating Irishmen as foreigners is completely forgotten. One cannot say what the future has in its womb. But this much is certain that the British action in giving assurances to North Ireland would reinforce the determination of Irishmen to undo the partition. The Irishmen who won their liberation after almost epic sacrifices are sure that they would break the partition as they broke their chains.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Sharing The Loot

It is not much of a shocking news that according to a PTI-Reuter report from London, Britain and Italy have made an arrangement aimed at giving Italy United Nations trusteeship over Tripolitania (the Western half of Libya) within two years. Cyrenaica, the Eastern half and adjacent to Egypt, had been earmarked by Britain and her allies for the former. With the evacuation of Egypt and Palestine, a strategical substitute had to be found in Mediteranean Africa. Cyrenaica has the advantage also of being near Malta. And, of course, the British could lay claim to Cyrenaica on the basis of military "sacrifices" in that area. Tripolitania had to be "awarded" to some one else. Italy was chosen by Britain's allies presumably for two reasons: to keep the Soviet Union out and to reinstate Italy among the European exploiters of "colonial" peoples. Britain had so far withheld its support to Italy's "claims" which were accepted and advocated by a United States interested in rehabilitating Imperialist Italy and keeping the Soviet Union out of the Mediterranean and by a France profoundly interested in protecting its own imperialist possessions across the border against any contagion of Communism or Arab independence. Britain, however, has now agreed to Italy sharing the spoils. The whole affair of the disposal of Italian colonies has now reduced itself to something like the distribution of the proceeds of robbery in the spirit of amicable, give-and-take understanding. But what an outrageous and colossally treacherous betrayal by the so-called democracies it is of a solemnly pledged word and, therefore, of honesty and morality!

Impending Betrayal

The question of Spain and the U.N. resolution about the diplomatic boycott of Franco Spain is now before the U.N. Political Committee. The resolution passed a long while ago was itself feeble because there was no sanction not even a mandatory demand behind the directive to U.N. members to withdraw their diplomatic representatives from Madrid. It was never a complete success. And very soon it will fail completely. What is more, Franco Spain will eventually be welcomed as a member of the U. N. family on General Franco's own terms. The democracies who had sworn eternal and implacable enmity against Fascism and crypto-Fascism, are now only too eager to forgive or, more correctly, to be forgiven by that friend of Hitler and Mussolini, the Caudillo of Spain. But what is regrettably surprising to us is that the Arab States should support Franco Spain. Spain dominates over a great part of Arab North Africa as ruthlessly if not more than any other imperialist country. Why do the Arab States imagine as they seem to do, that General Franco would be more kindly disposed towards Spanish African Arabs than a democratic regime in Spain? May be they recall that he seized power with the help of Moorish troops. But they do not seem to be aware of an otherwise universally known reality that General Franco's power is sustained, and for good reason, by the Spanish Church and clergy. General Franco has no intention of granting even a pseudo liberal deal to Arabs, much less to treat an Abdul Krim less brutally than a Primo di Rivera would have done. In fact, more.

Sikh Demands

The Sikhs in East Punjab have made a number of demands including the creation of a separate Punjabi-speaking province, special political rights for Sikh backward tribes like those granted to Hindu backward classes, the same rights to the Sikhs in other provinces as are given to other communities, and adequate share for Sikhs in the services, Central and Provincial. If the Constituen Assembly recognises the principle of reservation of rights on a communal basis, it will be difficult to withhold from the Sikhs what is their due on that basis. But if a few concessions are temporarily given to very backward and hitherto unjustly treated communities like the Harijans, similar concessions cannot be reasonably claimed by any section of a virile and enterprising community like the Sikhs. However, we do not expect the Constituent Assembly to countenance the principle of communal reservation. As regards a separate province for the Sikhs, we do not think it possible to carve out such a province so as to make it viable even by the inclusion of the Sikh States. In any case the Congress Working Committee has definitely decided that for the present at least the question of reconstitution of provinces in northern India cannot be entertained.

Martyrs' Memorial

To associate the names of distinguished persons with streets, roads, squares or circles is a popular and impressive form of memorial. But it is an honour which should be distributed judiciously and sparingly; but freedom appears to have made India more enthusiastic about it. Perhaps the movement for revising place-names is a reaction to the practice introduced during the British rule of attaching the names of Viceroys, Governors and other high officials to prominent localities. The agenda of Bombay's Municipal Corporation frequently shows proposals for re-naming streets in the city. Now we find that the range of such a memorial movement is extending to entire villages or towns. The council of the United Provinces Provincial Congress Committee has urged in a resolution that the villages in the Province should be renamed after the martyrs who had died in the freedom struggle. Any nation, which attains freedom, should honour the heroes who had fought and died for it. We hope that the Government of India will give timely guidance to the country in the matter of perpetuating the memory of martyrs and other celebrities. The forms of such memorials should be selected, not at random, but with vision and imagination.

Definite Policy Needed

The renaming of entire villages is a proposition which cannot be considered in a moment of enthusiasm or political fervour. Numerous villages are of historical interest. Mention has been made of not a few of them in copperplates, stone inscriptions and ancient literature; and they are easily identified by their current names even if the latter happen to be abbreviations or corruptions. The re-naming of such villages is likely to lead, in course of time, to the effacement of their historical identity and to the complication of the tasks of the historian in future. Martyrs, who came from rural areas, could be otherwise honourably commemorated while retaining names of the villages which might have some historical significance. Formulation of a definite policy is also needed with respect to the re-naming of streets and roads. The trend of events in the country gives reasons for the assumption that a street or road will, in future, be named after any person who might have attained some eminence in the political field or occupied a seat in a Municipal Council for some length of time. Mechanical substitution of the names attached to the localities during the British rule, with those of contemporary celebrities does not reflect ingenuity. The qualifications for such a civic honour ought to be outstanding; and they need not be exclusively political. Celebrities in the educational, scientific and cultural spheres should be treated at par with politicians. Again place-names should not be necessarily personal. Localities which might happen to be leading centres of intellectual professions, educational or cultural institutions or important trades can, with great advantage, be assigned names which would be impersonal and at the same time distinctive of their special features.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

The Hindu Code Bill

I.

Princess Prabhavati Raje's remarks on the Hindu Code Bill are both illogical and absurd. She does not want the Government of India as a secular state to interfere with religious matters, but she does not define what she understands by "religion". The mistake is often committed of regarding social and economic laws as part of religion. Every state should have the right to frame, amend and adopt new laws, to replace out-moded ones. In fact, in the secular state of India, there really ought to be uniform laws for all citizens, in regard to marriage, inheritance and allied matters, without any distinction of caste or creed. There should be nothing like separate laws for Hindus, Muslims, Parsis and other communities. Although the Hindu Code Bill is defective in this respect, it may be regarded as a step forward.

N. G. PARIKH.

II.

I am extremely surprised and shocked to read the unorthodox, illogical and absurd remarks of Rajkumari Prabhavati Raje of Dewas on the Hindu Code Bill. She has described this bill as stupid, absurd and a lunatic whim of the legislators. Not content with this, she challenges the competence of the Constituent Assembly. She has made great play with the phrase, "non-interference in religious matters." She observes that it has been guaranteed by the fundamental rights provided in the Constitution. What does she exactly mean by this? Has she at least cared to investigate the many undesirable things that take place in the name of our religion? Her conception of ancient Hindu tradition is no more than the expression of narrow-mindedness. The All-India Women's Conference and other organisations have supported the Hindu Code. Rajkumari Prabhavati, however, dismisses them with scant courtesy. I would request her to refrain from her propaganda against the Hindu Code and apply her talents to a better cause which will help the country more effectively.

ANIMESH BOSE

Bus Services

The failure of the running of Bus Services by such a competent and advanced body like the Ahmedabad Municipality, ought to serve as an eye-opener to those who have been advocating municipalization of private bus services. In two years, the public of Ahmedabad have realised that the service given by the private company was a hundred times better than that under municipal management.

The budget of 1949-50 cannot be balanced without increasing the fares of the buses. Public interests demand that the Government should now boldly come forward and ask those Municipalities which wish to take over the private bus services, to give an express guarantee on the following matters as conditions precedent:—

(1) That it will render more efficient service than is being given at present.

(2) That it will make at least as much profit as is being made on an average of 2 to 3 years by private Companies concerned and carry such profits over to relieve taxation, which is so heavy already.

(3) That it guarantees against losses, and, if there be any losses, they will not fall on the public. Virtually we have this condition in vogue under private managements as losses are borne by the Company itself.

(4) That the present fares will not be increased but will be reduced if and when possible.

N. N. LAKDAWALA.

Surat

A Rump Committee

I should very much like to know who are in the Press Advisory Committee today in our province. It is evidently in a great state of confusion owing to the sudden exit for one reason or other of leading journalists of the province. In the English Press, we have large gaps from those who might have filled a seat or two in the past and could have been induced to do so in the future. S. A. Brelvi was, of course, a pillar of the Committee and he cannot be replaced; Francis Low is out of Indian journalism; K. Srinivasan ("Stalin", as he is familiarly known to us all) has become an official of the A.I.N.E.C. and is not available for the Committee. Turning to the Gujerati Press, we miss two stalwarts, Amritlal Seth of the "Janmabhumi" and Samaldas Gandhi who has moved from "Vande Mataram" into the more congenial atmosphere of Saurashtra politics. Have these men been replaced by others and, if so, by whom? I hope we are not just carrying on with old signboards like the vakils.

"ANXIOUS JOURNALIST"

Even Editors are not immortal. As for replacements and spare parts, etc., we advise "Anxious Journalist" to take it easy. Worry never sold a problem. But the coming A.I.N.E.C. session at Bangalore will clean up everything and the Committees, if they are continued, will doubtless be reconstituted. For there can be Committees and there can be no Committees after an annual A.I.N.E.C. meeting but there cannot be makeshifts. Bombay has suffered heavily in the past year.—EDITOR.

Wake Up, The Press

I have read with amusement the letter of Mr. Dossal in your issue dated May 6. I have also seen your articles which, I take it, were intended to open up discussion and provoke thought. You have certainly got more than you bargained for. There can be no two opinions among pressmen on the subject of the press There can be no compromise between a free press and a subservient press, certainly no elaborate camouflage to hide the subservience. I entirely agree with you that a press which knows its position under the laws of the land and fears no sudden surprise attack from the Executive, is the most desirable. That was what the Press Advisory Committee was meant to do in times of emergency and stress; it could not restrain the Executive from unconstitutional acts but it sought to make it think several times before acting. It is for both sides to take stock of the situation and see how far the system now serves this purpose. I have a suspicion that the Government will be even more reluctant to allow the system to be scrapped than the A.I.N.E.C. would be. Personally from a rather unfamiliar knowledge of the working of the Press Advisory Committee, I should say, and I think not unfairly, that the function of the Committee changes with the times. Where it is antipathetic to the Government, it helps the Press; where it thinks, not like, but in sympathy with, the Government, it is a second line of defence for the Executive. Certainly it lacks the impartial objectivity of the judiciary.

L. D. BHATIA.

If the Press Advisory Committee is to be compared to anything else, it should be to a jury rather than a judge. It is supposed to furnish a kind of trial by one's peers. And the idea is to secure that no Editor or Journalist shall be punished without being first condemned by representative men of the profession. Objectivity is less important here than being in line with current thought and sentiment.—EDITOR.

CHEATING CHARGE AGAINST FORMER HYDERABAD MINISTER

HYDERABAD, May 10. (UPI)—A charge sheet against former Scheduled Caste Minister of the Laik Ali Government, Mr. B. S. Venkat Rao, has been filed in the court of the Special Magistrate, on the alleged charge of cheating the Hyderabad State Bank to the tune of Rs. 5,000.

According to the prosecution story, Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung Bahadur the then Minister for External Affairs, presented a cheque for a sum of Rs. 5,000 to the accused Mr. B. S. Venkat Rao, with a request to hand it over to one Mr. Mohan V. Raj, a Harijan worker, for improving the lot of certain Harijans, Mr. Venkat Rao, it is alleged, never handed over the cheque to Mr. Mohan V. Raj, and instead forged his signature and drew money from the State Bank.

Mr. Venkat Rao is at present under house-arrest, as are the other Ministers of the Laik Ali Government.

OPEN AIR

The Asoka tree, (Saraca Indica) must not be confused with the Polyalthia longifolia of which one of the vernacular names is also Asoke. The Asoka proper is an evergreen tree bearing a heavy crown of foliage. The leaves are compound, and the leafstalk bears from four to six pairs of fairly large leaflets which are smooth and rather shiny. The young leaves of the Asoka, like those of the mango and many other trees, are at first bronze in colour, and hang down from the branches until they have grown to their full size and thickness of texture. Just now, the Asokas are in flower and the trees are covered with their thick clusters of flowers. When these first open they are bright orange in colour, but they gradually turn red, and each cluster has a delightfully shaded appearance, like the shading of colours in tapestry embroidery. The stamens and pistil are long and thread-like and protrude a long way beyond the four petals. The pods, which are red, are eight to ten inches long, and bear about six or eight grey seeds.

D. R.

ASOKA TREE

LOUW DENIES INDIAN ALLEGATIONS

Refers To Union's Respect For International Law

ASSEMBLY'S COMPETENCE TO HEAR SETALVAD'S PLEA QUESTIONED

LAKE SUCCESS, May 10 (PTI-Reuter)

MR. Eric Louw, leader of the South African Delegation reiterated in the United Nations Political Committee today, that the United Nations Assembly was not competent to entertain India's complaint about the treatment of Indians in South Africa.

Mr. Louw, in the course of a 6,00-word statement, said that the subject of the Indian complaint was essentially within the domestic jurisdiction of South Africa and as such was debarred from United Nations intervention.

He also said that the argument that the Assembly's resolutions of 1946 were binding on the present Assembly was destroyed by the fact that India's latest complaint covered new and wider ground. The leader of the South African Delegation said that whereas, in the past, India had confined herself to specific aspects of the treatment of South African Indians, the present complaint alleged that the Union Government was guilty of a "serious violation of the purposes and principles of the U.N. Charter" and of a "denial of human rights and fundamental freedoms on purely racial grounds to an important section of the population of the Union'.

DANGERS OF WRONG DECISION

Mr. Louw warned that the end of the United Nations might be hastened by a wrong decision on the right of the organisation to consider India's complaint.

Mr. Louw digressed only once from his jurisdictional argument to declare that South Africa "indignantly denied" the Indian allegations.

"The Union Government," he said, has never denied to its citizens, or any section of citizens those rights and freedoms which in International Law and usage have always been regarded as basic and fundamental".

Formally taking exception to the Committee's considering the Indian Government's complaint, Mr. Louw said paragraph II of Article 2 of the Charter "expressly excluded intervention by the United Nations in regard to a matter which is essentially within the domestic jurisdiction of any State". This discussion and the vote to be taken were vitally important not only to South Africa but also to every State represented in the Committee, Mr. Louw added. "The decision which the Committee will take on the issue which my Delegation has raised is of the greatest importance to the United Nations itself, and it may have far reaching effects on the future of the organisation, he said.

CONTRAVENTION OF ARTICLE 2

When the Indian complaint was heard in 1946 and 1947, the Committee had simply proceeded on the assumption that it was competent to deal with the matter. "The Assembly on both occasions exceeded its power under the Charter and in fact in contravention of the clear provisions of Article two (7)", he said.

The decision to be taken by the Committee must undoubtedly affect the rights of every member State, particularly the hitherto jealously guarded right or principle of national sovereignty. The smaller States which could not protect themselves by exercising the veto as the great powers did in the Security Council, would be particularly affected by any decisions impairing the rights enjoyed by autonomous States.

The latest Indian complaint against the Union went much further than previous complaints, as the Government of India now claimed the right to intervene not only on behalf of South Africa citizens of Indian racial origin, but also on behalf of "Asians" and "other non-whites" in the Union. "If such intervention is entertained by the United Nations it would mean that India or any other nation would, in future, be free to intervene on behalf of any racial group in any country, even though they be citizens of such country", Mr. Louw said.

"There could be intervention on behalf of racial groups or minorities in many of the countries represented in this Committee and perhaps for better reasons than India seeks to interfere on behalf of a section of the South African population. There are also the racial, and particularly the religious, groups in India itself, on whose behalf the intervention of the U.N. might be sought".

UNION'S DOMESTIC JURISDICTION

Mr. Louw said: "We say the matter is essentially within the domestic jurisdiction of the Union of South Africa, by reason of the fact the persons who are subject of the Indian Government's complaint are citizens of the Union of South Africa who are subject to the authority and jurisdiction only of the Parliament and the Government of the country of which they are citizens."

Mr. Louw welcomed a recent statement by the Indian Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, that Indians in South Africa were South African citizens and not Indian nationals. It was now clear added Mr. Louw that the U. N. was being asked to interfere in the relations between a State and its own citizens. Mr. Louw said that the only way to establish the intentions of the founders of the U. N. was to study the record of the discussions at San Francisco, on Article 2 (7) of the Charter. These, he said, showed the determination of the San Francisco conference, to safeguard the principle of non-interference on the domestic affairs of member States.

The attitude of the Indian Government was that the Assembly was entitled to intervene in a member State's domestic affairs on alleged violation of human rights.

Mr. Louw contested the argument that in article 56 of the Charter every signatory had pledged itself to observe or do certain things mentioned in Article 55 which included provisions for observance of fundamental rights and freedoms, firtly because of the overriding clause in Article 2 (7), secondly because the Charter did not in any of its articles describe or specify which human rights and fundamental freedoms were intended to be observed, and thirdly, the United Nations founders never intended that Article 56 in conjunction with Article 55 should provide an exception to Article 2 (7).

Quoting at length from the San Francisco discussions in support of his last point, Mr. Louw said "as far as South Africa is concerned, we stand by the Charter and by the declaration accepted by the plenary session of the San Francisco conference. We say that in accordance with the provision of the Charter as interpreted by the San Francisco conference the Assembly of the United Nations is not competent to entertain the complaint of the Indian Government and we ask the Committee to recommend accordingly." He said, "It is not only the smaller nations that will suffer if wrong decision should be taken on this most important issue. It may well hasten the end of the United Nations itself."

Stop Press

HUBLI VILLAGE DEFENCE CORPS HONOURED.

HUBLI, May 10. (A. P. I.): Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister of Bombay, yesterday gave away six Gadag certificates of merit to ten officers and men of the Village Defence Corps for their part during the Hyderabad Police Action.

MRS. SHARMA ARRESTED

NAGPUR, May 10, (A.P.I.): Mrs. Kusum Sharma, member of the Political Prisoners Aid Committee, was arrested here today under the Public Safety Act and removed to the Central Jail. She was leading a women's procession.

MANILAL GANDHI IN U.S.

NEW YORK, May 10, (U.P.A.): Mahatma Gandhi's oldest son, Manilal Gandhi, arrived here today "in my personal capacity as a journalist to observe what is going on at the United Nations and see the United States". He has left for Lake Success.

HYDERABAD ENGINEERS' STRIKE

HYDERABAD (Dn.), May 10. (A.P. I.): About a thousand subordinate engineers all over the Hyderabad State went on a two-hour pen down strike this morning, a spokesman of the Council of Action of the Hyderabad Subordinate Engineers Association, said today.

MOVE TO SAVE SAMBASIVAM

LONDON, May 10. (PTI-Reuter): Following up his representations to Lord Listowel yesterday regarding Sambasivam, who is now under sentence of death in Malaya, Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, High Commissioner for India, this morning called on the Prime Minister Clement Attlee.

MORARJI'S ADVICE TO KARNATAK.

HUBLI, May 10, (A. P. I.): Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister of Bombay, warned the people of Karnatak not to press their principle of "unification of Karnatak" to its "extremity" and advised them "to wait for the right time".

13 KILLED.

JORHAT (ASSAM), May 10, (A. P. I.): Fifteen persons—all members of marriage party—were killed in a motor accident near Teok police station, a few miles from here, early this morning.

RECEPTION TO KAMALADEVI

Members of the Textile Social Club of the Textile Commissioner's office arranged a reception to Kamaladevi Chattopadyaya.

Convicted For Extortion

MAGISTRATE COMPLIMENTS POLICE FOR SMART WORK

BOMBAY, Tuesday:

A man who claimed he had influence with very high personalities, ranging from Deputy Commissioner More to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India has been convicted of the offence of extortion.

The accused, Mahashankar Manishankar Vyas, although he was only a servant in a cloth shop at Mulji Jetha Market, claimed, he could influence, among others, Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister and last but not least, a mysterious Mr. Kaul, supposed to be a nephew of India's Prime Minister.

Vyas was a servant in Jethbhai Hirji and Sons of Mulji Jetha Market. He threatened his master and said he would expose his alleged blackmarketting activities in cloth, if he did not pay him hush money of Rs. 10,000. He sent his demands through another employee of the firm and subsequently followed it up by himself demanding the amount. His demands were that if within 24 hours after the expiry of November 29, 1947, he was not squared up, he would "let off his arrows and they would all of them be pierced." He had "considerable influence with Deputy Commissioner More, Mr. B. G. Kher and Mr. Morarji Desai".

The employer refused to pay the money and left for Calcutta. Then things began to hum. The accused approached the police and laid certain information before them which resulted in raids of the complainant's house and shop and endless interrogation of certain persons, and the examination of account books.

The complainant who was apprised of all this, rushed back to Bombay by the first available plane. The accused again contacted him and told him that even at that stage he was prepared to resume the interrupted negotiations. The first bid was for Rs. One lakh, which was beaten down to Rs. 10,000 after considerable haggling.

A. C. B. CONTACTED

The complainant, in the meanwhile had contacted the A.C.B. and Inspector Rao Saheb Shete was directed by Deputy Commissioner More to lay the usual trap. The complainant under instructions from the police went to the residence of the accused at Ramwadi, early on the morning of January 13. It is stated that the accused had a taxi with certain persons waiting in it to take away the money as soon as it passed hands.

But the police were too quick. Only Rs. 4,000 out of the total of Rs. 10,000 in marked money had been transferred from the complainant to the accused when the waiting police officers swooped down and put the accused under arrest.

After a protracted trial, Mr. K. J. Khambatta, presidency magistrate, Esplanade, sentenced him to one year's R.I. and a fine of Rs. 1,000 or in default another six months.

In the course of his judgment the magistrate remarked: "The accused's conduct has been reprehensible in the extreme. He had been well-treated by the complainant. He thought of getting rich by blackmailing his Seth and trying to extort moneys from him. He has put the complainant to immense trouble by lodging false complaints against him for black marketting. He caused raids to be made on the complainant's shop and godown. He had the complainant harassed by police interrogation for days together. The allegation of black marketting was supported by trumping up perjured witnesses and by lengthy harassing cross-examination."

The magistrate also paid a compliment to Inspector Rao Saheb Shete for doing "a smart bit of work in bringing the accused to book."

Mr. Chellashankar D. Vyas appeared for the accused and Mr. D. Munsiff conducted the prosecution. Mr. Amritlal Kapadia watched on behalf of the complainant.

Commerce Advisory Committee

BOMBAY, Tuesday: A meeting of the Advisory Committee the Commerce Department Government of India will be held in Bombay on Thursday, May 12.

Mr. K. C. Neogy Minister for Commerce and Mr C. C. Desai, Secretary Commerce Department, are arriving in the city tomorrow, in this connection.

IS CLOTH CONTROL GOING?

(From Our Corresppondent)

AHMEDABAD, May 9:

The financial crisis has now also affected cloth trade. Cloth transactions are very scarce and permit-holders from other provinces state that people do not come forward to buy cloth. Moreover, permit-holders want only to buy the cloth of some reputed mills. Consequently stocks of cloth are accumulating.

Thus it is the confirmed opinion of merchants from different zones that, even though Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, Civil Supply Minister, recently stated that cloth control will not be lifted, the decontrol was inevitable Cloth control will not stay after July or August 1949. It will come as no surprise if the Cloth Advisory Committee meeting at Delhi in June recommends some such steps.

Baroda Merger

Baroda's merger with Bombay Province is the major political event of this week. Strenuous efforts made by reactionary elements to create impediments and obstructions in the path of merger bore no fruit. Special Commissioner Mr. Dahejia has taken up the administration of Baroda State and he has immediately applied his mind to relief of famine striken areas. He has asked all officers to send daily reports of these areas. Arrangements are also made to hear public complaints directly and all such complaints can be lodged before the Personal Assistant to Commissioner.

Mr. Dahejia recently stated that politically Baroda's merger with Bombay Province is complete but real merger will come only when all the acts and rules of Bombay Province are made applicable to Baroda.

Bombay City Adult Education Committee

The 8th Annual Literacy Certificate Distribution of Women's Urdu and Gujrati classes will be held at the Municipal Marathi School, Dongri at 4-45 p.m. on Friday May 13. Prime Minister Mr. B. G. Kher will preside.

"G.S.B. SCHOLARSHIP LEAGUE, BOMBAY"

The Hon. Secretary, G. B. S. Scholarship League writes:—

"Applications for help from students of the Goud Saraswat Brahmin Community, hailing from North and South Kanara and studying in High Schools and should reach the Hon. Secretary, G.B.S. Scholarship League, C/o. The Popular Insurance Company, Ltd., Prospect Chambers, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay by June 30, 1949. Applications are also invited from students studying in Technical or Industrial Schools or Colleges and those who have obtained highest number of marks in the last Matriculation Examination of the Bombay University for an Industrial Scholarship of Rs. 5 per month and the Dange Memorial Prize of Rs. 20 respectively".

EXPORT OF OATMEAL TO INDIA

No General Prohibition

LONDON, May 9, (PTI-Reuter):—Mr. John Strachey, Food Minister, told a questioner in the House of Commons today that there was no general prohibition on the export of oatmeal and oat products from Britain to India and Pakistan.

Mr. Henry Spence (Conservative) had asked why permission to export these products to these countries had been refused.

Mr. Strachey replied that exports within certain limits were allowed to India and Pakistan.

Diwakar In City

Mr. R. R. Diwakar, Deputy Minister for Information and Broadcasting, arrived in Bombay today from Hubli. He is staying in Bombay for two days before leaving for Delhi.

U.S. LOCOMOTIVES FOR INDIA

PHILADELPHIA May 10. (UPI)—The Baldwin Locomotive Works has last week made its first shipment of 36 Locomotives to the Government of India, on an order placed last year for a total of 140 railroad engines.

PANDIT NEHRU'S BROADCAST

(Continued from page 1)

the least doubt in my mind that I have adhered in letter and spirit to every pledge that I in common with millions of my countrymen have taken in regard to the independence of India during the past 20 years and more.

"I am convinced that far from injuring the honour or interest of India the action I took in London has kept that honour bright and shining and enhanced her position in the world."

"Though the critics are few, I would rather address myself to them than to the much larger number of my people who have already expressed their approval. I can only imagine that these critics are labouring under some misapprehension, or are under the impression that something else has been done in secrecy, which has not seen the light of day.

NOTHING SECRET

"I wish to say that nothing has been done in secret and that no commitments of any kind limiting our sovereignty or our internal or external policy have been made, whether in the political or economic or military spheres.

"Our foreign policy has been often declared by me to be one of working for peace and friendship with all countries and of avoiding alignments with power blocs. That remains the key-stone of our policy still.

"We stand for the freedom of suppressed nationalities and for putting an end to racial discrimination. I am convinced that the sovereign Indian Republic freely associating herself with the other countries of Commonwealth, will be completely free to follow this policy, perhaps in an even greater measure and with greater influence than before.

ONLY ALLIANCE

"We took a pledge long ago to achieve 'Purna Swaraj' (complete independence). We have achieved it. Does a nation lose its independence by an alliance with another country?

"Alliances normally mean mutual commitments. The free association of sovereign Commonwealth nations does not involve such commitments. Its very strength lies in its flexibility and its complete freedom. It is well-known that it is open to any member nation to go out of the Commonwealth if it so chooses.

"It must be remembered that the Commonwealth is not a suger state in any sense of the term. We have agreed to consider the King as the symbolic head of this free association. But the King has no function attached to that status in the commonwealth. So far as the constitution of India is concerned, the King has no place and we shall owe no allegiance to him.

(WELCOME STEP

"I have naturally looked to the interests of India for that is my first duty. I have always conceived that duty in terms of the larger good of the world. That is the lesson that our master taught us and he told us also to pursue the way of peace and of friendship with others, always maintaining the freedom and dignity of India.

"The world is full of strife today and disaster looms on the hatred and fear and suspicion which horizon. In men's hearts there is hatred an fear and suspision which cloud their vision. Every step, therefore, which leads to a lessening of this tension in the world, should be a welcome step.

"I think it is good augury for the future that the old conflict between India and England should be resolved in this friendly way, which is honourable to both countries.

"There are too many disruptive forces in the world for us to throw our weight in favour of further disruption and any opportunity that offers itself to heal old wounds and to further the cause of co-operation should be welcomed.

"I know that much is being done in parts of the Commonwealth which we have struggled in the past. That is a matter to be dealt with by us as a sovereign nation. Let us not mix up things which should be kept separate.

"It has been India's privilege in the past to be a meeting place for many cultures. It may be her privilege in the present and the future to be a bridge to join warring factions and to help in maintaining that most urgent thing to today and the future—the peace of the world.

"It is in the belief that India could more effectively pursue this policy of encouraging peace and freedom and of lessening the bitter hatred and tension in the world, that I willingly agreed to the London agreement.

"I associated myself with the decisions taken in London at the Prime Ministers meeting in the full belief that they were the right decisions for our country and for the world. I trust that the Indian people will also view them in that light and accept them in a manner worthy of the stature and culture of India and with full faith in our future.

"Let us not waste our energy, at this critical moment in the world's history, over empty debates, but rather let us concentrate on the urgent tasks of today so that India may be great and strong and in a position to play a beneficent part in Asia and the world.'

Albania Accused Of 'Brutal' Attacks On Yugoslav Boat

BELGRADE, May 10 (UPA): The Government press accused Albania today of "brutal" attacks on a Yugoslav motorboat relaying birthday greetings to Marshal Tito from Yugoslav border guards.

The boat was allegedly machine-gunned and captured on the frontier lake of Scutarri. May 6, while relaying a baton to Belgrade to mark Tito's birthday, May 25.

NO IMMEDIATE FREEDOM TO LIBYA

U. N. Decision

LAKE, SUCCESS, May 10 (PTI-Reuter): The United Nations Sub Committee considering the future of the former Italian Colonies today decided against granting immediate independence to Iibya.

The 16-member group, established by the General Assembly's Political Committee, rejected the Iraqi proposal by ten votes to five with one abstention.

Those voting for the proposal besides Iraq, were India, Ethiopia, Egypt and Poland.

Britain, the United States and Russia were among those voting against and favouring instead the territory's preparation for independence under some form of trusteeship.

Australia abstained.

The Sub-Committee is scheduled to make concrete suggestions to the Political Committee by Thursday morning.

DISCIPLINARY ACTION AGAINST MR. SAXENA

A. I. C. C. Asks For Explanation

NEW DELHI, May 10 (API): The all India Congress Committee has under consideration the question of taking action against Mr. Shibbanlal Saxena, Congress member of the Constituent Assembly from the United Provinces for publishing without authority a letter from the Congress President Dr. Pattabhi Sitarammayya, to the Premier of U.P., Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, it is learnt here.

Mr. Saxena has been called upon by the AICC to give an explanation for the unauthorised publication of the Congress President's "confidential" letter to the U.P. Premier.

Mr. Saxena is circulating the Congress President's letter to the U.P. Premier in the form of a printed pamphlet under the heading, "the judgment of Dr. Pattabhi Sitarammayya, President, Indian National Congress, over the dispute of U.P. and Bihar Chini Mill Mazdoor Federation."

Unemployment Haunts Italy

ROME. (IPS)—Unemployment is haunting the over populated Italy. The Gospari Socialist government is unable to tackle this problem. Unemployed Italians are being encouraged to leave for Argentine to settle there. Several lakhs of Italians have already left for the land of Peron which welcomes only Italians. Every ship to Bunos Aires is full of Italian emigrants. Argentine authorities in Rome say that the response is very good.

TRUMAN AND STALIN MAY MEET

Prospects Bright

NEW YORK, May 10 (UPI): The possibility of an early meeting between President Truman and Generalissimo Stalin appears to be bright now and sources in touch with the official quarters are inclined to believe that such a meeting can take place sooner than is expected provided a face-saving means of arranging the same can be worked out.

In this connection, a sudden but very marked change appears to have been sweeping across America. All at once, for no reason that anyone can define, there is less talk of war. In Washington, as well as among the people, there is a surge of optimism and more and more Americans are saying that they are now convinced "all will come right in the end." They are beginning to believe that Russia wants peace, and may even make concessions to get it.

EXCHANGE BANK CREDITOR'S APPEAL

MOMBASA, Kenya, May 10 (PTI-Reuter): The application today of one creditor of the Exchange Bank of India and Africa Limited to the Supreme Court here for the appointment of an official receiver and provisional liquidator for the bank was adjourned until a date to be fixed after May 17.

The Bank's legal representative said Major General Sir Philip Mitchell, Governor of Kenya, had appointed two inspectors to investigate the bank's affairs.

The bank closed its doors a week ago on cabled instructions from the head office in India telling the local manager to apply for a moratorium through the appropriate court.

Goods Train Derailed At Bargah

JUBBULPORE, May 10. (UPI)—One person was fatally injured and several others received minor injuries when, at about 2-35 a.m. on May 8, the 45 down goods train overshot the derailing turnout due to wrong setting of points resulting in complete derailment of the engine and three leading wagons, says a railway press note.

One railway protection police constable received serious injuries, and expired while being brought to Manikpur for medical aid The train guard, the driver and one watchman and another railway police constable sustained slight injuries and were sent to the Manikpur railway dispensary for treatment. There was no interruption of through traffic.

The press note adds that the damage is estimated at a little below Rs. 20,000.

Practise Birth Control Or Pay More Rent

NEW YORK. (IPS)—The effect of a new American law is to make the Ex-G. I. to pay more rent or practise birth control.

"That seem to tnink the way to solving the housing problem is to have fewer babies but it is immoral", remarked the Congressman. Mr. Lynch.

The train derailed at Bargah station on the Jubbulpore-Allahabad section.

Pir Pagaro's Gadi

KARACHI, May 9 (PTI-Reuter): Certain proposals were formulated on the question of restoration of the "gadi" of Pir Pagaro at a conference held here today, according to the Pakistan Associated Press. Besides members of the Sind Cabinet officials of the Home Department also attended the conference which was presided over by the Governor of Sind.

HOME GUARDS ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

For failing to turn up for duty when ordered to do so on 9-3-49, Bipinchandra Shantilal Inamdar and Kantilal Dongershi Doshi, two Home Guards, were arrested yesterday and put up before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate, today, who ordered their release on bail.

Austrian Treaty Talks

LONDON, May 10, (PTI-Reuter): The Austrian Treaty talks adjourned today until after the Paris meeting of the "Big Four" Foreign Ministers.

CUT OUT AND KEEP

EXTRA CLOTH

You can purchase (i) fents, seconds and rejected cloth except dhoties and sarees, (ii) chaddars, towels, bed-tickings, napkins, handkerchiefs and blankets and (iii) ration cloth which is returned by ration cloth dealers, at the following Government Grain Shops in the manner prescribed below:—

WARD	GOVT. GRAIN SHOP NO.	LOCALITY
A	124	Ghoga Street, Fort.
B	65	Narayan Dhuru Street, Nagdevi.
C	8	Gazdar Street, Girgaum.
C	76	Dr. Viegas Street.
D	55	Gamdevi, Opp. Victoria Mills
E(West)	15	Clare Road, Byculla
E(East)	23	Junction of Victoria Garden Road and Sussex Road, Byculla.
F(North)	14	Tilak Road, Parsi Colony, Dadar.
G(South)	234	DeLisle Road, Parel.
G(North)	82	Bhavani Shankar Road, Dadar.
B.S.D. (G.I.P. Side)	211	Ghatkopar.
B.S.D (B.B. & C.I. Side)	232	Malad.

All this cloth will be sold outside the ration quantum, but subject to certain maximum limits. These maximum limits, will, in the case of cloth coming under categories (i) and (iii), be 2 lbs. or 10 yards per individual under each category. An individual consumer may, however, purchase cloth of either or both of these categories together, if stocks are available; in other words, he may purchase ration cloth in addition to fents, seconds and rejected cloth.

As regards chaddars, etc., the following will be the maximum limits:

Varieties.	When record of cloth purchase sheet is for one individual.	When record of cloth purchase sheet is for two or more individuals, i.e., for a family.
1. Chaddars or Bed-sheets	2 pieces	4 pieces
2. Bed-tickings	5 yards	10 yards
3. Towellings	4 yards	8 yards
4. Towels and Dyed towels.	2 pieces	4 pieces
5. Napkins	6 pieces	12 pieces
6. Blankets	1 piece	2 pieces

PLEASE NOTE:—You must take your foodgrains ration cards and the cloth purchase sheet at the time of purchase.

BOMBAY Stock Exchange

STEELS DECLINE BUT DYEINGS IMPROVE IN NARROW TRADING

BOMBAY, May 10.

The local Stock Exchange was dull today with very little fresh business. Prices moved within a very narrow range. As pointed out before the market outlook has become uncertain and all known factors are discounted. Thus in the absence of any new development, the market remains uninteresting with limited jobbing business. Professional operators have mostly wound up their open interest in the market. Today's session was extremely dull.

Tata Steel Defd. Shares opened at Rs. 1370/- showing a rise of Rs. 5/- over yesterday's close but owing to absence of any buying supports the market returned back to the last close and Defds. stood at Rs. 1365/- Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 275/- and quietened at Rs. 274/8. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 956/- and under scattered buying improved at Rs. 960/- Kohinoors opened at Rs. 281/- and gained one point at Rs. 282/- Swadeshi Shares opened at Rs. 293/- and after improving at Rs. 294/- returned back to the opening level. Scindia Shares opened at Rs. 14/1 and later changed hands at Rs. 14/-.

Indian Irons were quoted at Rs. 22-12 and Bengal Steels were placed at Rs. 18-12 Gokaks were quoted at Rs. 269-4 and Simple shares were quoted Rs. 174. Associated cements quietened at Rs. 137 and Belapurs were done at Rs. 185. Scindia shares declined at Rs. 13-14 and Central Bank shares were placed at Rs. 82-8.

Towards the close there was slightly increased selling and Tata Steel Defds. declined at Rs. 1355. Closing tone of the market was quiet.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing (19-8)	961	4
Kohinoor Mills (4-2)	281	0
Svadeshi Mills (1-4)	293	8
Central India Mills (4)	243	0
Simplex Mills (3)	172	8
New Great Eastern (8)	148	8
Indore (9 plus 3)	147	8
Gokak Mills (12) XD	268	0
Century Spinning (15)	266	4
Colaba (12)	125	0
India Bleaching (6)	150	0
Swan Mills (20)	317	0
Finlay Mills (15) XD	253	8
Morarji Gokuldas	450	0
Edward Sassoon (30)	198	12
Meyer (12)	111	4
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2	13
India United Ord. (0-13-9)	10	15
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	1 9	6
Madhusudan Mill (15)	180	0
Podar (8)	140	0
Khatau Makanji (5)	198	12
STEEL SHARES		
Tata Steel Ord. (4)	272	8
Tata Steel Defd. (64-15)	1355	0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8)	143	8
CEMENT		
Associated Cement (6)	136	12
INDUSTRIES		
Burma (12-8)	286	4
Belapur Sugar (9)	184	0
Shrinagpur Syndicate (1-8)	23	8
Scindia Steam (0-8)	13-9	
Premier Construction	86	4
Tata Chemical	9	8
Tata Oil (2)	58	8
India Iron (0-12)	22	14
Bengal Steel (0-8-0)	19	0
British India Corp. (0-9)	8 2	3
I. Copper	2 0	6
Wimco	177	8
Alcock	242	8
ELECTRIC SHARES		
Tata Power (25)	1467	8
Andhra Valley (30)	1405	0
Tata Hydro (3)	149	0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS

Elphinstone Mills (5)	61	0
Phoenix	197	8
Indian Mfg.	4150	0
Kurla	107	8
New City	180	0
Minerva (12)	111	4
Bradbury	425	0
Bharat Mills (2)	29	0
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4	12
Mysore Spg. Mills (8)	172	8
Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12)	14	8
Model Mills (12-8)	185	10
Lakshmi Coton (25)	620	0
Vishnu Cotton (8)	205	0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	9	4
Western India (40)	4070	0
Standard (15)	225	0
Sholapur Mills (200)	3300	0
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000	0
Tata Mills 2-4)	33	12
Ahmedabad Advance Old (9)	270	0
Ahmedabad Advance New	195	0
Sassoon Silk (3)	29	8
New Union Mills (0-8)	9	0
Madhusudan B (2-8)	35	0
Srinivas Mills (8)	160	0
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	78	12
Berar Mills	281	4
Victoria Mills	225	0
New Great New	156	0
ELECTRICS (CASH)		
Ahmedabad Electric (4-8)	124	6
Ahmedabad New	46	0
Surat Electric (2-8)	145	0
Karachi Electric (2)	131	4
Broach (0-5)	10	10
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 6	6
Amalgamated (0-12)	12-8	
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26	8
Poona Electric Supply (8)	146	4
Bombay Suburban (3) XR	130	0
BANK SHARES		
Imperial Bank of India (35)	1760	0
Imperial Bank of India P.P (8-12)	433	12
Central Bank	81	0
Central Bank New (1-8)	81	0
Bank of Baroda (2-8) XD	130	0
Union (0)	7	5
Bank of India (4)	181	0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	45	0
United Commercial (-8)	52	0
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	35	8
Hindustan Commercial	26	12
Mysore Bank (8)	365	0
Eastern Bank (0-14-8)	105	0
INSURANCE		
Oriental (125)	5100	0
Empire (10)	625	0
New India (1)	59	0
Jupiter (1-4)	18	0
Vulcan (0-10)	11	8
Indian Mercantile 2)	32	8
Universal (0-4)	11	4
B. I. G. (1)	19	12
Industrial and Prudential	29	8
Neptune	7	0
New Great	25	0
All India General	15	10
RAILWAY SHARES		
C.P. (1-14)	111	4
Pachora Jamner Rly (2-8)	120	0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES		
Steamer (10)	262	8
Bombay Burma New (5)	106	14
Burma Petrol	1	6
Mackenzie (6)	65	0
Port Canning (3)	69	4
Kemp and Co. (30)	410	0
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	150	0
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12) XD	90	0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	39	0
Mukund Iron	10	0
Dena Trust (0-12)	18	0
Alembic (15)	191	4
Supreme India X.R.		
Jam Wire (6)	67	4
Bombay Uganda	60	8
Bombay Motor Cycle	30	0
Indian Cement (1937)	18	0
Walchand Nagar Industries (E.S.)	131	4
Associated Cement New (3)	133	0
United Motor	32	0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	680	0
Hydary Construction	19	10
Mahmadi Steam	96	0
Gujarat Motor	20	0
Sardar Carbolic X.D.	700	0
Harvey Press	310	0
Estrela Batteries	51	0
Manmad Press	120	0
PREFERENCE SHARES		
Tata Steel 1st (6)	191	14
Andhra Valley (7)	1212	8
Tata Power (7-8)	1280	0
Hydro Electric (7)	125	0
Bombay Steamer (6)	308	4
Central India (5)	625	0
Swadeshi Mills	126	4
Vishnu Mills (7)	640	0
Lakshmi Mills	275	0
New Great Mills (5-8)	227	8
Podar Mills (4)	108	0
Shrinivas Mills	98	0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	112	8
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	310	0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	145	0
Premier Construction 1st (61-4)	118	0
Premier Construction 2nd (6-4)	102	0
Amalgamated (5-8)	123	2
Habib	72	0
Tata Chemical (5)	121	4
Walchand Nagar Indus (7)	130	0
Jupiter General	19	14
Meyer	121	4
Mackenzie 1st	85	0
Mackenzie 2nd	80	0
Ahmedabad Advance	132	8
Mysore Mills	50	0
Standard Mills	101	0
Madhusudan Mills	12	0
Khatau Mills	102	0
Morarji	106	0
DEBENTURES		
Andhra 1952 (4)	103	8
Bombay Steamer (1959) (4-8)	101	10
Indian Hume Pipe (6)	101	0
Walchand Nagar (6)	105	0
Tata Power 1951	103	0
OUTSIDE SHARES		
Burma Corporation	2	4
New Victoria Mill	2	2
New Victoria Mills (Pref)	4	10
Phalton Sugar (8) X.D.	105	0
Gold Mohur (20)	312	8
New Kaiser-Hind	360	0
Sajjan Mills (20)	160	0
Osmanshahi Mills (10)	265	0
Azam Jahi Mills (10)	270	0
Air Service	5	12
Air India	84	0
Hind Motor	4	0
India Steam	7	1

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, May 10:

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98	8	0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	5	0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99	10	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96	8	0
2 3/4 per cent 1960	99	8	0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	3	0
2 3/4 per cent 1976	96	10	0
3 per cent non-terminable	98	8	0
3 per cent 1986 Con.	98	8	0
3 per cent 1949-52	100	4	0
3 per cent 1961-54	101	5	0
3 per cent 1953-55	101	10	0
3 per cent 1959-61	101	1	0
3 per cent 1959-61	100	13	0
3 per cent 1963-65	100	6	0
3 per cent 1966-68	100	1	0
3 per cent 1970-75	100	0	0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	10	0
4 per cent 1960-70	110	6	0
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	103	0	0
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60	111	8	0
4 1/2 per cent 1953-58	104	14	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
2 3/4 per cent U.P. 1961	97	6	0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	2	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	12	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	10	0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	99	12	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	4	0
3 per cent U.P. 1952	100	4	0
3 per cent C.P. 1952	100	4	0
3 per cent N.W.F. 1952	98	0	0
3 per cent U.P. 1961-66	100	0	0
4 per cent B.P.T.	110	12	0
4 per cent B. Municipality 1959	110	8	0
5 per cent B. Municipality	114	0	0
6 per cent B. Municipal 1954	114	4	0
3 per cent B. Municipal 1950-60	107	0	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, May 10.

There was no change in the general situation and deadlock continues in the forward market as prices quoted are above the government ceiling level.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton July contract is 890 cent points below New York July at Exchange rate 331.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

ALEXANDRIA May 9

Karnak July	67.20+55
Karnak Nov.	58.40+45
Ashmouni June	47.00+10
Ashmouni Oct.	46.65+05

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, May 10:

The Board of Directors of the Bullion Exchange yesterday decided to call upon all members to submit statements of open forward transactions by Wednesday morning. Thereafter a meeting of the general body will consider the question whether a state of emergency exists.

The big discount of Rs. 4 for the next settlement proves beyond doubt that the market is manipulated by professional operators. A syndicate is reported to have been formed to take up deliveries of silver tendered at the coming settlement.

It is true that before opening of official trading in the local silver market, spot silver was pushed up to Rs. 190 by bulls with a view to earn maximum profits. After the resumption of forward trading in the local market prices have advanced by about Rs 10 per 100 tolas.

It was a known fact that there was limited supply of silver in the local market and fresh imports were impossible. Some arrivals from interior markets are reported but sellers indulged in selling short while Bulls with their extensive financial resources kept buying. It was often suggested in these reports that the Government was making a mistake by allowing forward business without proper safeguards. There ought to be compulsory margin system and limitation of forward holdings for each individual member. Thus in the absence of these safeguards the market is racing abnormal state and a request is made to declare a state of emergency.

Forward silver opened today at Rs. 183 and after declaring at Rs. 182-4 steadied at Rs. 182-8. Ready silver was quoted at Rs. 182-2. Forward gold opened at Rs. 115-10 and after advancing at Rs. 115-13 declined at Rs. 115-8. Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 116 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 74-8.

Final quotations were as under:

Ready Silver	182	4	0
Silver Vaishakh	182	8	0
Ready Gold	116	6	0
Gold Vaishakh	115	14	0
Sovereigns	74	10	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, May 10:

The local produce market was firm today under continuous active buying. It view of good demand for linseed from shippers, prices are moving up. The undertone of the market was good.

Quotations were as under:

GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality	38	8	0
Coromandal	37	11	0
Bold ready	37	8	0
Bold April-May	37	8	0
Bold June-July	37	11	0
CASTORSEEDS—			
Ready	26	10	0
LINSEED—			
Ready	32	0	0
April-May	31	10	0
June-July	30	11	0
GROUNDNUT OILS—			
Ready receipts	20	10	0
May	20	12	0
June	20	13	0
July	20	12	0
Linseed oil	18	12	0
Castorseed oil first pressing quality	17	8	0
Castorseed of commercial quality	18	8	0

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

BOMBAY, May 10.

Groundnuts	3051
Castorseeds	4067
Linseed	2249
Tilseed	3063
Sugar	3214
Rice	2045
Cottonseed	10123
Cotton Bales	5959

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, May 10.

Tata Ordinary 272/12; Tata Deferred 1355; Indian Iron 22/14; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 19; Bombay Dyeing 961/4; Central India 243/12; Gokak 268/12; Kohinoor 281/4; Simplex 172/8; Swadeshi 292/12; Tata Power 1467/8; Associated Cement 136/14; Belapur 184/6; Bombay Burma (Old) 286/14; Scindia 13/9; Central Bank 81; New India 59; Tata 2nd Pref. 143/8.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, May 10.

B C Rates T T D D 1-5 15/16 Ready. B C Rates T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 10th-12th Month

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th—9th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month

New York and Montreal B C Rate T T Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4

Banks Buying T T Rs. 330

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 328 3/4 Montreal Rs 328 1/2

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 329 Montreal Rs. 323 3/4 L/O

Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs 8100

Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs 8320

Amsterdam Banks Selling T T Fl. 79

Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs 1305

Java Banks Selling T T D D Gldr 79

Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 84

Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs 157

Manila Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 165 1/4

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs 52, 57-53, 43 London/Alexandra Cross Rate Pla. 97 1/4-3/4; London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl 40; London-Belgium Cross Rat Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4; London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36; London/Hongkong Cross Rate Kr. 1/3 1/16-1/2 15/16 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 128-130; London/Java Cross Rate Fl 10.68-70; London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 99.80-100.20; London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 8.09-8.14; London/Montreal Cross Ratio dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/New York Cross Rate dol. 4-02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02; London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs 1096-1098; London-Prague Cross Rate K. 201-202; London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16; London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50; London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs 17.34-36.

London Discts 3 Mos 5/8 p c; London Discts 6 Mos 3/4 p c

Reserve: Bank Rate 3 p c; Bank of England Rate 2 p c.

Money:—Call 3/4 pc; 3 Mos 1 p c; 6 Mos 1-1/4 p c; 12 Mos 1-1/2 p c.

Tone:—Shade Easier.

SALES OF TREASURY BILLS

During the week ended the 6th May Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 49,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, May 10.

120 Italy Ready	3	7	0
150 Italy Ready	3	13	0
120 Japan Ready	3	11	0
150 Japan Ready	3	14	0
150 D. Box May	772	0	0
150 D. Box June	783	0	0

RAJKOT MARKET

RAJKOT, May 9.

Rajkot Silver Viashakh 182-10-0.
Jamnagar Silver Viashakh 182-6-0.
Wadhwan cotton Jeth 28-13-0.
Wadhwan Sugar Viashakh 15-10-0.

CALICUT MARKET

CALICUT, May 10.

Coiryarn Beypore 135/145 Quilanay 145/155 Fibre garbled 85 Ungarbled 75 Coconuts raw 145/150 Dry 170/185 Coconut oil 560 Copra office 370 dilpasand 380 Madrasnottam 430 Pepper Wynaad 1740 Country 1720 Dryginger Chernad 720 Ernad 700 Coffee Robusta 162/8 Timber Pali 50/57/8 Jungle wood 30/35 Vellapine 65/70 Benteak 45/55 Teak 90/120 Mango 3/2/3/4 Teak 20/25 Rosewood 20/25.

Indian Cloth Cheaper Compared With Foreign

Though local markets are overflooded with foreign cloth Indian bleached piecegoods are still cheapest. On a rough estimate it is learnt that the Indian cloth costs Rs. 1-2-0 per yard while same quality of Japanese cloth is quoted at 1-3-6 while British made cloth and American cloth is quoted at Rs. 1-11-0 and Rs. 1-14-0 respectively.

The margin between Indian and Japense levels is too narrow for any complacency a prominent spokesman in an interview stated that India will have to study changing market conditions like Japan and adopt their methods if India wants to retain its position in foreign markets.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, May 10.

MILLS

Ahmedabad Advance 275
Apollo 2/13 2/13/6 2/13
Bharat 29
B. Dyeing 956/4 56/14 55 61/4 60 61/4
C. India 245 43
Century 266/4 (Ex Div)
Elphinstone Ord. 61
Finlay 252/8 53/8
Gokak 269 68
I. U. Defd. 1/9/9 1/9/6
I. Ord. 11/1/6 10/15 11 10/15
Indore 145 47/8
Kohinoor 281/8 81 81/12 81
Laxmi 620
New Great 148/8
Podar 140
Simplex 174 72/8
Swadeshi 293/8 92/8 95 93 93/8
Tata Mills 53/12
Vishnu 211/4 5
C. P. Rly. 111/4
Scindia 14/1 14/2 13/1

BANKS

Baroda 130
Central 83/4 81
Central A New 81/8 81
Imperial Old 1772/8 50 60
Imperial New 433/12 32/8 33/12
India 183/8 81
Union 7/7 7/8
U. Commercial 52

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 124/6
Andhra Valley 1405 7/8 5
Hydro 149
Power 1465 67/8
New India 60/8 59 59/4

STEEL

B. Steel 18/15 18/13 19
I. Iron 22/13 22/15 22/14 22/15 22/14
Tata Defd 1372/8 65 72/8 48/12 55
Tata Ord. 276 75 76 74/12 75 72/12
Tata IInd Pref. 143/8 43/4 43/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 242/8
A. C. C. Old 140/4 36 36/12
A.C.C. New 135/8 33
Belapur 186 85/8 86 83/12 84
B. B. Old 297/8 86/4 87/8 86/4
B. B. New 106/14
B. B. Petrol 1/5/9 1/6
B.I.C. 8/2/6
I. Copper 2/0/6
P. Const. 87/8 86 86/4
Tata Chem. 9/9 9/8
Tata Pref. 118/12
Tata Oil 58/8
Wimco 178/12 77/8

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 46

RISE IN NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

Italy Gets Credit Of 15 Million For Raw Cotton

NEW YORK, May 9:— The rather better support for newcrop positions reflected weekend weather news with rain storms in Texas and Oklahoma. Business otherwise was moderate and prices moved narrowly though tending higher after initial irregularity. The absence of any strong support reflected inclination to await developments, particularly concerning fresh export news and new crop outlook. News that the economic co-operation administration has granted Italy a credit of 15 million dollars for raw cotton purchases gave the afternoon market a badly needed fillip. It stimulated fairly active covering which rallied prices from the earlier sagging tendency. Previous to this news, prices had steadily sagged owing to persistent dribble of liquidation and hedging which found support indifferent. The final rally lifted prices to the best of the day and the session closed very steady. Sales are estimated at 125,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK, May 9.

May	33.80	plus	11
July	32.80	plus	11
July Highest	32.82	plus	13
July Lowest	3267	minus	02
October	29.25	plus	12
December	29.06	plus	12
March	28.97	plus	12
Middling Spot	34.00	plus	15

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

NEW YORK, May 9.

May	33.70	plus	06
July	32.72	plus	06
October	29.19	plus	08
Deccember	28.99	plus	04
Middling Spot	33.15	plus	15

WALL STREET MARKET BARELY STEADY

Reduction Of Half Cent In Copper Price

BOMBAY, May 9.

Inclination of many traders to hold off while following developments in the labour and business picture, left the markets again drifting in idle dealings. The weekend news apparently did nothing to improve trading incentive. Non-ferrous minings were among the lower groups in reflection of news that a leading custom smelter reduced the copper price a further half a cent to 18 per pound, Connecticut valley. Motors, however, were mostly higher and were occasionally sought with buyers ignoring sporadic labour difficulties and the pessimism in some quarters that new motorcar sales are soon due to the pass peak. The averages were Industrials 175.36 and rails 47.27.

Saint Joseph lead shed fraction to hit a new 1949 low of 35-3/4 on news that the company is reducing its quarterly dividend to 75 cents from the one dollar paid in March. Elsewhere however irregularly lower tendencies were due more to lack of interest than fresh pressure. Steels suffered minor losses owing to a further decline to 96.2 per cent in scheduled ingot operation and the lifting of export central quota restrictions in many products due to improved domestic supplies. The market closed barely steady.

Commission House Selling In Chicago Grains Market

CHICAGO, May 9.

Commission house selling and scattered liquidation attracted by early steadiness caused prices to back away from the day's highs. Wheat led initial improvement on buying undoubtedly based on reports of crop damage in the southwest winter wheat belt due to storms and continued lack of moisture over the United States or Canadian northwest spring wheat belt. Export demand was confined to requests for offerings from Holland on 80 per cent extraction hard wheat flour covering approximately 224,000 hundred pounds weight.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO May 9.

May	2.21-3/8
July	1.92-1/8
Sept	1.92 -|
December	1.94-3/8

LONDON WHEAT

LONDON, May 9.

Australian Wheat New Crop 96 May|June.

LONDON PEPPER QUIET

LONDON, May 9 (UPA): The pepper market remained quiet today but Singapore reports indicated that business was done in black at 4/4-1/2 while white was called at 6/4-1/2.

This activity in Singapore was believed for Central European account though it was considered a possibility that New York may have bought a small parcel.

The market was without news and views as far as Malabar pepper was concerned.

LONDON PEPPER STOCKS

LONDON, May 9 (UPA): Pepper stocks, both black and white, in the United Kingdom warehouses increased in April from 142 tons to 225 tons. Black pepper warehouses receipts in April totalled 168 tons, deliveries amounted to 125 and stocks at the end of the month 107 tons. For white pepper, the comparable figures were 51, 11 and 118 tons respectively.

NEW YORK PEPPER STOCKS

NEW YORK, May 9 (UPA): The New York Produce Exchange today reported that April receipts of black pepper amounted to 1,031 bags. April withdrawals totalled 254 bags and the stocks at the end of April amounted to 1,267 bags.

NEW YORK SPOT SEED PRICE

NEW YORK, May 9 (UPA): Spot pepper in the New York market was today quoted at 87 cents asked. Other seed prices included: White pepper $1.32 nom; Castorseed $103 nom; Cotton seeds $40 nom; Flaxseeds $6.00; Linseed oil 27.6; Peanuts 20-1/4-1/2; Groundnut oil 13 cents.

Shipping News

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, May 10:

s.s. TORANTO:

From GOTTENBURG:

600 bales paper; 747 c|s Bobbin Blocks; 146 c|s Petroleum Stoves and Spare parts; 200 c|s Typewriters; 95 crates Hardboard; 463 c|s Wrought Iron Nails; 92 c|s Electric Machinery; 1407 Bdls. and 136 c|s Birchwood Blocks; 75 c|s Beer; 607 Bales once road Newspapers.

From OSLO:

25000 Bags Portland Cement; 2900 Drums Carbide of calcium; 2398 Bales Paper; 194 Bales Staple Fibre; 23 c|s Fish hooks; 116 c|s Wrought Iron Nails; 52 Bales Coloured Postcard Board; 108 Reels Duplex Boards; 784 pkgs old Newspapers.

From LISBON:

25 c|s Wooden Shuttles; 248 Bags Corks; 50 Crates Cork Sheets; 1500 Cartons Cork board; 66 Bales Corkwood.

From ADEN:

67 empty Drums.

EXPORTS

BY AIR

To KARACHI:

16 Parcel—Art Silk Piecegoods—A. A. Ali Mohmed. 30 Parcel—Art Silk Piecegoods—A.S.A.M. Vakil.

s.s. KAMPALA

To MOMBASA:

497 c|s Bar Soap; 1122 c|s Toilet Soap—The Tata Oil Mills Co. Ltd.

82 Bales Blankets; 58 Bales Cotton piecegoods—The Bombay Dyeing and Mfg. Co. Ltd.

To DARESALMAM:

65 Bales Blankets; 60 Bales Cotton piecegoods— The Bombay Dyeing and Mfg. Co. Ltd.

s.s. DUMRA:

To KARACHI:

50 Pkgs. Beedies— R. Maneklal.

100 Bdls. Beedies and 50 Bdls Beedi Leaves— Seleman Jiva.

To BAHREIN:

139 Bags Glass Bottles—The All-India Glassworks.

15 c|s Washing soap—, A Mebatulla and Bros.

5 Bags Hinges; 2 c|s spoon; 6 Bdles Handles—A. Mebatulla & Bros.

To KAWAIT:

20 Bags Turmeric power —M. Essa Bros.

50 Bales Cotton Waste—Ebrahim Al-Kazi & Co.

s.s. MARTIN

To KANDHAR:

100 Bags Jagrey— P. Dayaram.

To KARACHI:

285 c|s Neocid DDT Powder, 130 c|s Liquid Spray— M|s Geigy Insecticides Ltd.

100 c|s Washing Soap—Jawahir Trading Co. (India)

102 Bales Cotton Waste—Sept Textile Products (Indi) Ltd.

5 Drums Dry Colour— M|s. Kishanchand Gianchand

40 Drums Groundnut Acid Oil Amrot Soap Factory Lt.

s.s. NAGARA:

To HAMBURG:

25 Bags Gum Karaya— Ratansey Damji and Co.

118 Bales Cotton Waste Sapt Textile Products (India) Ltd.

35 Bales Cotton Waste M. Chandulal and Co.

33 Bags Cotton Waste G. M. Vyas & Co.

15 Bales Cotton Waste Edward T. Robertson and Son.

To STOCKHOLM:

84 Bales Cotton Waste C. Jairam & Co

To GOTTENBURG:

140 Bales Cotton Waste L. O. Wora

To OSLO:

150 Bales Cotton Waste L. O. Vora

To COPENHAGEN:

25 Bales Cotton Waste Sapt Textile Products (India) Ltd.

s.s. VASNA

To KARACHI:

20 c|s Art Silk Piecegoods—H. K. Noormohamed.

10 c|s Art Silk Piecegoods A. S. A. M. Vakil.

25 Bdls Sole Leather— The Indian National Tannery Kanpur.

15 Bdls Sole Leather —The United Provinces Tannery Co. Ltd. Kanpur.

25 Drums Paint Forbes Forbes Campbell & Co. Ltd.

6 c|s Buttons— S. Rajabally.

s.s. STAVELOT

To ANTWERP:

10 Bales Cotton Waste Nagerdas Thaker.

310 Bales Cotton Waste G. M. Vyas & Co.

s.s. JALAZAD

To LONDON:

5 Bales Sheepskins—Mohamed Masishaffi & Co.

To ANTWERP:

222 Bales Cotton Waste Edward T. Robertson & Co.

131 Bales Yellow picking S. Madhawdas.

100 Bales Yellow picking Cotton—M. Motilal.

s.s. GORBETTA

To MELBOURNE:

200 Bales Cotton Waste—Dhanrajmal Gobindram.

To SYDNEY:

102 Bales Cotton Waste— Sapt Textile Products (India) Ltd.

s.s. HOEGH SILVERSTAR

To BEYROUTH:

8 Bdles. Cane Sticks —A. R. Basam & Bros.

To NORFORK:

60 Bales old jute Rags—Patel and Co.

s.s. REZWANI:

To JEDAH:

10 Bales Cotton Waste G. Rasul & Co.

To ADEN:

10 Bales Cotton Waste Yarn V. Dharshi.

s.s. CEYLON:

To ANTWERP:

35 Bales Cotton Yellow Pickings—Edward T. Robertson and Son.

100 Bales Cotton Waste —Viram Ladha & Co.

s.s. STAR BETELGENSE

To COLOMBO:

35 Nos. Tyres—The Goodyear Tyre and Rubber Co. of India Ltd.

5 Bdles Gum Benjamin M. K. S. Nathan

5 Bdles Gum Benpamin M. K. S. Nathan.

5 Bags Hirakasi; 1 Bdle Perfumary—Indo Overseas Export Co.

To PENANG:

29 Bundles Perfumery M. A. Mullik and Co.

s.s. CORBONELLO 'A'

To VENICE:

100 Bales Cotton Waste—Edward T. Robertson & Son.

s.s. TARANTI

To LIVERPOOL:

2813 Bags Bauxite ore—The Hindustan Mineral Products Co. Ltd.

s.s. VIRGINIA MAY

To KARACHI:

8 Bdles Pots Mohamed Hoosein Bros.

s.s. JALAKALA

To ADEN:

120 Drums Linseed oil R. Ratilal and Co.

s.s. PRESIDENT BUCHANAN:

To NEW YORK:

6 Empty Cylinders—Imperal Chemical Industries (India) Ltd.

s.s. OBRA

To LONDON:

915 Drums Magnesium Chloride—The Pioneer Magnesia Works Ltd.

s.s. SPARTA

To GENOA:

10 Bales Cotton Waste— Edward T. Robertson and Son.

s.s. BAROLA

To Sharjah:

6 Bales Hemp— M. H. Suleman.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

STAR BETELGEUSE arrived from Basrah with 2,700 tons of general cargo on 10 (Killick Nixon).

DEPARTURES

PRESIDENT BUCHANAN sailed for New York with 3 passengers and 5,810 tons of general cargo on May 9.

TREVIDER sailed for Karachi with 3,000 tons of general cargo on May 9.

AZVERO sailed for Calcutta with 6,629 tons for wheat on May 9.

C.S. RECORDE sailed for Cablework Backbay on May 9.

NEW YORK PEPPER MARKET DULL

NEW YORK, May 10: Black pepper futures closed inactive, 100 points lower to 100 points higher on the Produce Exchange today.

The market was dull. Prices in the spot market ruled nominally firmer, with sellers lifting spot offerings to around 87 cents per pound, afloats to around 86 cents.

Shipment positions were nominally one cent higher than the prevailing rate late last week.

Closing prices included:

May	82
July	82
September	80
October	79
December	73
January	62

ADVENTURE IN ANTARCTIC

MELBOURNE: Two wind-swept isles on the fringe of the Antarctic Heard and Macquarie Islands, are manned by Australian meteorologists and scientists gathering round-the-clock weather reports and conducting extensive research.

The weather of the Southern hemisphere is made down on the Antarctic continent. The great cold mass, an area bigger than Australia, acts as a giant refrigerator.

Balloon-borne radio transmitters, rising 20 miles into the air, give meteorological information which is sent direct to the Commonwealth Meteorological Office in Sydney.

Heard Island is 3,500 miles Southwest of Melbourne, midway between Australia and South Africa in the Indian Ocean. It has 2,000-foot peaks, an extinct volcano and a glacier.

The bones of seals and whales lie high up on the Island's beaches, cast there over the centuries out of reach of the incessant, crashing surf.

Macquarie Island, on the same latitude, lies 1,000 miles South Melbourne —an isolated pact in the Southern Pacific.

Winter on these islands last most of the year, with snow from April to November. For long periods, blizzards rage almost unceasingly.

LIFELESS SUN

In June, the mid-winter sun hangs lifelessely 13 degrees above the horizon. For weeks, it is obscured by dense, low-lying cloud.

Fourteen men who made the first organised landing on Heard Island in December 1947, recently returned to Melbourne on the naval tank landing ship, H.M.A.S. Labuan.

The original party included meteorologists, physicists, surveyors, radio operators, a geologist, naturalist, engineer, medical officer, ski expert and cook.

Their only contact with the rest of the world was by radio. Their nearest neighbours were a party of South African scientists on Marien Island, 1,400 miles to the Northwest.

The Heard Island party played chess by radio with the South Africans. Some nights inoespheric conditions would cause a radio blackout. Then, there would be no contact with the South Africans for two or three days.

A Heard Island radio operator described a typical windstorm like this:

"The wind would come sweeping in from the Northeast, driving the thick drift over the land, blotting out everything. It was dangerous to venture outside the huts, so restricted was visibility.

"The drifts banked up round the huts, sometimes reaching to the roofs".

Mr. Gokulbhai Bhatt, President of Rajputana Provincial Congress Committee has resigned from the presidentship. It will be recalled that a notice of a no-confidence motion against him was given by a group of members of the Provincial Congress Committee.

For freshness of feeling and radiant skin health MALABAR No. 1 LIMDA is the best!

Contains Neem-Oil pure and fresh!

FAS-461

VEGETABLE SOAP WORKS, CALICUT

PROPRIETORS: SAIT N.P.& Co., LTD. CALICUT-BOMBAY-2, MADRAS-1

SINGAPORE—MELTING POT OF RACES

Indian Traders Form Prosperous Community

FACTION-MONGERS FAIL TO BREAK UNITY

BY THOMAS COUTINHO

If Siam is charming, Malaya with its profuse vegetation looks like an emerald carpet, spread over a stretch, from the air. Its dense forests fill a beholder from the sky with awe.

Nature has been exceptionally bountiful in this part of the Far East for its tropical and luxuriant vegetation is watered by a year-long monsoon. Malaya gets rain throughout the twelve months of the year, but it seldom rains cats and dogs. This is the reason why the land is so richly endowed with fruit, for you are served fruit with breakfast, fruit with lunch, fruit with tea and fruit with dinner.

MOLTING-POT OF RACES

Singapore gave me the impression that Malaya is the melting-pot of races—Asiatic and European. It was astonishing how all races behaved like one humanity here. I met a numbe of Englishmen and their wives, officials and non-officials, and what amazed me most was that they did not suffer from imperialist consciousness.

Sir Franklin Simon, Governor of Singapore, whom I met at a cocktail party, mixed with the guests most informally.

Neither the other Englishmen and women nor the non-English guests felt any difference because the Governor was present on the occasion.

INSECURITY AND THE GAY LIFE

Perhaps it is the war that has brought some realism to the British out here. They know very well that they lost Malaya once and its possession now was not so secure. Many a planter returning home after a gay night-out and a hang-over has been shot dead before he could sip his Alka-Seltzer.

Insecurity may be one explanation for the zeal with which people go in for gaiety.

If the night clubs are any barometer of Singapore's night life, then I must say the foreigner in Singapore is having a "real good time".

Years back a friend of mine, a settler in Malaya, gave me a shocking description of Singapore, prudishly giving me the impression that it was the cesspool of the world's morals. He was a doctor.

However, from what little I saw of Singapore's night life, I gained the impression that it was just another city which was throbbing with life. President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber at a luncheon given to us at the Prince's restaurant said that in Singapore people lived and did not just exist.

Indians in Singapore and the rest of Malaya were proud to explain to their brothers from India that they just did not accumulate wealth. They got a 'kick from life' and from what I observed they sure did. The Indian merchant-class in Singapore did not stand aloof from Singapore merchants hailing from other parts of the world.

They mixed well, assimilated much from the exotic environment in which they lived and on the whole looked as if they had imbibed the spirit of the adage "All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy". Indian businessmen in Singapore had their spot of fun, without cloaking it with too much prudery. It was quite surprising to see the floor of Raffle's restaurant filled with Indian couples swinging to lively Sambas and Rhumbas.

Undoubtedly, it is a full and rich life that they live there.

POLITICS INTRUDES

One unfortunate thing that I noticed during my brief stay in Singapore is that provincial Indian politics threaten to disrupt the Indian community.

The main reason for the incursion of fissiparous tendencies, is it is said, the constant endeavour on the part of some interested persons to introduce sectarianism among Indians in this distant land.

The mischief began when some 'small-fry politicians from the South went to Malaya to canvas support for the province of Dravidistan from the large population of South-Indians in Malaya. Ever since then, things have been moving in a vicious circle. Today sectarianism is gradually seeping in and has definitely affected the old solidarity of the Indian people in Malaya.

Mr. Jumabhoy told me that, unless the Government of India stopped Indian politicians from carrying on such harmful propaganda in Malaya, the future of the Indian community would be seriously endangered.

Have not provincialism and narrow sectarianism, both linguistic and caste-ridden, done enough harm at home? Must their virus be carried to distant Malaya to infect a care-free Indian community which has hitherto stood like one man, as Indians first and Indians last?

Many prominent Indians, Khojas, Bohris, Gujerathis and South-Indians, invariably told me that the Home Government should stop those who came to sow the seeds of disruption from visiting Malaya.

PROSPEROUS COMMUNITY

Indian businessmen in Singapore are doing extremely well.

In 1947 Indian merchants in Singapore imported goods into Malaya valued at 1,367,500,000 dollars and their export trade amounted to 1,294,900,000 dollars. The volume of both trades in 1948 had shot up to imports 1,791,200,000 dollars and exports 1,730,-000,000 dollars. This year, it is hoped, will prove to be even better as the total volume of foreign trade has increased further.

The above figures account for the prosperity of Indian businessmen in Malaya.

WANTED INDIAN SHIPS

The Indian mercantile community is looking forward to the day when leading Indian shipping concerns start regular services to Singapore. At present all their cargoes are lifted by foreign ships. Besides, they felt that in their own country's ships travelling would be different.

They were glad that the Indian Overseas Airlines was starting a regular service between Bombay and Singapore for carrying passengers as well as freight.

It gave them the feeling that in India's own ships and 'planes they would receive much better treatment and would not have to go through some of the indignities which they have to suffer in the existing circumstances.

A merchant-spokesman wanted to know from me whether the shipping corporation about to be floated with the Government of India as partners would be interested in Malayan shipping routes.

TRAFFIC CONTROL

What impressed me most in Singapore was its well-regulated traffic.

Bombay and other cities in India could learn a few things from the Malayan capital.

The main and arterial roads in Singapore are studded with glass reflectors on the centre line. The headlights of the running automobile automatically illuminate the reflectors which look like a string of miniature lamps embedded in the macadamised roads.

Apart from this novel feature, Singapore's traffic islands don't look like intermittent oasis, but are scientifically laid out, making both pedestrian as well as vehicular traffic easier.

Couldn't the reflector system be introduced in Bombay? If this is done no motorist overtaking another could impede traffic coming head-on, by straying to the other side of the road.

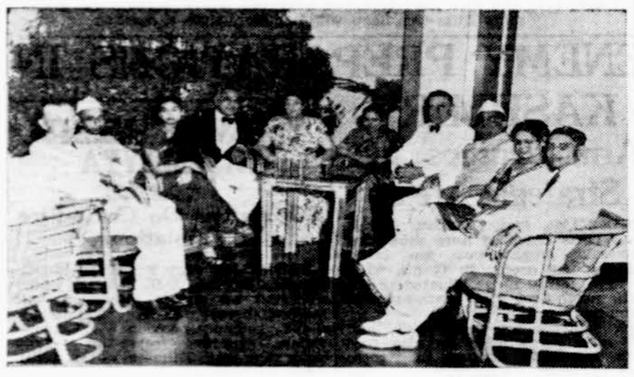
NO BEGGARS

I must add here that in Malaya also I was struck by the conspicuous absence of beggars either on the pavements or elsewhere.

Here too, I was told, as in Siam, beggars are under the law arrested and removed to State Social Welfare Centres.

Any leper or diseased person who comes out on the road for the purpose of importuning is at once taken to an asylum or a hospital.

Singapore being only eight degrees from the Equator, the place is hotter than India. Yet, all people here dress decorously.



Mr. P. T. Bhalla, Director-General of Civil Aviation India, with the Governor of Singapore.

INDIAN INDUSTRY SHOWS HOPEFUL SIGNS

Production Has Gone Up In Several Branches

NEW DELHI, May 10. (API)—Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookerjee, Minister for Industry and Supply said today that there were hopeful signs of increased production in many Indian industries.

Dr. Mookerjee, who was addressing the annual general meeting of the Steel Re-rolling Mill Association of India, said: "The figures I have got of production in 25 important industries in India during the first period of 1949 indicate that not only has the increased production of 1948 been maintained but that in many of these industries, production has gone up considerably. If we can proceed on this basis during the remainder of 1949, I am sure we will be able to give a good account of ourselves".

Dr. Mookerjee said that in the course of this week, his ministry would start discussion with representatives of the Provincial Governments and experts on the steps to be taken for setting up the new steel factories. Government had decided to go ahead with their scheme for setting up one or two steel factories and their plans for helping the existing steel works to increase their production were more or less complete.

The Minister said he was glad that during 1948 relations between labour and employers in the steel-re-rolling industry were satisfactory. "The relations between labour and management have to be established on a different consideration altogether.

No doubt Government are there to help in every possible way and machinery for settling disputes has been set up, but as far as possible representatives of labour and employers should sit together and hammer out the differences themselves. If, of course, labour is led astray or is attempted to be exploited by other people and organisations, Government will see to it that such activities do not spread. On the other hand, the more you encourage labour to feel that it is functioning as a real co-partner in the working of an industry, the easier it is to create a new atmosphere altogether".

A group of visiting Indian journalists with press liaison officers of the Indian High Commissioner's office at Singapore.

"All-Up" Mail Scheme Criticised

CALCUTTA, (UPA):— All mail eligible for carriage under the "all-up" scheme actually is being transported by air, a Calcutta GPO official assures a United Press of America staff correspondent.

There has been widespread criticism of the scheme ever since its inception a little over a month ago. Crystallizing in the correspondence columns of local newspapers, complaints of delay in the transit of letters appear to be backed by a lurking suspicion in the public mind that in deciding to go "all-up" the postal department bit off more than it could chew.

The general belief is that the volume of mail is beyond the load capacity of the planes engaged in operating the service, and that the surplus is being transported by rail.

The GPO official was emphatic that the belief was unfounded. The contracted airways company, he said, was fully capable of handling the entire load the department had to offer.

The delays complained of seem to stem from a generally unsuspected quarter. The Postmaster-General, West Bengal Circle, admits that there are occasional delays, but only to a very small proportion of the traffic handled. The reason, he explains, is not that there is any defect in the "all-up" scheme itself. It is more likely connected with the fact that inexperienced sorters at various points have not adapted themselves to the new sorting system readily enough.

Indian visitors at a cocktail party, given by the Indian Merchants' Chamber, at Raffle's, Singapore.

SUCCESSFUL PROCUREMENT DRIVE IN BOMBAY

Reclamation Of River Beds In East Punjab

NEW DELHI, May 7.

The "levy day" organized by the Government of Bombay as a part of their intensive procurement drive have brought in encouraging results. In one day, nearly 20,000 jowar bags were collected in Phalton, Satara District, 7,000 paddy bags in Nandgad, Belgaum District, and another 3,000 paddy bags in Kittur, Belgaum District. Arrangements are being made to organize more levy days in different taluks, accompanied with intense propaganda drive, and prizes are proposed to be awarded to those villages which offer the largest quantity. The Government hope to realise about 3 lakh tons of crops by way of procurement during 1948-49.

Other agricultural activities of the Government of Bombay include supply of large quantities of improved seeds and better manure, a plan to bore 50,000 feet of tubewell in 1949, tractor cultivation in about 15 districts of the Province and encouraging the production of alternative food, like sweet potatoes, vegetables, etc.

It is proposed to prepare 30,000 tons of manure mixture for application to paddy crop in the coming rainy season. This quantity will be sufficient to manure 2,40,000 acres of paddy land bringing in an estimated additional production of about 43,000 tons. The mixture will be sold at subsidized rates to the cultivators on condition that they sell to the Government the additional crop produced out of this manure.

It is proposed to bore 50,000 feet of tubewell this year which will irrigate about 5,000 acres of land. Twenty-five power boring machines have been obtained from U.S.A. and 24 machines with a somewhat lesser capacity have been built in the Agricultural Engineer's Workshop. Besides, the Government is also considering a long-term plan to instal pumping sets on the rivers and streams which have adequate flow so as to bring in neighbouring foodgrain areas under irrigation.

As a result of a drive launched in 1947 to produce alternative food crops, 9,400 acres of additional land are now under vegetables. 1,500 acres have recently been put under sweet potatoes as a Government subsidized measure.

COMPOST DRIVE IN MADRAS

The Government of Madras are going ahead with a plan to produce an extra quantity of 6.5 lakh tons of rice by the end of 1951-52. Besides supplying improved seeds and manure implements, etc., to cultivators, minor irrigation works will play a large part in the Province's food production drive. Preparation of compost has been taken on hand and a special officer has been appointed to speed up the production and distribution of compost in municipalities. The average weekly production of compost from town refuse is estimated at 1,500 tons as a result of this drive.

FOOD PRODUCTION IN COCHIN

The Government of Cochin propose to put under paddy cultivation an additional lot of 50,000 acres of land and it is hoped that during the next three years this entire area will be irrigated increasing the annual yield of paddy crop by 35,000 tons.

The Government have also started a subsidized scheme for distribution of concentrated manures like groundnut cake, bonemeal, ammonium sulphate, etc. for paddy cultivation. Every year, manures to the value of Rs. 5 lakhs were being issued to cultivators at subsidized rates. Compost production has been taken on hand and a special officer has been appointed to look after this work. The entire area in the State at present under paddy cultivation, viz. 2 lakh acres, is proposed to be covered by the compost scheme. When the scheme is in full operation, the production of rice is estimated to increase by 20 per cent.

Measures have also been taken to encourage the cultivation of substitutes food crops like tapioca, vegetables and papaya. A campaign was undertaken in 1948 for reviving tapioca cultivation and interest-free loans to the extent of Rs. 51,500 were issued to the cultivators for this purpose. As a result of this drive, tapioca cultivation which had dwindled of late in the State has revived.

RECLAIMING THE RIVER BED

The Government of East Punjab have launched a scheme to reclaim culturable waste lands lying along the river beds in the East Punjab In Karnal District, 10,000 acres were taken up of which more than 3,000 acres have already reclaimed. Every day 75 to 100 acres are being reclaimed and the follow-up cultivation is simultaneously proceeding. It is further proposed to put 70 tractors for reclamation of 20,000 acres of Bet land near Ludhiana along the left bank of the Sutlej river.

The Government, after experimenting on the comparative efficacy of the various methods of rice cultivation, have recommended to the cultivators that transplantation is the best means of increasing the production of paddy Research has shown that, on an average, the excess yield by the transplanting method is about 90 per cent.

Sarat Bose To Contest By-election

CALCUTTA, May 10 (API): Nomination papers have been submitted today on behalf of Shri Sarat Chandra Bose, in connection with the byelection to the West Bengal Legislative Assembly from the South Calcutta general constituency.

May 23 is the last date for submission of nomination papers, while polling will take place on June 12, and the results will be announced on June 30.

The byelection has been caused by the death of Satish Chandra Bose, elder brother of Shri Sarat Chandra Bose.

CENTRE TO TAKE OVER KURUKSHETRA CAMP

SIMLA, May 10 (API): The Government of India will take over the Kurukshetra Refugee Camp from the East Punjab Government from May 20, it is learnt.

The camp which was previously under the Government of India's charge was transferred to the East Punjab Government in Auguust last.

The camp at present houses refugees from N.W.F.P. and Bahawalpur who are to be re-settled at Faridabad and Rajpura.

BOYCOTT ALL LEGISLATURES

A Suggestion To Maharashtrians

POONA, May 10 (API): Mr. N. G. Gore, a member of the National Executive of the Socialist Party, yesterday outlined at a public meeting under the spring lecture series, a four-point programme for agitation" to bring to the notice of those in authority the feelings and sentiments of Maharashtrians over the issue of the United Maharashtra Province inclusive of Bombay City."

He said that in the next two or three months before free India's constitution takes final shape, such an agitation of the Marathi-speaking people from Karwar to Nagpur was essential to achieve their goal of the United Maharashtra.

Three other points put forward by him were that firstly, a non-party organisation like the United Maharashtra Conference should convene a session and invite all political parties to join in a United Front;

Secondly, the leaders of the all parties session should carry an intensive propaganda in every village and corner of the region from Nagpur to Karwar explaining their demand, and lastly a United Maharashtra Day should be observed all over Maharashtra and their demand voiced through meetings processions and other forms of demonstration.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON JULY.

NEW YORK, May 10.

Previous Closing	32.80
Today's Opening	32.86
Difference	+6
Today's Closing	32.83
Difference	+3

LAST QUOTATIONS.

BOMBAY, May 10.

	Rs.	As.
Silver Vaishak	182	10
Silver Jeth	179	10
Gold Vaishak	115	4
Silver Bullion	182	5
Silver Mint	182	6
Gold Ready	116	4
Sovereign	74	8
EXPECTATION:		
Cotton Jerila May	625	8

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, May 10.

Opening Amaconda Copper Mining dol. 28-1/8.

General Motors dol. 58 Ex. Divindend.

United States Steel Common dol. 71-1/4.

Pref. unquoted.—(PTI-Reuter).

NEED FOR UNITARY SYSTEM OF GOVERNMENT

Dr. Deshmukh's Suggestion

AMRAOTI CAMP, (Berar), May 9 (A.P.I.): Dr. Panjab Rao Deshmukh, member of the Constituent Assembly, has given notice of a resolution which seeks that the "basis" of the constitution now being passed be "altered in such a way, that India shall possess a unitary system of government with the whole of India divided into administratively convenient units but governed by one central parliament, and one ministry for the whole of India".

The following is the full text of the resolution which Dr. Deshmukh is to move at the next session of the Constituent Assembly; "Whereas the present condition of world politics makes it imperative that India should be a well-knit, homogeneous and powerful nation, so as to play a decisive part in the maintenance of world peace, and **whereas the present instability and character of some of the provincial and states ministers, the growth and nature of taxation measures by them, want of a uniformity in their policies and legislation, the difficulties of securing the same degree of co-operation by the Central Government from all the Provincial Government at the sametime, the demand for redistribution of provinces on linguistic principles, which is increasing in vehemence every day and rousing high and bitter passions and creating disunity where co-operation and understanding was prevailing before, are none too propitious for the stability of the future Indian government,** this Assembly resolves that the basis of the constitution now being passed be altered in such way that India shall possess a unitary system of government with the whole of India divided into administratively convenient units but governed by one central parliament and one ministry for the whole of India.

The fountain head of Beauty is Health, and no effort to create Beauty can succeed unless it is supported by a Healthy Body. One of the most important factors in maintaining a Healthy Body is the secretion of bile; Stearns' Bicolates increase the secretion of bile to a marked extent, and help the assimilation of food, thus enriching the blood and creating sound Health, the foundation of real Beauty. A scientific remedy of proved efficacy; Stearns' Bi-Colates are highly recommended by the medical profession.

BI-COLATES STEARNS

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

FALSE NAME ASSUMED TO AVOID ARREST

Godse Explains His And Apte's Actions

SIMLA, May 10. (API): Continuing his arguments today in the Gandhi Murder case, Nathuram Godse, the principal accused, told the full bench of the East Punjab High Court that he and Apte had assumed false names to stage a demonstration at Mahatma Gandhi's prayer meeting.

The reason for assuming false names, Godse said, was that they did not want to be arrested before their plan was carried out.

Godse said that the Special Judge in his judgment had described him (Godse) as a coward who wanted to make Badge and Madanlal the scapegoats. The Special Judge had also observed that both Godse and Apte had planned to escape after Badge could have thrown a handgrenade at Mahatma Gandhi. Godse argued, that there could not have been such a dramatic change in him.

On January 30 he went to Birla House unaccompanied by anybody. He never tried any handgrenade, as he did not like to hurt anbody else except the one man Mahatma Gandhiwhom he wanted to kill.

Mr. Justice Achhuram: That is not the case of the prosecution. That may be the impression of the Special Judge. So far as I am concerned I have no such impression.

A PAIR OF TROUSERS

Godse then referred to the recovery of a pair of trousers corresponding to the coat alleged to have been worn by Madanlal at the time of his arrest on January 20 and said that according to the prosecution the pair of trousers was recovered from a trunk in the office of the new CID buildings on April 16.

Godse said Madanlal denied recovery of the said coat, while Apte had admitted that the suit belonged to him It was rather surprising, Godse went on, how the pair of trousers came into possession of Apte, when he was in police custody.

There was nothing on record to show that the trunk containing the trousers was recovered from Apte at the time of his arrest or that it was allowed to be passed on to Apte by some of his relatives when he was in police custody.

Godse said, when identification parades regarding Delhi witnesses were over by March 31, the police could not connect Madanlal with Apte. In order to rope them in conspiracy police substituted Apte's coat for the one recovered from Madanlal at the time of his arrest and also planted a pair of trousers on Apte while he was in police custody.

It was on record that a police party was sent by Mr. Nagarwala to Apte's house in search of the pair of trousers but it was not recovered. Subsequently, the police recovered the trousers from a trunk, which according to the prosecution belonged to Apte.

His submission was that there was no explanation on behalf of the prosecution as to how the trunk containing the pair of trousers came in possession of Apte, while he was in police custody.

EXPLANATION

Godse submitted that it was not unlikely that Apte was wearing that suit on January 20. In order to escape his identity either Apte gave it to Chimur Refugee Camp or he had left it at the house of G. M. Joshi where he stayed on January 25. This was why G. M. Joshi was not production.

Nathuram Godse said there was no corroboration of Badge's evidence regarding his stay at Hindu Mahasabha Bhavan, Delhi on January 19 and 20. The chowkidar of the Hindu Mahasabha, Ram Singh, was cited as a witness but was not produced.

BADGE'S STAY

On the other hand the evidence of Amchekar suggested that Badge might have stayed at Birla Mandir. The recovery of the "stuff" from behind the Hindu Mahasabha Bhavan did not prove that Badge had stayed there.

If Badge had stayed at the Hindu Mahasabha Bhavan, Shanker when he was asked by Badge to throw away the stuff would not have hidden it behind the Hindu Mahasabha Bhavan as that would have given a clue to the police regarding Badge's stay.

Godse said, that if there was a conspiracy, Madanlal would have disclosed it to the police after his arrest on January 20. In all probability, the police had no information about the conspiracy. Otherwise they would have acted on that information. The conduct of the police was inconsistent with their being in possession of any information.

PLAUSIBLE STORY

Assuming that there was a conspiracy, Nathuram Godse added, there was no reason to suppose that it was in existance before January 13.

Secondly, according to Badge he joined the conspiracy on the morning of January 15, but that statement was uncorroborated and it was not relied upon by the Special Judge.

Thirdly, even after the arrest of Madanlal on January 20, the police had no information about the conspiracy and fourthly, there was no first information report regarding the conspiracy.

The incident of January 20 (bomb explosion at Birla House) he continued, had nothing to do with the conspiracy. There were two groups of people working. Madanlal and Karkare could not be connected with the rest of the accused.

It was in the evidence of Dr. J. C. Jain that refugees used to talk against Mahatma Gandhi in those days of trouble, massacre and bloodshed. People were annoyed because of the political situation.

Was it not then plausible, he asked, that one refugee boy, rather impulsive, might have taken into his head to bring the discontent to the notice of the world by throwing a bomb near Mahatma Gandhi's prayer meeting.

Discussing the general character of approver Badge, Godse said, that Badge did his worst to "implicate" all of them in a case of conspiracy. Nevertheless, he would recognise Badge's services to the country for supplying them arms and ammunition in connection with the Hyderabad struggle.

Referring to the observation made by the sessions judge that there was ample opportunity to observe the demeanour of Badge and the manner of his giving evidence, Godse said, that much importance should not be attached to that observation as the approver gave evidence in Marathi and each and every question and answer had to be interpreted.

SUMMING UP

Summing up his arguments till the events of January 20 Godse said:

(1) No corroborating witness was available with regard to the incidents upto January 15, (2) There was no evidence to show the existance of the conspiracy up to January 13.

(3) There was nothing on record to show that all the accused were present at the meeting held at the residence of Dixit Maharaj on January 15, (4) Evidence of Badge with regard to the date of his joining the conspiracy is not relied upon by the sessions judge.

(5) There was a deliberate confusion regarding Badge's visit to Poona on January 16. Dixit Maharaj in his evidence said that Badge saw him in Bombay on January 16. None excepting Badge had stated that I was in Poona on January 16.

(6) Badge tried to implicate V. D. Savarkar by saying that we met Savarkar on January 17. But the sessions judge, did not reply on this part of the evidence.

BADGE'S POONA VISIT.

(7) According to Badge there were instructions for him to leave for Delhi on January 17. My suggestion is that Badge went to Poona on January 17, and returned to Bombay on January 18.

(8) Evidence of Amchekar did not indicate that Madanlal and Karkare were in possession of the "stuff".

(9) Badge's stay in Delhi from January 17 to 20 stood uncorroborated. My suggestion is that Badge reached Delhi on the morning of January 20.

(10) The bearer who served me and Apte in Room No. 40 of Marina Hotel from January 17 to 20, did not speak about other visitors to our room during this period.

(11) No value should be attached to the witnesses who identified me as the person who was present at Birla House on January 20 as my presence at Birla House on January 30 was conspicuous.

(12) If there had been any conspiracy the police would have known it following the arrest of Madanlal and there was no suggestion why the police could not have arrested us before January 20.

MORARJI'S EVIDENCE

Godse then dealt with the evidence Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister of Bombay. He said that Mr. Desai in his evidence had stated that he did not tell Mr. Nagarwala, Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay, at the Bombay Central Station on January 21 as to who had given him the information about the conspiracy to murder Mahatma Gandhi.

Prof Jain had told Mr. Desai that he would not like his name to be divulged. Mr. Desai had only told Mr. Nagarwala that there was some conspiracy to murder Mahatma Gandhi and the police should watch the house of Savarkar and try to apprehend Karkare. Besides that he had not given any information.

If Mr. Desai had any definite information about the conspiracy he would not have acted in the manner in which he had acted. If at all he had any information about the conspiracy he might have received it only on February 3, three days after the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi, when Mr. Desai put Mr. Nagarwala in touch with Prof. Jain.

Godse said that the Bombay Government had demanded securities from his paper a number of times and at one time he was threatened by the Bombay Government that his paper would be proscribed.

WITH FALSE NAMES.

Narayan Apte and he himself wanted to stage a demonstration before Mahatma Gandhi's prayer meeting. They did not want to be arrested before staging a demonstration. That was why they had assumed false names.

The evidence of Mr. Morarji Desai and Mr. Angad Singh being hearsay and at that a third rate hearsay, it was not admissible as evidence in law, Godse said.

Discussing the alleged visit of Gopal V Godse to Nathuram V. Godse and Narain D. Apte in Elphinstone Hotel Annexe at Bombay on January 25, Godse said that there was a contradiction between the two prosecution witnesses—Basant Joshi and Govind Malekar.

While Basant Joshi had said that Gopal Godse met Nathuram Godse and Apte at his house at 9 p.m. on January 25 Govind Malekar bearer of the hotel had stated that Gopal visited them in the hotel at the same time on January 25.

UNRELIABLE EVIDENCE.

According to Basant Joshi, Nathuram Godse, Apte, Karkare and Gopal talked among themselves at his house. Nathuram Godse's suggestion was that they could not have a conference without the owner of the house G. M. Joshi particularly when Joshi had sent a telegram through his son asking them to come to his house at Thana.

G. M. Joshi being an important witness should have been produced but the prosecution thought him a "superfluous witness".

He would therefore submit that no inference should be drawn from Basant Joshi's evidence.

Godse added that assuming the conference was held at G. M. Joshi's house, Gopal parted with them on January 25 and joined his duty on January 26.

Godse had not concluded his arguments when the court rose for the day.

BOMBAY'S STREET-VENDORS

97. The Goggle-wala

"Glare-proof, dust-proof goggle—Hollywood fashion—each piece for a rupee". The little placard is lost in the heap of those glare-glasses which have become almost a necessity for the commoner. No one worries the opthalmologist today for a prescription for a 60 per cent or 80 per cent toric. If the eyes do not feel the need for a shade, you could wear a piece for fashion because there are frames to suit the shade of every skin. For women clients, there is the Myrna Loy style. If the glasses radiate heat and spoil the retina, you need not worry because no glare-glass from this heap will last more than a summer.

ENEMY PREPARATIONS IN KASHMIR

Arms Dumps At Strategic Areas

SRINAGAR, May 10 (UPI): Reliable reports reaching here show that large-scale preparations are being made by the enemy in Gurez, Tithwal and Skardu areas situated to the north, north-west and north-east of Kashmir.

New bunkers are being built and arms and ammunition as also food stuffs are being dumped in these areas in large quantities by the enemy. Feverish military preparations are reported to be going on in Gilgit also.

DELVOIE MEETS THIMMAYYA

Discussions On Cease-Fire Violations

SRINAGAR, May 9 (API): Lt-Gen. Maurice Delvoie, U.N. Military Adviser, had an hour's discussion with Major-General K. S. Thimmayya G-O-C, Indian troops in the Kashmir valley, regarding 'cease-fire' violations. General Thimmayya is understood to have explained to the Military Adviser the latest position in the northern sectors of the Kashmir valley, where most of the violations had occurred.

General Delvoie humourously described today's meeting as "a general meeting between two Generals."

Indians In Upper Burma Not Perturbed

NEW DELHI, May 10 (UPI): The Indians as a whole in Upper Burma have not been much affected by the insurrections, according the Indian Military Attache to the Indian Embassy in Rangoon who recently went on an inspection tour to study the conditions of Indians in northern part of Burma as well as the Shan States and has just returned to Rangoon for completing his visit of important towns such as Mandalay, Maymyo, Bhamo, Lashio, Myitkyna and Meiktyina.

It is said that the Indians in all those places are not much perturbed or disturbed and they are living as normally as possible under the present conditions in the country, and there is no cause for anxiety for the Indians in those places. The Indians in Mandalay are however said to be still panicky after their recent experience.

Men Are Selfish And Spend On Themselves

LONDON. (IPS)—Britain's workers are nearly £2,000,000 a week better off because of wage increases granted during 1948. But not all wives were benefitted. One man in every three kept the extra pay for himself. This is one of the most provocative and startling conclusions reached by A Daily Graphic survey into the cost of living

TRIBUTE TO PALESTINE MEDIATOR

NEW YORK, May 10:—A number of world leaders, here in connection with United Nations sessions, have marked the work of Ralph Bunche in negotiating the peace in Palestine.

At a testimonial dinner for Dr. Bunche, given by the American Association for the United Nations last night, U. N. Secretary-General Trygve Lie pointed out that the problem of the Holy Land had been with the world for two thousand years, and added: "There was no more difficult assignment for peacemakers anywhere than this one which was handed to the Swedish nobleman and the American Negro."

Lie was referring to the fact that Bunche had taken over as U.N. Palestine Mediator last September after Count Folke Bernadotte was assassinated while carrying out that U. N. mission.

"The work of mediation and conciliation carried out by these two men demanded the utmost in ability, patience, persistence and self-sacrifice," Lie said. "This has been a great achievement for the United Nations. Without the work and sacrifice of Ralph Bunche and the late Counte Bernadotte it would have been impossible."

The task of the U.N. in Palestine is not over, Lie continued, and much remains in building political and economic co-operation as the basis for a better life for the people there. He said he welcomed Dr. Bunche's return to the directorship of the U.N. Trusteeship Department, adding:

"This is a great work and just as necessary as the work of mediation in building a peaceful world. A large proportion of the peoples of Asia and Africa—a very large part of the way up from dependency and exploi- tation to freedom and decent living standards. I cannot think of anyone better fitted by ancestry, ability, experience and loyalty to help the United Nations to carry out that pledge than Ralph Bunche."

Among the other speakers were U. N. Assembly President Herbert Evatt of Australia, Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, U. S. delegate, and Aubrey Eban, Israeli representative at the U.N.—USIS.

Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit with daughter Rita, as they left London Airport for the United States.

GOT BACK HIS LIFE TO LIVE FOR ONLY 15 DAYS

DIBRUGARH, May 9 (API):— Once believed to be dead, a tea garden labourer got back his life while being buried and was revived to hospital where he survived another fifteen days.

It is stated that the man, who was suffering from dysentery, collapsed one day and was declared dead by the local doctor. When his body was being covered with clods of earth at the burial ground, he was seen gasping and feebly calling for his relations. The overawed relatives immediately disinterred the 'dead' man and took him to hospital, where he remained alive for a fortnight and then died.

NORWEGIAN ENVOY TO PAKISTAN

KARACHI, May 9 (PTI-Reuter): Monsieur E. Krough Henson, Norweigan Envoy and Minister Plenipotentiary presented his credentials to the Governor-General of Pakistan, today.

Burma Invites Pak Minister

KARACHI, May 9 (PTI-Reuter): The Government of Burma have invited the Pakistan Finance Minister, Mr. Ghulam Mohammed, to pay a curtesy visit to Burma, according to Pakistan Associated Press.

The invitation was extended by Premier of Burma, Thakin Nu, when he visited Karachi last month.

It is understood that Mr. Ghulam Mohammed has accepted the invitation.

CIVIL SUIT SETTLED AFTER 102 YEARS

RAJKOT, May 10 (API): A civil suit, arising out of disputes over the distribution of family lands of a girasdar 102 years ago, has just been decided according to report received here from Malniad village in Dhrangdhra taluka.

The case, it is stated, was dragged on for four generations, the contesting parties having spent many times the price of the property in setting the disputes.

LIGHTNING KILLS BOATMAN

RATNAGIRI, May 9 (API): A boatman walking along the bunder beach was killed by lightning yesterday. His companion fainted but later recovered.

Violent thunder and lightning followed by light showers have helped to bring down the oppressive heat of the past week.

The weather continues to be cloudy.

Mixed Grill

PENAL law is harsher on the successful criminal than on the unsuccessful one. A man who attempts to commit murder but fails, is not hanged. He may at the utmost get a few years in jail. A man who tries to steal but fails, gets off with a comparatively light punishment. He would have been treated more drastically if he succeeded. The same holds good of a multitude of other offences, the law making a fine distinction between the unsuccessful attempt and the fait accompli.

The only exception, however, is with regard to suicide. In this, if he is successful, he is beyond the pale of law. If he fails, the law catches him for the failure. Misfortune is piled on misery and he is punished for the failure to die.

This curious position is justified on the fantastic theory that no man has a right to kill himself. He may fool himself, he may allow himself to be cheated, he may drink himself to ruin, he may do any harm or injury to himself. He may, if he can, kill himself. But if he does something with the intention of killing himself and fails, woe be to him. Failure is easy and common because in the nature of the case, nobody has enough opportunities to gain experience, and expert guidance is wholly lacking. There is no Faggin school to catch people young and teach them to commit suicide.

There was the report of an unfortunate citizen of Bombay. He was so sick of his nagging wife it is alleged that he decided to kill two birds with one stone by shuffling off his mortal coil. That would teach her a lesson. He tried poison. It was possibly a half-hearted dose. His wife caught him in his tolls, took him to a hospital, where he is regretfully recovering. Meanwhile, the police were there with the usual warrant of arrest on a charge of alleged suicide.

Now, if the charge is proved he will have to face the penalty of the law in addition to the redoubled nagging of his wife.

This position, I think, is really most unfair. After all each man is the best judge of the worthlessness of his own life. The law-abiding citizen is prevented from accelerating the process of Nature. Instead of doing it in a normal and orderly manner as he would have done but for the law, he adopts a secret and fugitive method and often fails.

This is sheer tyranny. It must be fought. The right to die, if one feels like dying, must be conceded to every citizen. It is a fundamental right which must be written into the constitution. It is to be hoped that one of those innumerable and energetic public workers, who make it their business to fight other men's battles, will take up the issue. In fact, if some political party were to include the right to die in its platform and seek the suffrage of the people on that clear issue, I am sure the party will get a firm mandate.

AT LEAST IT CAN BE SURE OF ONE VOTE. IT IS A PROMISE!

Grumbler

ANOTHER INDIAN TO DIE IN MALAYA?

Delhi's Representations Against Sentence

SINGAPORE, May 10 (PTI-Reuter): Sambasivam, an Indian under sentence of death here, on whose behalf the Indian Commissioner in London was reported to have made "strong representations" to the Minister for Colonies, was arrested on the morning of September 13, 1948 at Bukit Kampong in Johore.

When arrested he was lying on the ground wounded.

He was reported to have been walking in company with two Chinese when he was challenged and set upon by some Malays armed with Parangs (Malay choppers).

One Chinese was killed, another escaped and Sambasivam was wounded.

A police statement issued at the time said the two Chinese and the Indian held up the Malays, who then attacked them.

When arrested Sambasivam was alleged to have been found in possession of a revolver and ammunition.

ACQUITTED BY ASSESSOR

He was in hospital for five months and was produced in court on February 13, 1949, charged under the Malaya emergency regulations with possession of a revolver and ammunition.

He was acquitted by the assessor at a first trial held early in March this year, but the Judge disagreed with the verdict and ordered a retrial.

At the subsequent retrial Sambasivam was found guilty and sentenced to death.

An appeal was heard on or about April 28 and was dismissed.

The matter now rests with the Johore Sultan-in-Council.

The Indian Government representative in Malaya Mr. J. A. Thivy, made representations on behalf of Sambasivam to the Federal Government on April 1, and has kept the Indian Government informed of all developments.

It is understood Sambasivam was a clerk employed in the Johore branch of the General Labour Union.

EASTERN STUDIES AT OXFORD

OXFORD (By Cable): Oxford University has approved a statute making permanent the Spalding Professorship of Eastern Religions and Ethics and expressed gratitude to the benefactors, Mr. and Mrs. K. N. Spalding, whose new gift of £ 42,000 had made this possible.

This particular Chair was first established for a provisional period in 1935 and has been held since then by Dr. S. Radhakrishnan, who is a Fellow of All Souls College, Oxford, and has been Vice-Chancellor of Andhra and Benares Universities and is recognised as one of the greatest Asian educationists.

He is at present chairman of the Executive Board of UNESCO and of the Indian Universities Commission recently appointed by the Indian Government.

The new statute making the endowment of the Chair permanent reiterates the desire of the founders to promote closer understanding between the world's great religions and makes it clear that it is the intention normally to appoint an Asian in the Chair.

S. Viet Nam Assembly's Confidence In Bao Dai

SAIGON, May 10 (PTI-Reuter): The Assembly of South Viet Nam, formerly the Council of Cochin-China today passed a resolution of "entire confidence" in Bao Dai, ex-Emperor of Annam, who is to head the new French sponsored State of Viet Nam.

MUTT AND JEFF—And It Wasn't Even A Cowboy Picture

By BUD FISHER

JEFF, LET'S GO TO A MOVIE TONIGHT!
CAN'T, MUTT, I'M GOIN' TO NIGHT SCHOOL!
NIGHT SCHOOL? WHEN DO YOU START?
I START TONIGHT!
WHAT GRADE ARE YOU IN?
OH, I DUNNO! THEY GAVE ME A TEST TO DECIDE WHAT GRADE TO PUT ME IN!—
AFTER THE TEST THEY GAVE ME A BUNCH OF CRAYONS AND TOLD ME TO DRAW A PICTURE OF A COW!— WHAT GRADE IS THAT, MUTT?
YOU'VE BEEN A LITTLE BOOB FOR OVER THIRTY YEARS NOW, SO ONE NIGHT MORE OR LESS AIN'T GONNA MAKE ANY DIFFERENCE!
Fisher

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